

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

31735

1 PLACE OF DEATH

County Shoof
Township Bee Ridge
or Shoof City
Village
or
City (NO. St. Ward)

Registration District No. 441 File No.
Primary Registration District No. 5599 Registered No. 30

(If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.)

2 FULL NAME Edeth Lucile Parrish

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

3 SEX Female 4 COLOR OR RACE White 5 SINGLE MARRIED Single WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word)

6 DATE OF BIRTH Dec 14 1918
(Month) (Day) (Year)

7 AGE 3 yrs. 10 mos. 20 ds. If LESS than 1 day.....hrs. or.....min.?

8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work None (b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)

9 BIRTHPLACE Near Hedges City (City or town, State or foreign country) Knox Co. Mo

PARENTS 10 NAME OF FATHER Bert Parrish 11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER Near Hedges City Mo 12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Mattie Parrish 13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER Near Hedges City Mo

14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE (Informant) W. H. Gappast (Address) Edina Mo

15 Filed 11/9 1922 Gov Brown Registrar

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

16 DATE OF DEATH 1 Nov 1922
(Month) (Day) (Year)

17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from Oct 31 1922 to Nov 1 1922 that I last saw her alive on Nov 1 1922 and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 9 a.m.

The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows: Diphtheria

18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents) 10 yrs. 9 mos. 9 ds. (Duration)

CONTRIBUTORY (Secondary) (Signed) R. D. McQuinn M. D. Nov 1 1922 (Address) Knox City Mo

*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.

18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents) At place of death.....yrs.....mos.....ds. In the State.....yrs.....mos.....ds. Where was disease contracted if not at place of death? Former or usual residence.....

19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL Heavenly DATE OF BURIAL Nov 2 1922

20 UNDERTAKER W. H. Gappast ADDRESS Edina Mo

CRUISE OF DEATH IN THE PLAIN TERMS, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association]:

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Colton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework*, or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum*, etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma*, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), *29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), *10 ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL, *septicaemia*," "PUERPERAL *peritonitis*," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of *skull*, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)