	BUREAU OF VI	BOARD OF HEALTH ITAL STATISTICS TE OF DEATH
e te	1. PLACE OF DEATH	<b>791</b>   15007
F RECORD PHYSICIANS should state UPATION is very important.	County Registration District  Township Primary Registration  City Mo (No	No. 1003 File No. 4610  Registered No. 4610  St. Ward)
	2. FULL NAME (No. 3 9.02: If INVIALLY ALL Si., Ward.  (Usual place of abode)  Length of residence in city or town where death occurred yrs. mos. ds. How long in U.S., if of foreign hirth? yrs. mos. ds.	
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
WRITE PLAMLY, WITH UNFADING INKTHIS IS A PERMANENT  W. B.—Every 'tem of information should be carefully supplied. AGE should be stated EXACTLY.  CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCI	3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (write the word)  Sair Married, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF	16. DATE OF DEATH (NONTH, DAY AND YEAR) CAN. 30 1926  17.  1 HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from the last saw both abre on Canal Control of the last saw both abre on Canal Control of the last saw both abre on Canal Control of the last saw both abre on Canal Control of the last saw both abre on Canal Control of the last saw both abre on Canal Control of the last saw both abre on Canal Control of the last saw both abre on Canal Control of the last saw both abre on Canal Control of the last saw both abre on Canal Control of the last saw both abre on Canal Control of the last saw both abre on Canal Control of the last saw both abre on Canal Control of the last saw both abre on Canal Control of the last saw both abre on Canal Control of the last saw both abre on Canal Control of the last saw both above and the last saw both a
	6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 4.7 / 923  7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS If LESS than 1 day,	death occurred, on the date stated above, at
	8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED  (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work  (b) General nature of industry, husiness, or establishment in which employed (or employer).  (c) Name of employer	CONTRIBUTORY Masles Jumary (supplemany)  (duration)  (duration)  (duration)  (duration)  (duration)
	9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) St. Louis (STATE OR COUNTRY) MV  10. NAME OF FATHER John Ruargnentt	18 WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED  IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?.  DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATH?.  WAS THERE AN AUTOPSY?
	11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN).  (STATE OR COUNTRY)  12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Least. Pithoey  13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN).	(Signed) What TEST CONFIRMSD DIAGNOSIS THE WAR (Signed) M. D  (Sig
	(STATE OR COUNTRY)  14.  INFORMANT LATO BURGENERY  (Address) 3902 Kannerly an  15.  MAY - 1 1920 May 6 Starklots	(1) Means and Nature of Index, and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, of Homicidal. (See reverse side for additional space.)  19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL May 3 1926  20. UNDERTAKER ADDRESS
S. S.	RESTRIC	Mr. F. Taschedag De Grand Bl

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill, (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery, (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia: Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ---- (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasm); Measles, Whooping cough, Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Broncho-pneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (mercly symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tctanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Norn.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing thom. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, collulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meninglits, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phiebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.