The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

1. Boot and Shoe Factories.
2. Chinese and Butter Factories.
3. Flouring and Grist Mills.
5. Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
10. Quarries.

**SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Mound City, in the County of Madison, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.**

**Post Office: Mound City**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Corporation, Company, or Person</th>
<th>Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product</th>
<th>Capital (in dollars)</th>
<th>孵化</th>
<th>Average number of hands employed</th>
<th>Wage and Hours of labor</th>
<th>Monthly (if full month)</th>
<th>Power (if used)</th>
<th>Power used in Manufacturing</th>
<th>If steam power in use</th>
<th>If water power in use</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Haggard &amp; Co., Boot and Shoe</td>
<td></td>
<td>$300</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3.8</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>Steam</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>boarded in official books.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valentine and Co., Boot and Shoe</td>
<td></td>
<td>$200</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>Steam</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>boarded in official books.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jameson &amp; Co., Flour Mill</td>
<td></td>
<td>$500</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>Steam</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>boarded in official books.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johnson &amp; Co., Flour Mill</td>
<td></td>
<td>$600</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6.2</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>Steam</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>boarded in official books.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bowers &amp; Co., Boot and Shoe</td>
<td></td>
<td>$800</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8.2</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>Steam</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>boarded in official books.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chamberlin &amp; Co., Boot and Shoe</td>
<td></td>
<td>$100</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>Steam</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>boarded in official books.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smith &amp; Co., Boot and Shoe</td>
<td></td>
<td>$120</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>Steam</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>boarded in official books.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Remarks:**
- The term "Producing Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, inclusive not only of factories and large works, but also the small establishments in hosiery, knitting, printing, etc. The words "shop" and "establishment" as used here, imply the presence of machinery and employees in the place where the process is carried on, or where the products of such establishments are manufactured.
- Col. III.—To include not only the wages paid to employees, but also the percentage of wages paid by the manufacturer to the total value of goods produced.
- Col. IV.—To include not only the machinery and tools used, but also the labor of the workmen.
- Col. V.—To include only the machinery and tools used, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. VI.—To include only the quantity of materials used, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. VII.—To include only the quantity of products manufactured, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. VIII.—To include only the total value of goods produced, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. IX.—To include only the total value of goods manufactured, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. X.—To include only the total value of goods produced, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XI.—To include only the total value of goods manufactured, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XII.—To include only the total value of goods produced, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XIII.—To include only the total value of goods manufactured, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XIV.—To include only the total value of goods produced, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XV.—To include only the total value of goods manufactured, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XVI.—To include only the total value of goods produced, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XVII.—To include only the total value of goods manufactured, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XVIII.—To include only the total value of goods produced, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XIX.—To include only the total value of goods manufactured, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XX.—To include only the total value of goods produced, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XXI.—To include only the total value of goods manufactured, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XXII.—To include only the total value of goods produced, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XXIII.—To include only the total value of goods manufactured, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XXIV.—To include only the total value of goods produced, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XXV.—To include only the total value of goods manufactured, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XXVI.—To include only the total value of goods produced, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XXVII.—To include only the total value of goods manufactured, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XXVIII.—To include only the total value of goods produced, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XXIX.—To include only the total value of goods manufactured, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XXX.—To include only the total value of goods produced, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XXXI.—To include only the total value of goods manufactured, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XXXII.—To include only the total value of goods produced, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XXXIII.—To include only the total value of goods manufactured, and not the labor of the workmen.
- Col. XXXIV.—To include only the total value of goods produced, and not the labor of the workmen.
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

(1) Brick and Stone Factories.
(2) Obtain and Burn Factories.
(3) Flouring and Grain Mills.
(4) Salt Works.
(5) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
(8) Coal Mines.
(9) Agricultural Implements Works.
(10) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in , in the County of , State of , during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Form Office:  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Company or Manufactory</th>
<th>Name of Manager, Manufacturer, etc.</th>
<th>Capital out of immediate and previous years</th>
<th>Number of persons employed</th>
<th>Wages and Hours of labor</th>
<th>Month in which company was commenced</th>
<th>Month in which company was dissolved</th>
<th>Power used in manufacturing</th>
<th>Dyes or colors used in</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EXPLANATION—The term "Manufacture" means to include, to a large extent, the other classes, and includes the mechanical trades, in other words, the mechanical industries, such as woodworking, rope-making, etc. The smallest shop should be included in the classification. The classification is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1: Name and Address</th>
<th>Column 2: Establishment</th>
<th>Column 3: Capital Outlay</th>
<th>Column 4: Number of Persons</th>
<th>Column 5: Wages and Hours</th>
<th>Column 6: Month</th>
<th>Column 7: Power</th>
<th>Column 8: Dyes or Colors</th>
<th>Column 9: Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: All entries should be filled in accurately, including the cost of materials. Enumeration will take place in each of the manufacturing establishments, large and small, within their local districts.

Notes:

1. The term "Establishment" is defined as including all branches and all departments, including the cost of materials. Enumeration will take place in each of the manufacturing establishments, large and small, within their local districts.

2. The term "Power used in manufacturing" includes all forms of energy, whether mechanical, electrical, or any other means.

3. The term "Dyes or Colors used in manufacturing" includes all forms of dye, whether natural or artificial.

4. The term "Notes" includes any other information deemed necessary by the enumerator.

5. The term "Establishment" includes all branches and all departments, including the cost of materials. Enumeration will take place in each of the manufacturing establishments, large and small, within their local districts.
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:  
(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.  
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.  
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.  
(4.) Salt Works.  
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.  
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.  
(7.) Paper Mills.  
(8.) Coal Mines.  
(9.) Agricultural Implements Works.  
(10.) Quarries.

**SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in [blank], in the County of [blank], State of [blank], during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.**

Post Office: [blank]

| No. | Name of Company, Manufacturer, or Person | Description of Manufacture and Quantity | Number of Hands or Laborers | Sums of Money and Goods in Store, 
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
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<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
<td>[blank]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Remarks:** The term "Manufacture" must be understood to include not only all factories and large works, but also the common trade of shoemaking, carpentry, cooperage, etc. The number in the first column should not be omitted; provided the person has a factory, works, etc., in the county. A separate return should be made for each separate establishment, large or small, within the several districts.

**Columns:**
- **1.** The name of the company, manufacturer, or person.
- **2.** The description of the manufacture and quantity.
- **3.** The number of hands or laborers.
- **4.** The sums of money and goods in store.

**Instructions:**
- Columns 2 and 3 must be filled in, and must be connected with the two preceding columns.
- All other columns must be filled in, and must be connected with the two preceding columns.
- The sums of money and goods in store must be connected with the two preceding columns.
- The number of hands or laborers must be connected with the two preceding columns.
- The sums of money and goods in store must be connected with the two preceding columns.
- The number of hands or laborers must be connected with the two preceding columns.

**Notes:**
- Columns 1 and 2 must be filled in, and must be connected with the two preceding columns.
- All other columns must be filled in, and must be connected with the two preceding columns.
- The sums of money and goods in store must be connected with the two preceding columns.
- The number of hands or laborers must be connected with the two preceding columns.
- The sums of money and goods in store must be connected with the two preceding columns.
- The number of hands or laborers must be connected with the two preceding columns.
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz: (1.) Boot and Shoe Factories. (2.) Cheese and Butter Factories. (3.) Flouring and Grist Mills. (5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills. (6.) Brick, Tile, and Pottery Works. (7.) Paper Mills. (8.) Coal Mines. (9.) Agricultural Implement Works. (10.) Quarries.

**SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Lewis Co., in the County of Jefferson, State of Mo., during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.**

**Post Office:** Oregon Mo

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Corporation, Company, or Association</th>
<th>Capital Stock or Value of Stockholders Capital</th>
<th>Name of Factory, Manufactory, or Shop</th>
<th>Capital Stock or Value of Stockholders Capital</th>
<th>Average number of hands employed</th>
<th>Wages and Hours of Labor</th>
<th>Power used</th>
<th>Process</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jim Whitten, Whitten &amp; Elmer, Whitten &amp; Elmer</td>
<td>1100 6.5</td>
<td>McComb Whitten, Whitten &amp; Elmer</td>
<td>1100 6.5</td>
<td>1 10 12</td>
<td>10 10 20</td>
<td>200 2</td>
<td>10 10 20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Technical Notes:**

- The term "Manufacturing Industry" must be understood, in its largest signification, to include not only all factories and works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, tinsmithing, carpentry, etc. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the productive capacity is 500 lbs. per month, including the cost of material.
- Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, while that regard, while enumerating.
- The kind of business or the character of the industry should be described as specifically as possible, that is,鞋类制造业, Cheese and Butter Factories, etc.
- The value of property is to be included as specifically as possible, that is, shoe factory, cheese and butter factory, etc.
- The value of property is to be included as specifically as possible, that is, shoe factory, cheese and butter factory, etc.
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- The value of property is to be included as specifically as possible, that is, shoe factory, cheese and butter factory, etc.
- The value of property is to be included as specifically as possible, that is, shoe factory, cheese and butter factory, etc.
- The value of property is to be included as specifically as possible, that is, shoe factory, cheese and butte
**SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.**—Products of Industry in County of **[Name]**, State of **[Name]**, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

**Post Office:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Capital</th>
<th>Average number of hands employed</th>
<th>Wages and Means of livelihood</th>
<th>Monthly, Taxable</th>
<th>Power used in manufacture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4.) Salt Works</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(7.) Paper Mills</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(8.) Coal Mines</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(9.) Agricultural Implement Works</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(10.) Quarrys</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTES:**

1. The term "productive industry" must be understood to be in large factories, to include both skillful and laborious work, but also the mechanical trades, such as blacksmithing, carpentering, ironmongery, etc. The smallest shop should not be excluded, provided the products made equal in quality to the largest establishments.

2. The kind of hands employed should be described as nearly as possible; thus: Measuring Machine, Gown, Female, Male, Ship, Coopering, Blacksmithing, etc.

3. The kind of hands employed should be described as nearly as possible; thus: Measuring Machine, Gown, Female, Male, Ship, Coopering, Blacksmithing, etc.

4. The kind of hands employed should be described as nearly as possible; thus: Measuring Machine, Gown, Female, Male, Ship, Coopering, Blacksmithing, etc.

5. The kind of hands employed should be described as nearly as possible; thus: Measuring Machine, Gown, Female, Male, Ship, Coopering, Blacksmithing, etc.

6. The kind of hands employed should be described as nearly as possible; thus: Measuring Machine, Gown, Female, Male, Ship, Coopering, Blacksmithing, etc.

**REMARKS:**

1. The word "productive industry" must be understood to be in large factories, to include both skillful and laborious work, but also the mechanical trades, such as blacksmithing, carpentering, ironmongery, etc. The smallest shop should not be excluded, provided the products made equal in quality to the largest establishments.

2. The kind of hands employed should be described as nearly as possible; thus: Measuring Machine, Gown, Female, Male, Ship, Coopering, Blacksmithing, etc.

3. The kind of hands employed should be described as nearly as possible; thus: Measuring Machine, Gown, Female, Male, Ship, Coopering, Blacksmithing, etc.

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24. The kind of hands employed should be described as nearly as possible; thus: Measuring Machine, Gown, Female, Male, Ship, Coopering, Blacksmithing, etc.

25. The kind of hands employed should be described as nearly as possible; thus: Measuring Machine, Gown, Female, Male, Ship, Coopering, Blacksmithing, etc.
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

1. Boot and Shoe Factories.
2. Cane and Basket Factories.
3. Flouring and Grist Mills.
4. Slat Works.
5. Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
10. Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in ___ County, in the County of ___ , State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: ___ County, ___

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Factory</th>
<th>Sex of Factory</th>
<th>Product Made</th>
<th>Capital and Property Amount</th>
<th>Capital and Property Value</th>
<th>Average number of Hands employed</th>
<th>Wage and Hours of Labor</th>
<th>Monthly inropriation</th>
<th>Power used in Manufacture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Remarks—The word “Factorial Industry” to be understood as its larger significance, to include not only factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades of blacksmithing, repairing, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the person conducting it earns at least $20 per month. The word “Factory” includes large works, machine shops, blacksmith shops, &c., but a small shop conducting a small business, e.g., a tailor's shop and a small mechanical shop, should not be included.

Columns 11 and 12.—These columns are for the use of the enumerator who is to report the number of hands employed in the factory, classified according to sex, and the amount of wages paid. In factories where machinery is used, the hours and wages of the workmen should be recorded.

Columns 13 and 14.—These columns are for the use of the supervisor who is to report the amount of wages paid, classified according to sex, and the amount of capital and property used in the factory, classified according to the amount of wages paid.

Columns 15 and 16.—These columns are for the use of the enumerator who is to report the amount of capital and property used in the factory, classified according to the amount of wages paid.

Columns 17 and 18.—These columns are for the use of the supervisor who is to report the number of hands employed in the factory, classified according to sex, and the amount of wages paid, classified according to the amount of capital and property used in the factory.

Columns 19 and 20.—These columns are for the use of the enumerator who is to report the amount of capital and property used in the factory, classified according to the amount of wages paid.

Columns 21 and 22.—These columns are for the use of the supervisor who is to report the number of hands employed in the factory, classified according to sex, and the amount of wages paid, classified according to the amount of capital and property used in the factory.

Columns 23 and 24.—These columns are for the use of the enumerator who is to report the amount of capital and property used in the factory, classified according to the amount of wages paid.

Columns 25 and 26.—These columns are for the use of the supervisor who is to report the number of hands employed in the factory, classified according to sex, and the amount of wages paid, classified according to the amount of capital and property used in the factory.

Columns 27 and 28.—These columns are for the use of the enumerator who is to report the amount of capital and property used in the factory, classified according to the amount of wages paid.
SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in the County of ___ ___, in the State of ___ ___, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by ___ ___.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Post Office:</th>
<th>Evening July 11th.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Manufacturer</th>
<th>Work, or Article of Manufacture</th>
<th>Number of Hands Employed</th>
<th>Number of Pieces of Wares, &amp;c.</th>
<th>Wages and Salary of Laborers</th>
<th>Monthly Income of Manufacturer</th>
<th>Power used in Manufacture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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</table>

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<tr>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>7</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Jacob Blandford</td>
<td>Blacksmithing</td>
<td>586</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>116</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reference—The term "Manufacturing Industry" has been understood to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as chairmaking, coopering, carpentering, &c. The smaller shops should not be omitted, provided their products are not wholly or partly used by the manufacturer himself, but are sold to retail dealers. In the case of small mechanics, the number of hands employed should be reported. In the case of cooperers, the number of casks made should be reported. In the case of chairmakers, the number of chairs made should be reported. In the case of carpenters, the number of tables, chairs, &c., made should be reported. In the case of blacksmiths, the number of articles made should be reported.