	cate of death 3928 #
1. PLACE OF DEATH	903
County Registration Distr	7/1
	ion District No
City State (No.	T
2. FULL NAME	
(a) Residence. No. Mars Celly Wes (Usual place of abode)	St., Ward. (If nonresident give city or town and State)
211 1	os. ds. How long in U.S., if of foreign hirth? yrs. mos.
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED O	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR)
M M Market (Brill the word)	17.
5a. IF MARRIED, Wisowen, on Divorced	I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I stended deceased from
HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF	that I last saw hai alive on 100 6 2 5 1927, an
This Way brugh	death occurred, on the date stated above, at
6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 12 - 18	THE CAUSE OF DEATH+ WAS AS FOLLOWS:
7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS II LESS than I	
7 / / day,	-101
8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED	- 12 1 h
(a) Trade, profession, or	All and All an
particular kind of work	(duration) 772 mos b
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in	(SECONDARY)
which employed (or employer)	unfection techniques lelle 3
(c) Name of employer	18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN)	IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?
(STATE OR COUNTRY)	DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATHY. DATE OF
10. NAME OF PATHER Lawy	WAS THERE AN AUTOPSYZ.
A DISTURBACION OF CANADA	(N) and facility
11. BIRTHPLACE OF (FATHER (CITY OR TOWN). (STATE OR COUNTRY)	WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DISMOSIST
W 10 Ma	- (a la g 1077)
12. MAIDEN NOME OF MOTHER & KINTER	2/27, 1921 (Address) Want Outy
13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)	*State the Disease Causing Death, or in deaths from Violent Causes, s (1) Means and Nature of Indust, and (2) whether Accumental, Suicidal,
(STATE OR, COUNTRY)	HOMICIDAL. (See reverse side for additional space.)
14. INFORMANT LIFE TRUE TO	19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIA
(Address) Brand Citis Mis	- March (It) Soul
15. FUED 12/1927 Shullelreur	20. UNDERTAKER ADDRESS
FILED 19 19 REGISTRA	1/0 m
	- 11 y . C. / Juma Judan
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Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factery. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more procise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation

whatever, write Nane.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"): Lobar pneumonia: Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of(name origin: "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles: Whooping couch: Chronic valvular heart discase; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Mcasles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.). "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hom-orrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all discases-resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify AS ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, OF AS probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, pheblitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.