MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH Begistration District No. Primary Registration District No. Registered No.) / 2 Ward. (Usual place of abode) (If nonresident give city or town and State) Length of residence in city or town where death occurred FARS. How long in U.S., if of foreign birth? PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR 16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) DIVORCED (wyle the word) . I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED 19...... to death occurred, on the date stated above, at 6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY, AND YEAR) THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS AS FOLLOW If LESS than 1 MONTHS 8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry. (SECONDARY) which employed (or employer) (durgett) re. mos. 18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED 9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) ... IF NOT AT PLACE OF BEATHER DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATH? WAS THERE AN AUTOPSY? 11. BIRTHPLACE OF EATHER (CITY OR TOWN)... WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAMESIST 12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER *State the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, or in deaths from VIOLENT CAUSES, state 13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)....... (1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY, and (2) whether Accedental, Suicidal, or HOMICIDAL. (See reverse side for additional space.) 19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL 20. LINDERTAKER

1. PLACE OF DEATH

3.4 SEX

7. AGE

RENTS

14.

15.

HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF

YEARS

(a) Trade, profession, or

(c) Name of employer

(STATE OR COUNTRY)

10. NAME OF FATHER

(STATE OR COUNTRY)

(STATE OR GOUNTRY)

business, or establishment in

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Consus and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and, therefore an additional line, is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer - Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING, DEATH, State OCCUpation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation: whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of Death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Tyr hoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant noeplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not he stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as Accidental, suicidal, or Homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Norz.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and rafuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.