MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

1. PLACE OF DEATH

County..... Registration District No. 791 File No. 11079

Township..... Primary Registration District No. 1003 Registered No. 3143

City St. Louis. (No. 1907 N. 10th St. ..... Ward)

2. FULL NAME Max Guenther, Jr.

(a) Residence. No. 1907 N. 10th St., 3 Ward. (If nonresident give city or town and State)
(Usual place of abode)

Length of residence in city or town where death occurred ..... yrs. ..... mos. ..... ds. How long in U.S., if of foreign birth? ..... yrs. ..... mos. ..... ds.

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

3. SEX	4. COLOR OR RACE	5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (write the word)
Male	White	Divorced.

5A. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF Anna Guenther

6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) Feb. 18th. 1882.

7. AGE YEARS	MONTHS	DAYS	If LESS than 1 day, ... hrs. or ..... min.
40	1	7	

8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED

(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work Inspector.

(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) Fire Appliances.

(c) Name of employer Potter, Fire. Ap. Co.

9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) Philidelphia,
(STATE OR COUNTRY) Penn.

PARENTS

10. NAME OF FATHER Max Guenther.

11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN) .....
(STATE OR COUNTRY) Germany.

12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Alvina Ehlert.

13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN) .....
(STATE OR COUNTRY) St. Louis, Mo.

14. INFORMANT Max Guenther
(Address) 3722 Bamberger Ave

15. FILED MAR 27 1922, 19 Max L. Starkoff REGISTRAR

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) March, 25 1922.

17. I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from ....., 19....., to ....., 19.....
that I last saw h..... alive on ....., 19....., and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 9.25 A. m.

THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS AS FOLLOWS:
Asphyxiation (See Gas Poisoning, open Gas Jet of Water Bracket.
..... (duration) ..... yrs. ..... mos. ..... ds.

CONTRIBUTORY (SECONDARY) Accident
..... (duration) ..... yrs. ..... mos. ..... ds.

18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED
IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH .....
DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATH? ..... DATE OF .....
WAS THERE AN AUTOPSY? .....
WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIS? .....
(Signed) H. W. Fath, M.D.
3/27, 1922 (Address) Deputy Coron

*State the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, or in deaths from VIOLENT CAUSES, state (1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY, and (2) whether ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL. (See reverse side for additional space.)

19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL	DATE OF BURIAL
Mo Crematory.	Mar. 29, 1922
20. UNDERTAKER Wacker & Heldenle	ADDRESS 2331 S. Bdway

N. B.—Every item of information should be carefully supplied. AGE should be stated EXACTLY. PHYSICIANS should state CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

WHITE PAPER, WITH GROUND WOOD FIBRES, IS A PERMANENT RECORD

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer* or *Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (*a*) the kind of work and also (*b*) the nature of the business or industry; and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (*a*) *Spinner*, (*b*) *Cotton mill;* (*a*) *Salesman*, (*b*) *Grocery;* (*a*) *Foreman*, (*b*) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer— Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework* or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum*, etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma*, etc., of . . . . . (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasma); *Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), 29 *ds.*: *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), 10 *ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL *septicemia*," "PUERPERAL *peritonitis*," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide.* The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

NOTE.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.

ADDITIONAL SPACE FOR FURTHER STATEMENTS BY PHYSICIAN.