CTLY. PHYSICIANS should state of OCCUPATION is very important. 1. PLACE OF DEATH RECORD Length of residence in city or town where death occurred PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS 3. SEX COLOR OR RACE stated EXA(nala. 5A. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF 6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) ANG 7. AGE YEARS MONTHS 8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED (a) Trade, profession, ar particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer). (c) Name of employer should be ca 9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) (STATE OR COUNTRY) 10, NAME OF FATHER 11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN (STATE OR COUNTRY) 12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHE 13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOTAL) (STATE OR COUNTRY) 14. INFORMANT (Address) 15. 1988 J. Howar

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH **BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS** CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 13630Registration District No. File No. Registered No. (If nonresident give city or town and State) How long in U.S., if of foreign hirth? MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR 16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 19 🚣 DIVORCED (write the word) -913 17. CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS AS FOLLOWS: If LESS than 1 Dąźź bra.mia. CONTRIBUTORY..... (SECONDARY)(duration) yrs,

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	IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?	
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7	DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATHS	DATE OF
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* . *	WAS THERE AN AUTOPSYZ	·····
	107	•

(Signed) (Address) Clarke Vi

*State the Disease Causing Death, or in deaths from Violent Causes, state
(1) Means and Nature of Insurat, and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homotipal. (See reverse side for additional space.)

DATE OF BURIAL

19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL

REGISTRAR

Tronze. opril 30 1923

ADDRESS

Centr Ji

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association.]

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer. Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employmenta, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry. and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman. (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer." "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on 3 account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, State occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of Death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"): Lobar pneumonia: Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of(name origin: "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart discase; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify AS ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF HOMICIDAL, OF AS probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Nors.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.