MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH Village Primary Registration District No. Registered No. ...... IIf death occ hospital or furred in a institution give its IL AME instead of street and number. PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEAT BINGLE Marrie Marrie 16 DATE OF DEATH OR DIVORCED Write the word) 6 DATE OF BIRTH 17 attended deceased from (Month) (Day) (Year) 7 AGE If LESS than l day ......hrs. or.....min.? 8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work. (b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) 9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) (Duration CONTRIBUTORY 10 NAME OF ♥ FATHER 11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country OF MOTHER State the Disease Causing Destr-(1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether It, or, in death from Violent Causes, sate 13 BIRTHPLACE 18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Ho OF MOTHER or Recent Residents) spitals, Institutions, Transients, (City or town, State or foreign country) At place of death.....yrs....mos....ds, 14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE ate... Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?..... usual residence...... AFE OF BUBIAL TO 15 ADD. RESS Registrar

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments. it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or giftle and the cared of the disease causing death, state & & the beginning of illness. If retired free and the fact may be indicated thus: Farmer with For persons who have no occur write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and capusation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of.....(name origin;"Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state means of injury and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railheadsuicide. ull, and stated 10 HC menda-

tions on statement of cause of death approfeuby Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Ticular in order that proper classificated to make every effort to obtain the lacking from the	tion may be made. You n the following informa	are therefor	
iame: <u>Røorge</u> Dra	Carnes		
Tho died at: Drawt Cily_	on	y 519	<u> </u>
Résidence: No.	St		<del>-</del>
ength of residence in city or town where death occurred: Years	(If nonresiden	t, city or t	
Sex: Color or race: Singl		•	•
ate of birth: Ag	ge: Years Months	Days _	<u>.</u>
Occupation: (a) Trade	(b) Industry:	:	•, <del></del> -
Birthplace (State or country)		<u> </u>	÷ 
Birthplace of father (State or country)			- <u>/</u>
Birthplace of mother (State or country) CAUSE OF DEATH: Canalia Ua			
Enclocardilis			Ž.
Contributory: Exitheliam	·		- 3 /
Now Ereon	off leg cpi	thelion	d'
Where was disease contracted?		1 6 6	4
Did operation precede death?	Date of		
Was there an autopsy? What test	confirmed diagnosis?	<del></del>	<del></del>
Name of physician:		<u> </u>	
Address of physician:			