Do not use this space.

3582

No. 15/4/4	Pile No.	************
District No.	Registered No	
	SL	₩ ad)
Alfert Alseen Bauling		
(If nonresident give city or town and State)		
ds. How long in U.S., if of foreign birth? yrs. mos. ds.		
MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY /	IND YEAR) /- 2	7 1926
I HEREBY CERTIFY	That I nitended deceased	Jan
104	0, 10 Marga Jan. T	
that I last saw harmen alive on	XI IA	, 192n6 and the
death occurred, on the date stated above, THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS	-,	
Dilleson	ma will	ocal
Edocarde	9	*****************
116		************************
1/1	7 (1)	
CONTRIBUTORY	(duration)yrs.	D08,
(SECONDARY)	7	***************************************
duration)		
18. WHERE WAS DISEAS CONTRACTED		
IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATHS.		
Did an operation recede deaths. Date of		
WAS THERE AN AUTOPSY?	- <u>u</u>	······································
WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIST		-
(Signed)	X 710	22 M. I
1-98,1976 (Address) C	race m	0
State the Dishass Causing Deate, or in deaths from Violence Corres, state (1) Means and Nature of Injury, and (2) whether the Corresponding or Injury, and (3) whether the Corresponding to the Corre		
HOMICIDAL. (See reverse side for additional space.)		
19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION	CON REMOVAL DATE	E OF BURIAL
11000 pre	<u>/</u>	28 32
20. UNDERTAKER	ADDI	RESS a

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman. etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill, (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery, (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired. 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEABE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"): Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ---- (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasm); Measles, Whooping cough, Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia", (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy." "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state Means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide: Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably spicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Norn.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemla, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.