tion, is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor. Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Colton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook; Housemaid; etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None. Statement of cause of death.—Name first, the DISEASE

Statement of cause of death.—Name first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only

gitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonacum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of.....(name origin: "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death, 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary). 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anæmia," (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hæmorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uræmia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichæmia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. FOR VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossibleto determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

The following list of indefinite terms will not be accepted as cause of death unless explained:

Abscess—Locate and describe. Accident—Nature of (Coroner)? Albuminuria—Disease causing? Angina—Was it scarlet fever or diphtheria? Ascites—Disease causing? Asphyxia—Accidental, suicidal—cause? Asthenia—State cause. Atrophy-Cause of-tuberculosis, syphilis? infection Cause of? Auto { intoxication } Bowel trouble—Name disease: diarrhœa, dysentery, enteritis, strangulation? Blood poisoning—State cause. Bottle feeding—What disease resulted? Breaking down—What disease? Cachexia—Cancer, syphilis, tuberculosis, ma-larial? Asthenia Debility Cardiac Not accepted. Failure Weakness Collapse---From what? Cold-Not accepted. Childbirth-Physiological-what caused death? Cellulitis-Give location and cause.

Coma—Cause { alcoholic? opium, etc.? Convulsions—Cause { children, diarrhoea-enteritis? Cramps—State cause of. Cyanosis—Cause of. Decline—State cause of. Decline—State cause of. Debility—From what disease? Delirium { alcoholic? traumatac? Dentition—Disease causing death? Dropsy—Name disease causing. Dyspepsia—What organic disease? Eclampsia—State cause of convulsions. Emphysema—State cause of convulsions. External violence—What kind of? Failure of vital powers—What disease? Gestritis—State cause of. Heart failure—See cardiac. Hemorrhage—What part, and cause? Inanition—Cause of? Insolation (under 24 hours) (Coroner)? Jaundice—Disease causing?

Malnutrition-Cause of? Marasmus-What disease? Milk infection { diarrhea? enteritis? Miscarriage—State cause of. exhaustion Nervous fever disease shock Operation—State part, and disease.
Old age—What disease?
Peritonitis—Cause of? malarial? Pernicious anemia tuberculosis? syphilis, etc.? Pyaemia—Cause of? Septicæmia—Cause of? Shock-From what? Surgical { operation } State disease. Syncope State cause of. Tetanus—State cause of. Toxemia—State cause of. Uremia-Acute or chronic nephritis? Weakness-What disease?

Laparotomy-For what disease?

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS

CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
1. PLACE OF DEATH County Registration District Township Death City (No. (No.	No. 1128 File No.
2. FULL NAME Class St., Ward. (a) Residence. No (Usual place of abode) (b) (Usual place of abode) (c) (Usual place of abode) (d) (If nonresident give city or town and State) (e) (If nonresident give city or town and State) (b) (If nonresident give city or town and State) (e) (If nonresident give city or town and State) (ii) (If nonresident give city or town and State)	
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (urite the word) 5A. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 0 23 19 24 17. 19. 19. 19. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10
6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) Sec. 1/2 1903 7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS II LESS than 1 day,	death occurred, on the data wind above, at 7 m. THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS AS FOLLOWS: Super Course of Drawning and State out in Little and Drass kaughtafire.
(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer).	(duration) 778 mes ds (SECONDARY)
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) Le CANYANTE MO (STATE OR COUNTRY)	18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?
11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OPTITION AND PARTY OF LESS ASSETS ASSETTS ASSETTS ASSETTS ASSETTS ASSETT ASSETTS ASSETTS ASSETTS ASSETT A	WAS THERE AN AUTOPSY? WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIS? (Signed) William. H. Bailey, M. D , 19 (Address) Bulgiarus Th.)
13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CLETCH TOWN) SILVY Lake (STATE OR COUNTRY) MO	*State the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, or in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means and Nature of Indust, and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal. (See reverse side for additional space.)
(Address) Belgigne Mbo FILED Dec 24 1924 Frank TV. Mistmann	19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL DIC 25th 1324 20. UNDERTAKER ADDRESS ADDRESS
ALL INFORMATION CALLED FOR MUST BE WRITTEN ON THIS SUPPLEMENTARY.	

A FEE FOR CENTIFICATES UNTIL THEY ARE COLIFECTE AND

RECEIPE

MEGISTHANS SHALL NOT

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation .-- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill, (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery, (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc.. without more precise specification, as Day laborer. Parm laborer. Laborer—Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife. Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook. Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever. write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of-----(name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasm); Measles, Whooping cough, Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial The contributory (secondary or innephritis, etc. tercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia." "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia." "Weakness." etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis." etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

5469

Note,—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phiebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanua," But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.