The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and sent to the Bureau of Statistics:

1. Wood and Shoe Factories.
2. Cheese and Butter Factories.
3. Flouring and Grist Mills.
5. Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
8. Agricultural Implements Works.
9. Quarries.

**SCHEDULE 3—Manufactures.**—Products of Industry in Joplin, in the County of Dyer, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: Joplin

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Corporation or Company</th>
<th>Capital and Property Interest in Establishment</th>
<th>State of Location, Birthplace, or Residence of Proprietor</th>
<th>Average annual output of each article of manufacture</th>
<th>Wages and value of labor</th>
<th>Number of operations in each variety of manufacturing</th>
<th>Power used in manufacturing</th>
<th>If steam power used</th>
<th>If steam power used</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Post Office:</strong> Joplin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTES:**—The term "productive industry" must be understood, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, etc. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production made is fairly, showing the use of machinery. Enumeration will take place in each of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several limits.

**COLUMNS:**—The kind of business or the character of product should be described as fully as possible, viz., Sawyer's Machine, Dance, Plowman, Machinist, Wagon, Dray, Tinkering, etc.

**COLUMNS 5 and 6:**—The average annual output of each article should be specified. The average annual output of each article should be specified. The average annual output of each article should be specified.

**COLUMNS 9 and 10:**—These are the prices of the products. The data should be obtained from the companies relative to the price and the quality of the goods. The data should be obtained from the companies relative to the price and the quality of the goods. The data should be obtained from the companies relative to the price and the quality of the goods.

**COLUMNS 11 and 12:**—These are the prices of the products. The data should be obtained from the companies relative to the price and the quality of the goods. The data should be obtained from the companies relative to the price and the quality of the goods. The data should be obtained from the companies relative to the price and the quality of the goods.

**COLUMNS 13 and 14:**—These are the prices of the products. The data should be obtained from the companies relative to the price and the quality of the goods. The data should be obtained from the companies relative to the price and the quality of the goods. The data should be obtained from the companies relative to the price and the quality of the goods.

**COLUMNS 15 and 16:**—These are the prices of the products. The data should be obtained from the companies relative to the price and the quality of the goods. The data should be obtained from the companies relative to the price and the quality of the goods. The data should be obtained from the companies relative to the price and the quality of the goods.
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz.

(1.) Brick and Tile Factories.
(2.) Masonry and Masonry Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Grain Mills.
(4.) Salt Works.
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
(7.) Paper Mills.
(8.) Coal Mines.
(9.) Agricultural Implements Works.
(10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in the Township in the County of , State of , during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Manufacturer, Factory, &amp;c.</th>
<th>Name of Business, Factory, &amp;c.</th>
<th>Average number of hands employed</th>
<th>Wages and Hours of Labor</th>
<th>Month to Operate</th>
<th>Power used in Manufacturing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**Instructions**

- The term "Manufacturing Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, namely, blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production exceeds 5000 or 2400, &c.

- The kind of hardware or the character of the product should be described as accurately as possible, e.g., Forging-Machinery, Guns, Furnaces, Forging, Machining Shops, Coopers, Blacksmithing, &c.

- The kind of hardware or the character of the product should be described as accurately as possible, e.g., Forging-Machinery, Guns, Furnaces, Forging, Machining Shops, Coopers, Blacksmithing, &c.

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- The kind of hardware or the character of the product should be described as accurately as possible, e.g., Forging-Machinery, Guns, Furnaces, Forging, Machining Shops, Coopers, Blacksmithing, &c.

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- The kind of hardware or the character of the product should be described as accurately as possible, e.g., Forging-Machinery, Guns, Furnaces, Forging, Machining Shops, Coopers, Blacksmithing, &c.

- The kind of hardware or the character of the product should be described as accurately as possible, e.g., Forging-Machinery, Guns, Furnaces, Forging, Machining Shops, Coopers, Blacksmithing, &c.

- The kind of hardware or the character of the product should be described as accurately as possible, e.g., Forging-Machinery, Guns, Furnaces, Forging, Machining Shops, Coopers, Blacksmithing, &c.

- The kind of hardware or the character of the product should be described as accurately as possible, e.g., Forging-Machinery, Guns, Furnaces, Forging, Machining Shops, Coopers, Blacksmithing, &c.

- The kind of hardware or the character of the product should be described as accurately as possible, e.g., Forging-Machinery, Guns, Furnaces, Forging, Machining Shops, Coopers, Blacksmithing, &c.

- The kind of hardware or the character of the product should be described as accurately as possible, e.g., Forging-Machinery, Guns, Furnaces, Forging, Machining Shops, Coopers, Blacksmithing, &c.

- The kind of hardware or the character of the product should be described as accurately as possible, e.g., Forging-Machinery, Guns, Furnaces, Forging, Machining Shops, Coopers, Blacksmithing, &c.

- The kind of hardware or the character of the product should be described as accurately as possible, e.g., Forging-Machinery, Guns, Furnaces, Forging, Machining Shops, Coopers, Blacksmithing, &c.

- The kind of hardware or the character of the product should be described as accurately as possible, e.g., Forging-Machinery, Guns, Furnaces, Forging, Machining Shops, Coopers, Blacksmithing, &c.

- The kind of hardware or the character of the product should be described as accurately as possible, e.g., Forging-Machinery, Guns, Furnaces, Forging, Machining Shops, Coopers, Blacksmithing, &c.

- The kind of hardware or the character of the product should be described as accurately as possible, e.g., Forging-Machinery, Guns, Furnaces, Forging, Machining Shops, Coopers, Blacksmithing, &c.

- The kind of hardware or the character of the product should be described as accurately as possible, e.g., Forging-Machinery, Guns, Furnaces, Forging, Machining Shops, Coopers, Blacksmithing, &c.
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
(4.) Salt Works
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
(7.) Paper Mills.
(8.) Coal Mines.
(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
(10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Callicoon, in the County of Greene, State of New York, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Emancipator.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual</th>
<th>Name of Business, Manufacture, Trade, or Product</th>
<th>Capital Invested in Property</th>
<th>Average number of hands employed</th>
<th>Wages and Hours of Labor</th>
<th>Monthly in Qtr.</th>
<th>Power used in Manufacture</th>
<th>Weight of Product</th>
<th>Number of Pounds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>A. J. Knox</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>F. A. Knox</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>A. J. Knox</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The term "Manufacturing Industry" must be understood to include not only the principal trade, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, carpentering, etc. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production reaches 500 annually, including the cost of materials. Emancipator will take pains to mark all the productive establishments, large and small, within this second district.

Emancipator.

Emancipator.

Emancipator.

Emancipator.

Emancipator.

Emancipator.

Emancipator.

Emancipator.

Emancipator.

Emancipator.
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

- (1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
- (2.) Carriage and Buggy Factories.
- (3.) Cigarets and Tobacco Factories.
- (4.) Salt Works.
- (5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
- (6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
- (7.) Paper Mills.
- (8.) Coal Mines.
- (9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
- (10.) Quarries.

**SCHEDULE 3.—Manufactures.**—Products of Industry in Jackson Township, in the County of [illegible], State of [illegible], during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1878, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

**Post Office:** [illegible]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual</th>
<th>Value of Property in Real and Personal Estate</th>
<th>Total Number of Persons Employed</th>
<th>Average Number of Hours Worked</th>
<th>Value of Wages Per Year</th>
<th>Monthly Cost of Labor</th>
<th>Capital or Other Funds in Establishment</th>
<th>Total Number of Pounds of Material</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>2.</td>
<td>3.</td>
<td>4.</td>
<td>5.</td>
<td>6.</td>
<td>7.</td>
<td>8.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Williams</td>
<td>Blacksmithing</td>
<td>$500</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>John Miller</td>
<td>Blacksmithing</td>
<td>$450</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>John Brown</td>
<td>Blacksmithing</td>
<td>$400</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** The term "Manufactures" must be understood to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, carpentry, coopering, etc. The smallest shop should not be neglected, provided the products are of any value. Each item should be accurately described, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will have to report all of the products manufactured, large and small, within their several districts.

**Column Notes:**
- Column 2.—The kind of business or the character of the product should be described as accurately as possible, thus: Sewing Machine, Comb, Button, Foundry, Machine Shop, Coopering, Blacksmithing, etc.
- Column 3.—The number of employees in a separate shop, blacksmith shop, etc. It will be noted that an ordinary laborer is employed. In this case column 4 will not be filled.
- Column 5.—The value of property in real and personal estate should be reported as accurately as possible, including all materials, tools, machinery, and equipment. The figures should be reported in dollars and cents.
- Column 6.—The average number of hours worked per week should be reported accurately. The figures should be reported in whole numbers.
- Column 7.—The capital or other funds in the establishment should be reported accurately, including all materials, tools, machinery, and equipment. The figures should be reported in dollars and cents.
- Column 8.—The total number of pounds of material used should be reported accurately. The figures should be reported in pounds and ounces.

**Legend:**
- "Hand" indicates that the product is made by hand, without the aid of machinery.
- "Machine" indicates that the product is made by machinery.

**Comment:** The information available should be used in filling these columns.
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

1. Boot and Shoe Factories.
2. Cheese and Butter Factories.
3. Finishing and Treat Mills.
5. Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
10. Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Winterville, in the County of Daviess, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Nathan Thrider
Enumerator

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual.</th>
<th>Capital in Stock, Capital and Surplus, or Value of Real Estate,</th>
<th>Average number of Hands employed.</th>
<th>Wages and Salaries.</th>
<th>Monthly by Class.</th>
<th>Power used in Manufacture.</th>
<th>If steam power is used.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name of Business, Manufacturer, Loan, or Producer.</td>
<td>Capital and Surplus or Value of Real Estate.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**Notes:**
- The term "Manufacturing Industry" does not include stores or factories engaged in retail trade or in the manufacture of goods for sale in the country.
- The number of hands employed should include all who are engaged in the manufacturing process, whether working or idle.
- Wages and salaries should be reported for all persons engaged in the manufacturing process, including wages paid to proprietors and employees.
- Monthly wages are to be reported on the last day of the month.
- Power used in manufacture includes all forms of power, such as steam, gas, water, and人力.
- If steam power is used, the amount should be reported in horsepower.

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**Additional Notes:**
- The form should be completed accurately and legibly.
- Any necessary adjustments or corrections should be made on a separate sheet.
- The form should be returned to the Census Bureau on or before the specified date.

---

**Enrollment:**
- The form should be signed by the enumerator and the person enumerated.
- Any necessary adjustments or corrections should be made on a separate sheet.
- The form should be returned to the Census Bureau on or before the specified date.
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

1. Boot and Shoe Factories.
2. Cheese and Butter Factories.
3. Flouring and Grist Mills.
5. Lime Mills and Saw Mills.
10. Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—Manufactures.—Products of Industry in ... State of ... during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Corporation, Company or</th>
<th>Name of Business, Location,</th>
<th>Capital Paid In</th>
<th>Average number of</th>
<th>Wage and Hours of</th>
<th>Month of Commencement</th>
<th>Power used in Manufacturing.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Factory</td>
<td>Product</td>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>Employees</td>
<td>Hours per week.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Horsepower, Kiln, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Factory A</td>
<td>Product A</td>
<td>Amount A</td>
<td>Employees A</td>
<td>Hours per week A</td>
<td></td>
<td>Horsepower A, Kiln A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Factory B</td>
<td>Product B</td>
<td>Amount B</td>
<td>Employees B</td>
<td>Hours per week B</td>
<td></td>
<td>Horsepower B, Kiln B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTES.—The term “Production Industry” must be understood, so far as wages in the establishments, to include not only factories and large works, but also the smaller trades, such as blacksmithing, cooking, carpentering, etc. The smallest shop should not be excluded, provided the products made reach the market, and the labor employed is a labor of the same kind as that in larger establishments.

POWER.—The kind of power or the character of power should be classified as specifically as possible, thus: Horse Power, Steam Power, Patent, Machine Shop, Coopering, Blacksmithing, etc.

Factory D.—In case establishments for rope making, blacksmithing, etc., it will be found that no regular labor is engaged. In this case column D will not be filled.

Factory E.—All the 30 months of the year should be assumed to be one and one half of the estimate in D, that is, 9 months on full time, or 8 months on full time and 1 month on half time, or 10 months on full time and 2 months on half time.

Factory F.—The character of power. Great care and judgment should be exercised in classifying the various sources of power, especially in the case of small shops where both steam and water are not both.

Factory G.—The nature of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, is the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods for local market, the neighborhood price of the goods.

Factory H.—If the shop is a very small one, mention also the larger rooms or other parts in which it is done.

Factory I.—The character of the power used in the shops and workshops is to be specified.

Factory J.—This is an item of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.
Received July 30, 1880.

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

1. Iron and Steel Factories.
2. Cheese and Butter Factories.
3. Flouring and Grist Mills.
5. Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
10. Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Lincoln Township, in the County of Darrosh, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: Lincoln

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Corporation, Company, or individual owning the establishment</th>
<th>Capital and stock</th>
<th>Number employed</th>
<th>Power and hours of labor</th>
<th>Months in operation</th>
<th>Hours on which power used</th>
<th>Number of months in which power used</th>
<th>Power used in manufacturing</th>
<th>Hours per day</th>
<th>Horses</th>
<th>Kilns</th>
<th>Bushels</th>
<th>Iron</th>
<th>Copper</th>
<th>Lead</th>
<th>Zinc</th>
<th>Gold</th>
<th>Silver</th>
<th>Other</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. W. Anderson &amp; Co. Blacksmiths</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Notes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G. E. Johnson Blacksmithing</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Notes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Samuel Smith &amp; Co. Land Surveyors</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Notes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes—The term "Manufactures" must be understood, in the larger signification, to include not only of factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, etc. The element shop should not be counted, neither the productive branch, with the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to mark off all of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several tracts.

Remarks—In some establishments (as separate shops, blacksmith shops, etc.) it will be found that an ordinary laborer is employed. In such case the laborer will not be listed.

Remarks 11 to 20.—All the 18 months of the year should be assumed except in case of the columns 11 to 12, where 18 months on full time, or 18 months on half time, or 18 months on both time and 18 months on both time and 18 months on both time.

Remarks 21 to 30.—The price of goods in market, and other general expression of manufacture establishments are not to be included in manufactures. All supplies and fuel should be included.

Remarks 31 to 40.—All the shoes of shoes, butchers, and other such products of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in manufactures. All supplies and fuel should be included.

Remarks 41 to 50.—The price of goods in market, and other general expression of manufacture establishments are not to be included in manufactures. All supplies and fuel should be included.

Remarks 51 to 60.—All the shoes of shoes, butchers, and other such products of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in manufactures. All supplies and fuel should be included.

Remarks 61 to 70.—All the shoes of shoes, butchers, and other such products of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in manufactures. All supplies and fuel should be included.

Remarks 71 to 80.—All the shoes of shoes, butchers, and other such products of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in manufactures. All supplies and fuel should be included.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Establishment</th>
<th>Number of Hands</th>
<th>Description of Hand</th>
<th>Wage per Week</th>
<th>Month in Operation</th>
<th>Power used to Manufacture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>South Side, Steam Mill</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harrison, Mill</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Remarks:—The term "Productive Industry" must be understood, in its largest signification, to include not only all factories and shop makings, but also all mechanical trades, as the building, repairing, carpentering, &c. The smaller shops should be included, provided the productive machine is rented or owned, excluding the cost of materials. Return to the nearest shop, where the work is done, within their several districts.

Questions 5 and 6.—The value of the property and the amount of capital invested, and the value of the labor employed, shall be returned in the enumeration. Where such information is not readily obtainable, the enumerator is to make the best estimate. The cost of buildings and machinery, &c., shall be included where such information is readily obtainable, and where the cost of buildings and machinery, &c., is not readily obtainable, the cost of buildings and machinery, &c., shall be estimated at 100 per cent. of the value of the property and the amount of capital invested.

Questions 10 and 11.—On the face of the schedule, or in the margin, the enumerator shall note the kind of material used in the manufacture of goods, and the kind of power used in manufacturing.

Questions 12 and 13.—The date of the first operation of the establishment shall be noted in the schedule. When the establishment is operated for the first time in the year, the date of the first operation shall be noted.

Questions 14 and 15.—The date of the establishment shall be noted in the schedule. When the establishment is operated for the first time in the year, the date of the first operation shall be noted.

Questions 16 and 17.—The date of the establishment shall be noted in the schedule. When the establishment is operated for the first time in the year, the date of the first operation shall be noted.

Questions 18 and 19.—The date of the establishment shall be noted in the schedule. When the establishment is operated for the first time in the year, the date of the first operation shall be noted.

Questions 20 and 21.—The date of the establishment shall be noted in the schedule. When the establishment is operated for the first time in the year, the date of the first operation shall be noted.

Questions 22 and 23.—The date of the establishment shall be noted in the schedule. When the establishment is operated for the first time in the year, the date of the first operation shall be noted.

Questions 24 and 25.—The date of the establishment shall be noted in the schedule. When the establishment is operated for the first time in the year, the date of the first operation shall be noted.

Questions 26 and 27.—The date of the establishment shall be noted in the schedule. When the establishment is operated for the first time in the year, the date of the first operation shall be noted.

Questions 28 and 29.—The date of the establishment shall be noted in the schedule. When the establishment is operated for the first time in the year, the date of the first operation shall be noted.
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:  
(1.) Boots and Shoe Factories.  
(2.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.  
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.  
(4.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.  
(5.) Coin Mines.  
(6.) Agricultural Implement Works.  
(7.) Paper Mills.  
(8.) Coal Mines.  
(9.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in the County of Daviess, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: Jamestown
Enumerator: J. A. Boster

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Corporation, Factory, or Individual</th>
<th>Name of Product</th>
<th>Capital (Investment)</th>
<th>Number of Hands Employed</th>
<th>Average Number of Hands Employed</th>
<th>Wages and Hours of Labor</th>
<th>Hours in Operation</th>
<th>Power used in Manufacturing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Machinists Coop.</td>
<td>Machinists</td>
<td>$2,500</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>$100/week</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>Steam Engine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johnson &amp; Son</td>
<td>Lumber</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>$150/week</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>Steam Engine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smith &amp; Co</td>
<td>Flouring</td>
<td>$1,000</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>$50/week</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>Steam Engine</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: If necessary, add additional columns as needed for specific categories.

Summary:
- Total Capital: $9,500
- Total Employees: 45
- Total Wages: $6,000
- Total Hours Worked: 7,500
- Total Power: Steam Engine (3)

Remarks: The term "Manufacturing Industry" must be understood, in its largest sense, to include not only all factories and large works, but also all establishments producing, mending, repairing, manufacturing, etc. The exact size or number of employees should be given, and the description of the products.

1. The kind of business or the character of the product should be limited, as much as possible, to the following classes:  
   - Iron and Steel Works  
   - Lumber Mills  
   - Clothing Mills  
   - Brick and Tile Works  
   - Flouring and Grist Mills  

2. The number of employees should be as accurate as possible.

3. The kind of power used in manufacturing should be specified (steam, water, etc.).

4. The total capital should be given, including all invested capital.

5. The total wages paid should be given, including all wages, salaries, and fees.

6. The total hours worked should be given, including all hours worked by employees and machines.

7. The total power used should be specified, including all power sources.

8. Additional columns may be added as necessary for more detailed reporting.

9. The report should be accurate and complete, to the best of the enumerator's ability.

10. The report should be submitted to the proper authorities in a timely manner.