

**MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH  
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS  
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH**

Do not use this space.

17920

**1. PLACE OF DEATH**

County Jackson Registration District No. \_\_\_\_\_  
Township Law Primary Registration District No. \_\_\_\_\_  
City N.C. (No. 2915 Woodland) St. \_\_\_\_\_ Ward \_\_\_\_\_

File No. \_\_\_\_\_  
Registered No. 2571

**2. FULL NAME**

(a) Residence, No. 2915 Woodland St., \_\_\_\_\_ Word \_\_\_\_\_  
(Usual place of abode) (If nonresident give city or town and State)

Length of residence in city or town where death occurred yrs. mos. da. How long in U.S., if of foreign birth? yrs. mos. da.

**PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS**

3. SEX F 4. COLOR OR RACE W 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (write the word) married

5A. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF James G.

6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) July 3 - 1869

7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS II LESS than I day, hrs. or min.  
54 11 26

**8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED**

(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work Housewife  
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) \_\_\_\_\_  
(c) Name of employer \_\_\_\_\_

9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) Iowa  
(STATE OR COUNTRY)

10. NAME OF FATHER Noaac Meeker

11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN) Pa.  
(STATE OR COUNTRY)

12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Edith Jennings

13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN) W.D.  
(STATE OR COUNTRY)

14. INFORMANT James G. Blivins  
(Address) 2915 Woodland

15. FILED 6/1 19 24 M.M. Crowe  
REGISTRAR

**MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH**

16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 6/29 19 24

17. I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from \_\_\_\_\_  
April 26, 19 24, to \_\_\_\_\_  
April 29, 19 24,  
that I last saw him alive on \_\_\_\_\_  
June 27, 19 24, and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at \_\_\_\_\_ m.

**THE CAUSE OF DEATH\* WAS AS FOLLOWS:**

Cerebral hemorrhage  
apoplexy

CONTRIBUTORY (SECONDARY) \_\_\_\_\_  
(duration) yrs. mos. da.

18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED \_\_\_\_\_  
IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH, \_\_\_\_\_

DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATH? Yes DATE OF \_\_\_\_\_

WAS THERE AN AUTOPSY? No

WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIS? ✓

(Signed) D. M. Calman, M. D.

6/29, 19 24 (Address) 5850 Brooklyn

\*State the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, or in deaths from VIOLENT CAUSES, state (1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY, and (2) whether ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL. (See reverse side for additional space.)

19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL

Williams town Mo 6/1 19 24

20. UNDERTAKER ADDRESS

H.C. Bergman N.C. Mo

N. B.—Every item of information should be carefully supplied. AGE should be stated EXACTLY. PHYSICIANS should state CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

# Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

**Statement of Occupation.**—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework* or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.)*. For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

**Statement of Cause of Death.**—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia*; *Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum*, etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma*, etc., of..... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasma); *Measles, Whooping cough*; *Chronic valvular heart disease*; *Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), 29 ds.; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning*; *struck by railway train—accident*; *Revolver wound of head—homicide*. *Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

**NOTE.**—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificate will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.

ADDITIONAL SPACE FOR FURTHER STATEMENTS  
BY PHYSICIAN.

J. McCALMAN, M. D.

3880 BROOKLYN AVENUE

KANSAS CITY, MO., July, 29th. 1924.

I saw Mrs. Blevins, for the first time, on April 25th. 1924, and know nothing about her past history. She was complaining of a severe pain in the back part of the head (occipital), which had began suddenly on April 22nd and had been continuous up to the time I first saw her. Blood pressure Systolic, 160; diastolic, 100. Spinal puncture showed traces of blood in spinal fluid. No paralysis; apparent. She made a slow recovery, and apparently, after June 1st. she was as well as ever. Was doing some work around the house, and feeling fine. On June 29th, she suddenly complained of not feeling well, laid down on the bed and, in a few minutes, was unconscious. I saw her in a very short time, and the condition was a typical one of apoplexy. She died in about three hours. The blood pressure had become normal, but may have gone up again, and been the cause of the second

J. McCALMAN, M. D.

3880 BROOKLYN AVENUE

KANSAS CITY, MO.,

haemorrhage. She gave a history of severe headaches for the past few years.

This is all that I know about the case, and can <sup>not</sup> place the contributory cause in any one term.

J. M. Calman M.D.

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1 PLACE OF DEATH

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH  
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CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

REGISTRARS SHALL NOT RECEIVE  
A FEE FOR CERTIFICATES UNTIL THEY  
ARE COMPLETED AS PRESCRIBED BY  
LAW

County .....  
Township ..... or Village ..... or City ..... (NO. .... St. .... Ward) .....  
Registration District No. .... File No. ....  
Primary Registration District No. .... Registered No. 2501

[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]

2 FULL NAME Jessie L. Blevins

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

3 SEX ..... 4 COLOR OR RACE ..... 5 SINGLE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word) .....  
6 DATE OF BIRTH ..... (Month) ..... (Day) ..... 1 ..... (Year) .....  
7 AGE ..... yrs. .... mos. .... ds. If LESS than 1 day, .... hrs. .... or .... min.?  
8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work ..... (b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) .....  
9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) .....  
10 NAME OF FATHER .....  
11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) .....  
12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER .....  
13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) .....

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

16 DATE OF DEATH 6 29 24  
(Month) (Day) (Year)

17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from ..... 191....., to ..... 191....., that I last saw him ..... alive on ..... 191....., and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at ..... m.

The CAUSE OF DEATH\* was as follows:  
Cerebral Hemorrhage  
Apoplexy

(Duration) ..... yrs. .... mos. .... ds.  
CONTRIBUTORY High Blood Pressure  
(Secondary) ..... (Duration) ..... yrs. .... mos. .... ds.  
(Signed) J. J. McCarman M. D.  
7/29 1924 (Address) 8850 Brookline

\*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in death from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.  
18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents)  
At place of death ..... yrs. .... mos. .... ds. In the State ..... yrs. .... mos. .... ds.  
Where was disease contracted if not at place of death? .....  
Former or usual residence .....

14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE  
(Informant) .....  
(Address) .....  
15 Filed 7/1 1924 M. M. Leroux Registrar

19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL ..... DATE OF BURIAL ..... 191.....  
20 UNDERTAKER ..... ADDRESS .....

SUPPLEMENTARY

# Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health  
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*Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc.* of ..... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc.* The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), 29ds.; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL OR HOMICIDAL, or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide.* The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

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