MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 1. PLACE OF DEATH Pile No..... Registration District No..... Primary Registration District No. 5/1/2 Registered No. CTLY. PHYSICIANS
of OCCUPATION is ver 2. FULL NAME (a) Residence. No..... (Usual place of abode) (If nonresident give city or town and State) Length of residence in city or town where death occurred How long in U.S., if of foreign hirth? ds. PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5, SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR 16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 19 ス DIVORCED (write the word) 17. 1 HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from Det 78 5A. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED 1942 60 000 28 192 HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF death occurred, on the date stated above, at 6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) THE CAUSE OF DEATHS WAS AS FOLLOWS: 7. AGE YEARS If LESS than 1 MONTHS DAYS day. 8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work ... (b) General nature of industry, (SECONDARY) business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) (c) Name of employer 18. WHERE WAS DISPASE CONTRACTED 9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH! (STATE OR COUNTRY) 8 10. NAME OF FATHER 11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN) WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIST..... plain (STATE OR COUNTRY) 12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER R. B.—Every item of for CAUSE OF DEATH in *State the Dismann Causing Death, or in deaths from Violent Causes state 13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN). (1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY, and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or (STATE OR COUNTRY) HOMICIDAL. ' (See reverse side for additional space.) 14. 19. PLACE OF BURIAL CREMATION OR REMOVAL INFORMANT ... DATE OF BURIAL (Address) 15. 20. UNDERTAKE FILED ON 3/19.22

RECORD

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Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired. 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasma); Measles, Whooping cough; Chronic talvular heart disease; Chronic talterstitia nephritis, etc. The convincing succendry, a tercurrent) affection need not stated for a portant. Example: Measles (in the constant description of the constant description description of the constant description of the constant description of the constant description descrip "Dopsy," "Exhaustion," "He failure,", "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Market 12 "Old "ge," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakn definite disease can be ascert red as the cau Always qualify all diseases resulting from d birth or miscarriage, as "Puris sepico in "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State gau which surgical operation was undertaken. VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetantus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.