Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman. etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factoru. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer -- Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.-Name, first. the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia." unqualified, is indefinite): Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasma); Measles: Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease: Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds., Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions. such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide: Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.-Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriago, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus," But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

Ac da

RECEIVE A FEE FOR CERTIFICATES UNTIL THEY ARE COMPLETE AS PRESCRIBED BY LAW.

, so that it may be proporly classified. Buck natement of OCCUPATION is

CAUSE OF PEATE !

REGISTRARS SHALL

	OCK THE TORY		••			
I. PLACE OF DEATH.						
Comis Caurden	Begistration District No		//7	. File No		
Township (Osage P	rimary Registration Dis	istrict No. 5	7/67	Registered No.	61	/
City(No	·····			SL	***************************************	Ward)
2. FULL NAME Libelia ac	Paline	Car	111-10	00		,
				<u> </u>	***************************************	
(n) Residence. No				(If nonresident give ci	ty or town and St	ate)
Length of residence in city or town where death occurred	yrs. mos.	ds.	How long in U.S.,	il of fareign birth?	yrs. mes.	da.
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS		MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH				
3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRI DIVORCED COTT	its the word)	16. DATE O	F DEATH (MONTH,	DAY AND YEAR) Fe	6 10-	19261
SA. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF			REBY CERT		d deceased from	
(OR) WIFE OF][·	hat I last saw l	alive on	1 12	19	•
			4	bore, ut		,
6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR)		THE C	AUSE OF DEATH	PVAS AS FOLLOWS:	,	
7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS	If LESS than I day,hra.	A	1 San 2 1 2 1	neum	ria V	ever
8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED		1	7	***************************************	••••••••••	······································
(a) Trade, profession, or	j.,			******		<i>"</i>
particular kind of work		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	·····	(duration)	C700	ds,
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in		CONTRIBUTO			k	
which employed (or employer)		Y		(duration)		
(c) Name of employer		18 Wuese w	AS DISEASE CONTRACT	,	Ç.	
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN)	4					
(STATE OR COUNTRY)				•••••••••••••		
10. NAME OF FATHER		DID AN OP	ERATION PRECEDE DE	EATH? DATE O	F	·
	<u> </u>	WAS THER	E AN AUTOPSY!	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	***************************************	
11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN)		WHAT TES	T CONFIRMED DIAGNO	SI\$7		*
(STATE OR COUNTRY) 12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER		(Sigi	ned)	••••••		, M. D
12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER		, :	19 (Address)			
13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)		State th	e Disease Causing	DEATH, or in deaths	from Violent Cau	SES, State
(STATE OF GOUNTRY)			AND NATURE OF IN. (See reverse side for a	JURY, and (2) whether dditional space.)	ACCIDENTAL, SUI	OTDAL, OF
INFORMANT STAMM LIFTER V	' li_		·	ATION, OR REMOVAL	DATE OF B	URIAL
5 / 1 - Page 1						19
1 Fushwalks ps Mana Com	mullo si	20. UNDERTA	AKER O. 1	1	ACODRESS	_
	REGISTRAR	abbi	v Floy	d	Himme	levely-
ALL INFORMATION CALLED	FOR MUST B	SE WRITT	TEN ON THIS	SUPPLEMENT	TARY.	<u>=</u>

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Cansus and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation. - Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman. etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill, (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery, (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer. Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, State occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever. write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

3827-

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia." unqualified, is indefinite): Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ---- (name origip: "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasm); Measles, Whooping cough. Chronic valvular heart disease: Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy." "Collapse." "Coma," "Convulsions." "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, Or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: struck by railway train-accident: Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association,)

Norz.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, crysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, pertonitis, phiebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus.". But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work wast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.