## MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

Ħ	BUREAU OF V	TAL STATISTICS		
II		TE OF DEATH	761	
1	PLACE OF DEATH	- 1. 9		
i	County Yeurs	. 35 d		
tiekstraum bisker in		No.	Pile No	
Township Primary Registration D		District No. FA C. U.S.	Redistered No.	
F	an mourage		,	
ľ	V-100-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-		St	
2	FULL NAME Errest Edward a	larent	***************************************	
1	(a) Residence. No. St., (Usual place of abode)			
ļ _	(Usual place of abode)	(If no	onresident give city or town and State)	
<u> </u>	ength of residence in city or town where death occurred / jrs. mos.	ds. How long in U.S., if of i	oreign birth? Syrs. mos. ds.	
1		11		
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS  3. SEX		MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
3.		16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY A	1-pt 9	
Divorced (price the word)			CHID TEAR) TOLLA (3 19 A	
(1	male while martied	17.		
54. If MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF		A DEREBY CERTIFY, That Vattended deceased from		
~	HUSBAND OF	1902	46 Jan 5 100/	
i	(OR) WHEE OF )	that I last saw h was alive on and that		
munch Wellen		1	3.00	
7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS . If LESS than 1		death occurred, on the date stated above, at		
		THE CAUSE OF DEATH * WAS AS FOLLOWS:		
		Weeks and Start I	Venn Arrages	
ļ.	day,brs.			
li	74 4 9 or min.	\$ 2 hi		
8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED				
(a) Trade, profession, or mana serva Halel		10	س الأسن	
	particular kind of work	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	(days tion)	
(b) General nature of industry,		CONTRIBUTORY	-1 1	
business, or establishment in		(SECONDARY)		
which employed (or employee)				
(c) Name of employer		<b>f</b>	. (duration)	
(O) Trains of Employer		18. WHERE WAS RISEASE CONTRACTED	_	
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR YOWN)				
Э.		IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?	***************************************	
<u> </u>	(STATE OR COUNTRY)	2- h		
i I	10. NAME OF FATHER APACY /	🕢 DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATH)	DATE OF	
	pour / wow	WAS THERE AN AUTOPSYT	~ · · ·	
		The state of the s	Paralent.	
	11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR YOWN)	WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSISTA.	raralgris	
	11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR YOWN)	<b>)</b>	- WI Willieller	
#	6 14 17	(Signed)	, м. р	
₹	12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER POPULATION	19 (Address)	las in landa las	
! <b>-</b>		The state of the s	THE TOTAL POLL	
	13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)	*State the Diffiant Causing Dra	TH, or in deaths from Violent Causin, state	
(STATE OR COUNTRY) Serman		(1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY,	and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or	
14.		HOSECUDAL. (See reverse side for addition	nal space.)	
14.	INFORMANT Faurul ablect	19. PLACE OF BURIAL CREMATION	, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL	
		11 1 10	DATE OF BURIAL	
	(Address) wontrose us	Norwell	الم و / / ا	
15.	111 0 = 0 1 11/2 11/2 11		1900	
	FRED / 6 1920 F-W MARKET	20. UNDERTAKER	ADDRESS	
	REGISTRAD	+ T-lange	1 Maritin	
	FRED//6 1925 Jus Willer 20. UNDERTIKER Fabras 18608			
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V. S. No. 2.

uld be stated EXACTLY. PHYSICIANS should state Bract statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

should be

AGE sho classified.

carefully supplied.

N. B.—Every item of information should be CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that?

PERMANENT RECORD

WRITE PLAINLY, WITH UNFADING INK .-- THIS IS A

MARGIN RESERVED FOR BINDING

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill, (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery, (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer." "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer. Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Broncho pneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ......... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasma); Measles, Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Pubpperal septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitie," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify 88 ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF HOMICIDAL, OF 89 probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide. Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificate, will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, nilscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phiebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.