Length of residence in city or town where death occurred 2

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE

male white

6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) MALY C. Y.

particular kind of work

which employed (or employer)

9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN)

Missouri

MONTHS

Sa. 'IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF

YEARS

B. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED

(a) Trade, profession, or

(c) Name of employer

(STATE OR COUNTRY)

10. NAME OF FATHER

(STATE OR COUNTRY)

(STATE OR COUNTRY)

(b) General nature of industry.

business, or establishment in

7. AGE

PARENTS

14.

(Address)

DAYS

Painter

3 mos.

widowed

5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR

3rd.1857

If LESS then 1

day,hrs.

ormin.

DIVORCED (write the word)

16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) December 10th 20 17.

CONTRIBUTORY....

(SECONDARY)

How long in U.S., if of foreign birth?

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I stiended deceased from

Sept. 7th 19 186 December 10 19 20

Registered No.

37908

that I last saw h. i.M. alive on De.C. loth 19.20 and that THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS AS FOLLOWS:

Pulmonary Tuberculosis

(duration) yrs. _____

18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED St. Louis IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?.....

//DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATHS NO .. DATE OF WAS THERE AN AUTOPSYL NO

Roch No *State the Disease Causing Death, or in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY, and (2) whether ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF

Hovicinat. (See raverse side for additional space.) 19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL

ADDRESS

John Hill 11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OF TOWN) IN THE SEY 12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER LANCY Thompson

Koch Hospital Records Koch, Lo.

P. Obrock M. D.

13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CTY OR TOWN) COPOLING

N. B.—Every item of information should be carefully supplied. CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of Occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer -- Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Tythoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant noeplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septicemia," State cause for "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenciature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicomia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.