		35454
' BUREAU OF V	BOARD OF HEALTH ITAL STATISTICS ITE OF DEATH	Do got use this apace.
1. PLACE OF DEATH Comity Registration District Registration District	211	File No
Township Primary Registration Gits a addown a 7110 (No. (No.	District No	Registered No
(a) Resident. No. St., Will St., St.,	Jandel Ward.	
Length of residence in city or town where death occurred yrs. mos.	(If no da. How long in U.S., if of f	oresident give city or town and State) oreign birth? yrs. mes. ds.
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	3 MEDICAL CERT	IFICATE OF DEATH
3. SEX 4. COLOR OF RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (certis the word) Mall. May May	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY A	IND YEAR) DEC 21- 192
5A. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE-OF (OR) WIFE-OF	that I last saw harson, alive on 1926	That I attended deceased from to 19 0 2 192
6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) April 22-1858	death occurred, on the date stated above; a THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS	
7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS II LESS than 1 day,	abstruct	ion of bones
8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work	csignwid	Chrosian yra mos/5-d
which employed (or employer). Masculate	CONTRIBUTORY LOCAL (SECONDARY)	atus
(c) Name of employer	18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED	(desame)d
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) (STATE OR COUNTRY) Calls Collo	IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?	lace of becath
10. NAME OF FATHER / Melannier	DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATHS. WAS THERE AN AUTOPSYS	U. DATE OF.

*State the Dinnash Causing Death, or in deaths from Violent Causes, state
(1) Mears and Naturn of Iriury, and (2) whether Accidental, Sunchal, or

DATE OF BURIAL

HOMICIDAL (See reverse side for additional space.)

11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER

(STATE OR COUNTRY)

12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER

13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER

PARENTS

14.

15.

(Address)

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided . for the latter statement: it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill, (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery, (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of. persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

"Typhoid pneumonia"): Lobar pneumonia: Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of-----(name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasm); Measles, Whooping cough, Chronic valvular heart disease: Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia." "Weakness." etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means or INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: struck by railway train-accident: Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, crysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, sopticemia, totanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.

, BUREAU OF VI	TAL STATISTICS FOR MU	ORMATION CALLED ST BE WRITTEN ON PPLEMENTARY.	
1. PLACE OF DEATH .	0.1/		
	No. 24 File No.	*************************	
Township. Primary Registration District No. 4018			
Ch Laddonia (No.	St,	Ward)	
2. FULL NAME John Jude alexander			
(a) Residence. No. St., Ward. (Usual place of abode) St., Ward. (If nonresident give city or town and State)			
Length of residence in city or town where death occurred yrs. mos. ds. How long in U.S., if of foreign birth? yrs. mos. ds.			
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (write the word)	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR)	-,21 1925	
mw	17. I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended d		
SA. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF		19	
(OR) WIFE OF	that I last saw h alive on	19 and that	
6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR)	death occurred, on the date abted above, at	·······	
7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS If LESS then 1	THE CAUSE OF DEATH WAS AS FOLLOWS:		
day,bra.	Objection of bou	of due to	
	growth in aight	flexing	
8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED	cuto macigna	nx T	
(a) Trade, profession, or	(duration)	The most of	
particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry.	CONDRIBUTORY	1	
business, or establishment in	(SECONDARY)		
which employed (or employer)	(duration) 7	rsds.	
(c) Name of employer	18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED		
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN)			
(STATE OR COUNTRY)	DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATH? DATE OF		
10. NAME OF FATHER WAS THERE AN AUTOPSYL			
11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN	1		
(STATE OR COUNTRY)	WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIS?		
	(Signed)	, M. D	
12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER			
13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)	11 (1) Marrier com Nicoma on Terrora and (9) whether from the com-		
(STATE OR COUNTRY)	(1) MEARS AND NATURE OF INJUST, and (2) whether Accedental, Suicemal, or Homermal. (See reverse side for additional space.)		
14. INFORMANT	19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL	DATE OF BURIAL	
(Address)	,		
15. Just) 10 C	20. UNDERTAKER	19	
FILED 19 WK MClall REGISTERAS	20. UNDERTAKER	ADDRESS	
REGISTRAN		<u></u>	

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Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonsum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of _____ (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasm); Measles, Whooping cough, Chronic valvular heart disease: Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Broncho-pneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

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