	MI	BUREAU OF VI	BOARD OF HEALT TAL STATISTICS TE OF DEATH	H
1.	PLACE OF DEATH County	Primary Registration	795 District No. 10C 2	14412 File No. 3982 Registered No. 3982
	(a) Besidence. No. 12.0 Co. (Usual place of abode) ength of residence in city or town where death occur	Kampo.	O Ward.	(If nonresident give city or town and State) if of foreign hirth? yrs. mos. ds
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS 3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (prit the word) 1. A IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED 1. HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFES OF DEVA advisor Kamp 6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) June, H IF 1868 7. AGE 7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS If LESS (han 1 day,		MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) / 2 19/2 17. I MEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from July 19.24., to 19.25., and death occurred, on the date stated above at. THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS AS FOIL DWS:	
11				
8.	OCCUPATION OF DECEASED (a) Trade, prolession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in	1 l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l	CONTRIBUTORY Use	966 mia
PARENTS 6	which employed (or employer) (c) Name of employer BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) (STATE OR COUNTRY) 10. NAME OF FATHER 11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN) (STATE OR COUNTRY) 12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 13. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 14. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 15. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 16. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 17. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 18. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 18. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 19. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 19. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 10. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 11. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 13. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 14. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 15. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 16. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 17. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 18. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 18. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 19. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 10.		(deration) Tra. 18. Where was disease contracted If not at place of death?	
15.	(Address) 126. Cast G	and an	20. UNDERTAKER	Cemetary april 15 19 ADDRESS 576

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill, (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery, (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekcepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebraspinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ---- (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasm); Measles, Whooping cough, Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Broncho-pneumonia (secondary), 10ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions." "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septicemia," "Puerperal peritonitis." etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, Or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in Now York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phebitis, pyemia, septicomia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work yast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a interdate.