7	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH	
_		TAL STATISTICS
육성	CERTIFICA	TE OF DEATH 4764
state rtent.	1. PLACE OF DEATH	21.9
bould state important	County Registration District	No. Pile No.
should y impo	Township Sell Out Primary Registration District No. J. Registered No.	
	Gits ON-	
3 5	St. Ward)	
35	2. FULL NAME Chullen Weller Walling	
3 20	(a) Residence. No	
E HE		
. "6		da. How long in U.S., if of foreign birth? yrs. mos. ds.
stated EXACTLY. PHYSICIANS statement of OCCUPATION is ver	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
Ευ Σ	3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) Jel. 14 19 3 1
N H	DIVORCED (write the word)	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) Lels. 14 1980
H e	male white married	1 HEREBY CERTIFY That I attended deceased from
ate a	5a. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF	NOV 12 ,1928, 19 1-26. 14 ,193 5
# 5	(OR) WIFE OF	that I last saw h was alive on I last saw h 1930, and that
ild be Eract	S DITE OF DIFFERENCE AND A STORY OF CO.	death occurred, on the date stated above, st
should d. Ex	6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) LUC. 21. 1859	THE CAUSE OF DEATMS AS FOLLOWS:
ਬੂ ਦੂ	7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS If LESS than 1	Endo Cordilis / lehronce)
AGE Assific	70 / 20 day,hrs.	92/~
AGE sh		
	8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED	
Ily supplied.	(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work	(duration)
d e	(b) General nature of industry,	CONTRIBUTERY C. C.
, m	husiness, or establishment in	(SECONDAR)
Ja v	which employed (or employer)	(duration) yrs.
carefully t may be	(c) Name of employer	18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED
d be a that it	9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN)	
than 1	(STATE OR COUNTRY)	IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?
should s, so th	10. NAME OF FATHER ALL A 12 f. 00	DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATHS. DATE OF
	1. Halling 15 tealling	WAS THERE AN AUTOPSYT.
ation sl terms,	in 11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN)	WHAT TEST CONFIRMED TRAGNOSIST Lelen scal
n n n	Z (STATE OR COUNTRY)	Va Maller
for is	(State or country) 12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER OF GARD GROWN 12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER OF GARD GROWN 13. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER OF GARD GROWN 14. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER OF GARD 15. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER OF GARD 16. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER OF GARD 17. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER OF GARD 18. MAIDEN NAME OF GARD 18.	(Signed) , H. D
N. B.—Every item of information CAUSE OF DEATH in plain term	\$ 12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Parly and	2/15.1934 (yeldress) Montrole Mo
	13. BIRTHPLACE OF MCTHER (CITY OR TOWN)	State the Disease Causing Draff, or in deaths from Violent Causes, state
Iten 3A7	(STATE OR COUNTRY)	(1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY, and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or
ъ́д	IL DOLD BALLO MALL	HOMICIDAL. (See reverse side for additional space.)
% O 14	INFORMANT VILLE	19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL
Ĩμ	(Address) let mon MO	Way ton Mo 7. 16. 16:1930
a p •	15. Fratel 15,38 An miller	20. UNDERTAKER ADDRESS
P Z J	REGISTRAR	Pa at the Day to
		Amnory proulose
		/

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman. etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill, (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery, (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation 'at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ---- (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasm); Measles, Whooping cough, Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Broncho-pneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septicemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.