THEOLOGY PROPERTY

| Cot | PLACE OF DEATH | | | | | STATISTICS F DEATH | |
|---|---|--|--|------------------|-----------------|--|--------------------------|
| Township Registration District | | t No | 904 | File No | | 3697 | |
| or Village Shewaan Primary Registratio | | n District | No. 4546 | Registered N | خ | | |
| City | | <i>M</i> . | Pa | | War | (If death occided) hospital or it give its NAM of street and n | nstitution, E instead |
| PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS | | | MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH | | | | |
| 8E | Male. COLOR OR RACE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word | Married | DATE OF | Jan. | 19th (Month) | 1923 (Day) | 191 (Year) |
| DATE OF BIRTH Sept - 28-1883 (Month) (Day) (Year) | | | I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from 1-12-23 , 191 , to 1-19-23 , 191 , | | | | |
| AGE | | | and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 11Pm. | | | | |
| OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work | | The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows: Loban Pneumonia | | | | | |
| (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State of foreign country) | | | (Duration) yrs. mos 9 ds. | | | | |
| | NAME OF FATHER J. W. Parman BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (Gity or town, State or foreign country) 2 cml kname MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER OF MOTHER BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) 2 cml kname City or town, State or foreign country) 2 cml kname OF MOTHER (City or town) 2 cml kname OF MOTHER (City or town) 2 cml kname OF MOTHER (City or town) 2 cml kname OF | | Contributory (SECONDARY) (Bignedt (Bignedt | | | | |
| PARENTS | | | | | | | |
| | | | RECENT RESIDENTS) At place of deathyrsmosds. Etateyrsmosds. | | | | |
| (Informant) Jeahn Clust | | | Where was disease contracted If not at place of death? Former or usual residence. | | | | |
| | (ADDRESS) Thuridan | mo | | F BURIAL OR REMO |)VAL | DATE OF BURIAL | |
| File | 1/21 1023 E.P. He | LEUTE REGISTRAR | UNDERT | AKER | d | ADDRESS | _MO |

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the .kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman. (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day .laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household -only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and -children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING *DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If re-'tired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, peninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc. of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles: Whoobing cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. \ Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia,""Anaemia" (merely symptomatic),"Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," a"Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. "State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. . For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide: Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, stetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations or statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American [Medical Association.)