

MO-567

1658

1 PLACE OF DEATH

County MississippiVot. Pct. James Bayou Registration District No. 567Inc. Town Dorona, Mo. Primary Registration District No. 5768

City..... (No. .... St., .... Ward)

File No. ....

Registered No. 3

(If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.)

2 FULL NAME.....

Gilliam

## PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS

3 SEX Female 4 COLOR OR RACE White 5 Single Child  
Married  
Widowed  
or Divorced  
(Write the word)6 DATE OF BIRTH Don't Know  
(Month) (Day) (Year)7 AGE abt. 18  
yrs. mos. ds. (IF LESS than 1 day ..... hrs. or ..... min?)8 OCCUPATION  
(a) Trade, profession or particular kind of work child  
(b) General nature of industry, business or establishment in which employed (or employer)9 BIRTHPLACE (State or country) Mo.10 NAME OF FATHER Fred. Gilliam11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (State or country) Unknown12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Unknown13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (State or country) !

14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

(Informant) J. O. Pickett  
(Address) Dorona Mo.15 Filed 2/4, 1925 Chaffin Hicks Registrar

## MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

16 DATE OF DEATH Jan 10, 1925  
(Month) (Day) (Year)

17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from....., 192....., to....., 192....., that I last saw h..... alive on....., 192....., and that death occurred on the date stated above at..... m.

The CAUSE OF DEATH\* was as follows:

No. Doctor in attendance  
Bonett & Stoker  
200A (Duration) yrs. mos. ds. By Dec DressingContributory (Secondary) .....  
(Signed) 205B (Address) .....  
....., 192..... (Address) ..... M. D.

\*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.

18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients or Recent Residents)  
at place ..... In the  
of death ..... yrs. .... mos. .... ds. State ..... yrs. .... mos. .... ds.  
Where was disease contracted,if not at place of death?.....  
Former or usual residence .....

19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL

21st Cemetery Jan 11, 1925  
20 UNDERTAKER Bonett & Stoker ADDRESS Unknown, Ky.

## CERTIFICATE OF DEATH.

Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association

**Statement of occupation.**—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., *Farmer or Planter, Physician, Composer, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc.* But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) *Spinner*, (b) *Cotton mill*; (a) *Salesman*, (b) *Grocery*; (a) *Foreman*, (b) *Automobile factory*. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as *Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine, etc.* Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *housekeepers* who receive a definite salary), may be entered as *Housewife, Housework, or At home*, and children, not gainfully employed, as *At school or At home*. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages as *Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc.* If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: *Farmer (retired 6 yrs.)* For persons who have no occupation whatever, write *None*.

**Statement of cause of death.**—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation) using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: *Cerebrospinal fever* (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); *Diphtheria* (avoid use for "Croup"); *Typhoid fever* (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); *Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia* ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); *Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of .....* (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); *Measles; Whooping Cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc.*

The contributory, (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example *Measles* (disease causing death), *29ds.; Bronchopneumonia* (secondary), *10 ds.* Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia," (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility," ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL *septicaemia, Puerperal peritonitis,*" etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL or as *probably* such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: *Accidental drowning: Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide.* The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., *sepsis tetanus*) may be stated under the head of "Contributory."

NOTE.—Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyaemia, septicaemia, tetanus.