

**MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH**

Do not use this space.

34507

1. PLACE OF DEATH

County Jackson Registration District No. 398 File No. _____
 Township Blue Primary Registration District No. 5554 Registered No. 365
 City Fairland Heights (No. _____) St. _____ Ward _____

2. FULL NAME

Etta Moore Moffett
 (a) Residence. No. Fairland Heights Ward. _____
 (Usual place of abode)
 Length of residence in city or town where death occurred 2 yrs. 6 mos. - ds. How long in U.S., if of foreign birth? - yrs. - mos. - ds.

PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

3. SEX Female 4. COLOR OR RACE White 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (write the word) Widowed
 5A. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF George Henry Moffett

6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) February 14-1851

7. AGE	YEARS	MONTHS	DAYS	*IF LESS than 1 day, _____ hrs. or _____ min.
<u>73</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>	

8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED
 (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work none
 (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) _____
 (c) Name of employer _____

9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) Pocahontas County West Virginia
 (STATE OR COUNTRY)

10. NAME OF FATHER Isaac Moore

11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN) Pocahontas County West Virginia
 (STATE OR COUNTRY)

12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Aalogast

13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN) Pocahontas County West Virginia
 (STATE OR COUNTRY)

14. INFORMANT J. H. Moffett
 (Address) Fairland Heights, Mo.

15. FILED 1/8 1925 G. L. Cook REGISTRAR

16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) Dec 24 1924
 17. I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from Oct 1923, to Dec 24 1924, (that I last saw him alive on Dec 22 1924, and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 2:30 P.M.

THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS AS FOLLOWS:
Chronic interstitial Nephritis
Arterial Hypertension
 (duration) 2 yrs. 6 mos. 10 da.
 CONTRIBUTORY (SECONDARY) _____
 (duration) _____ yrs. _____ mos. _____ da.

18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED
 IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH? _____

DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATH? Yes DATE OF Nov 22
 WAS THERE AN AUTOPSY? no

WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIS? Clinical
 (Signed) Chas E. Nielson M. D.
1424, 1924 (Address) Fairland Mo

*State the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, or in deaths from VIOLENT CAUSES, state (1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY, and (2) whether ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL. (See reverse side for additional space.)

19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL Rock Creek Cem DATE OF BURIAL Dec 24 1924

20. UNDERTAKER J. H. Moffett ADDRESS _____
Mo.

CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer or Planter, Physician, Composer, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman*, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Colton mill*, (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*, (a) *Foreman* (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked-on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine*, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *Housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework* or *At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school* or *At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid*, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer, (retired, 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use of "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum*, etc., *Carcinoma, Sarcoma*, etc., of _____ (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasm); *Measles, Whooping cough, Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis*, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: *Measles* (disease causing death), 29 ds.; *Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such; if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning; struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide*. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis, tetanus*), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

NOTE.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.

ADDITIONAL SPACE FOR FURTHER STATEMENTS
BY PHYSICIAN.

WASHINGTON

398
5554

34507

Dear Sir:

It is essential that death certificates be made complete in every particular in order that proper classification may be made. You are therefore requested to make every effort to obtain the following information, indicated by check marks, lacking from the death certificate:

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Name: Etta Moore Moffett

Who died at: Blue. Jackson Co. on Dec 28 - 1924

Residence: No Blue. Fairland Hosp. St.
(if nonresident, city or town)

Length of residence in city or town where death occurred: Years _____ Months _____ Days _____

Sex: _____ Color or race: _____ Single, married, widowed or divorced: _____

Date of birth: _____ Age: Years _____ Months _____ Days _____

Occupation: (a) Trade _____ (b) Industry: _____

Birthplace (State or country) _____

Birthplace of father (State or country) _____

Birthplace of mother (State or country) _____

CAUSE OF DEATH: Chronic Interstitial Nephritis

Contributory: Arterial Hypertention

Nov 1922 Hypernephroma removal of kidney

Where was disease contracted? _____

Did operation precede death? _____ Date of _____

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