Received August 31, 1880

[7—261.]

Page No. 1
Supervisor's Dist. No. 5
Enumeration Dist. No. 177

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
(4.) Salt Works.
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
(7.) Paper Mills.
(8.) Coal Mines.
(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
(10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Buckfield, in the County of Oxford, State of Maine, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: Buckfield Androscoggin Me.

J. F. Nickerson
Enumerator.

	Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual producing to the value of $500 annually.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital (real and personal) invested in the business.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Average number of hands employed. Males above 16 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Wages and Hours of Labor. Number of Hours in the ordinary day of labor. May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	Months in Operation. On full time.	On ¾ time only.	On ⅔ time only.	On ½ time only.	Idle.	Value of Material (including Mill Supplies and Fuel, Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Value of Product (including Jobbing and Repairing, Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Power used in Manufacture. If water power is used. On what River or Stream?	Height of fall, in feet.	Wheels. Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	If steam power is used. Number of Boilers.	Number of Engines.	Horse power.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
1	Lawrence John E.	Blacksmithing	$2000	1	1			10	9	$1.50		$360.	8	4				$1000	$2000.								1	1	10
2	Murphy & Bowers	Furniture	$1500	2	2			10	8	$2.50		$50.	12					$200	$500.								1	1	10
3	Noyes William E.	Carpenter & Joiner	$1200	1	1			10	8	$2.50		$50	12					$350	$600.										
4	Wetzel Austin	Saddlery & Harness	$1500.	1	1			10	10	$1.50		$250	12					$250	$600.										
5	Smith Martin	Blacksmithing	$150.					10	8				12					$200	$500.										
6	Caswell John	Boots & Shoes	50					8	8					12				135	506	Frankford Stream			Spec Schedule						
7	Madison & Brother	Do.	100					10	8				6	6				350	710				Do.						

REMARKS.—The term "Productive Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production reaches $500 annually, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several districts.

COLUMN 2.—The kind of business or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, thus: Sewing-Machines, Corsets, Furniture, Foundry, Machine Shop, Coopering, Blacksmithing, &c.

COLUMN 11.—In many establishments (as carpenter shops, blacksmith shops, &c.) it will be found that no ordinary laborers are employed. In this case column 11 will not be filled.

COLUMNS 13 to 17.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for in one or more of the columns 13 to 17, thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and 2 months idle.

COLUMNS 18 and 19.—These inquiries are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto,—especially in the case of small shops where book-accounts are not kept.

[18.]—The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

[19.]—The value of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

COLUMN 20.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

COLUMNS 27 and 28.—Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported.

COLUMNS 26 and 29.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

2 J. Johnson

Received July 28, 80.

[7—261.]

Page No. 1
Supervisor's Dist. No. 5
Enumeration Dist. No. 178

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
(4.) Salt Works.
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
(7.) Paper Mills.
(8.) Coal Mines.
(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
(10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Baker Tp., in the County of Linn, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: Bucklin

A. O. Baughes
Enumerator.

Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual producing to the value of $500 annually.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital (real and personal) invested in the business.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Average number of hands employed. Males above 16 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Wages and Hours of Labor. Number of Hours in the ordinary day of labor. May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	Months in Operation. On full time.	On ¾ time only.	On ⅔ time only.	On ½ time only.	Idle.	Value of Material (including Mill Supplies and Fuel. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Value of Product (including Jobbing and Repairing. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Power used in Manufacture. If water power is used. On what River or Stream?	Height of fall, in feet.	Wheels. Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	If steam power is used. Number of Boilers.	Number of Engines.	Horse power.
~~F. M. Bers~~	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
F. M. Bers	Carpentering	$500	7	3			12	9	$1.50		$160	3				9	$1500	$1900										
Wright & Davis	Saddlery & Harness making	300	2	1			10	8	1.50		125			12			400	600										
J. C. Crowder	Blacksmithing	500	1	1			10	8				12					300	800										
A. Swink	Building machine carpentering & wagon	200	1	1			10	8				2	4		6		300	700										
H. Smith & Co	wagon making & Blacksmithing	450	2	1			10	8					6		6		250	600										

I certify that I have this day completed the enumeration of the district assigned me, and that the returns have been duly and truthfully made in accordance with law and my oath of office.

June 21, 1880.

A. O. Baughes
Enumerator.

REMARKS.—The term "Productive Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production reaches $500 annually, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several districts.

COLUMN 2.—The kind of business or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, thus: Sewing-Machines, Corsets, Furniture, Foundry, Machine Shop, Coopering, Blacksmithing, &c.

COLUMN 11.—In many establishments (as carpenter shops, blacksmith shops, &c.) it will be found that no ordinary laborers are employed. In this case column 11 will not be filled.

COLUMNS 13 to 17.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for in one or more of the columns 13 to 17, thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and 2 months idle.

COLUMNS 18 and 19.—These inquiries are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto,—especially in the case of small shops where book-accounts are not kept.

[18.]—The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

[19.]—The value of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

COLUMN 20.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

COLUMNS 27 and 28.—Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported.

COLUMNS 26 and 29.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

2d Johnson

Page No. 1
Supervisor's Dist. No. 5
Enumeration Dist. No. 181

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
(4.) Salt Works.
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
(7.) Paper Mills.
(8.) Coal Mines.
(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
(10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Brookfield, in the County of Linn, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: Brookfield Linn County Missouri

Geo. Hoyle
Enumerator.

Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual producing to the value of $500 annually.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital (real and personal) invested in the business.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Average number of hands employed. Males above 16 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Wages and Hours of Labor. Number of Hours in the ordinary day of labor. May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	Months in Operation. On full time.	On ¾ time only.	On ½ time only.	On ¼ time only.	Idle.	Value of Material (including Mill Supplies and Fuel. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Value of Product (including Jobbing and Repairing. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Power used in Manufacture. If water power is used. On what River or Stream?	Height of fall, in feet.	Wheels. Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	If steam power is used. Number of Boilers.	Number of Engines.	Horse power.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
Sherwood Emory	Blacksmithing	450	1½	1½			10	10	2.00/100	1.00/100	225	12					375	1250	Worked himself full time.										1
Cary Daniel M.	Blacksmithing	400	1½	1½			10	10	2.00/100	.75/100	125	12					300	1000	Worked himself full time.										2
Murrain William	Blacksmithing	1000	2⅓	2⅓			10	10	2.00/100	1.00/100	600	12					1500	3150	Worked himself full time										3
Overjohn Henry	Blacksmithing	450	2	2			10	10	2.00/100	1.00/100		12					675	1680	Self and son Worked full time										4
Brown John H.	Carpentering & Building	500	7 8	7			10	10	2.25/100	1.00/100	2000	6		4		2	4000	10.000	Worked himself 10 months										5
Clarke Henry H.	Carpentering & Building	175	2⅓	2⅓			10	10	2.25/100	1.00/100	785	10		1	1	2	640	2.675	Worked himself 10 months										6
Remmington John E.	Carpentering & Building	300	7	3			10	10	2.50/100	1.50/100	1450	10			1	2	2775	5.450	Worked himself 10 months										7
Shepherd David A.	Watch & clock repairer	250	2	2			10	10	2.00/100		300	12			2		250	12.00 910	Self worked full time, Partner ½ time										8
Barker John P	Watch & clock repairer	75	1	1			10	10	2.00/100			12					75	525	Done his own work										9
Post Jerome C.	Tinner Coppersmith & sheet iron worker	7000	1	1			10	10	2.00/100	1.00/100		12					400	1000	Done his own work										10
Paggett Henry B	Tinner Coppersmith & sheet iron worker Shop	275	1	1			10	10	2.00/100		450			12			375	1050 1050											11
Boyd Henry J.	Wagon Maker Wheelwrighting	100	1	1			10	10	2.00/100			12					300	950	Done his own work										12
Murrain Benjamin	Wagon Maker Wheelwrighting	200	1½	1½			10	10	1.50/100		200	12	1				425	1250	Worked himself full time One apprentice										13
Brown Elbridge	Wagon Maker Wheelwrighting	100	1	1			10	10	2.00/100			12					215	875	Done his own work										14
McGlothlin John	Marble Worker & Stone Cutter	450	1½	1½			10	10	1.50/100		275	12	1				300	1250	Worked himself full time										15
Jaecks Rudolph	Saddlery & Harness Maker	200	1½	1½			10	10	1.50/100	1.00/100	225	12		1			215	950	Worked himself full time										16
Thiemie Lui	Saddlery & Harness Maker	550	3 4	2⅓			10	10	1.50/100	.75/100	675	10 8			2		2150	4150	Worked himself full time										17
Noll George	Cigar Manufacturer & Dealer in Tobacco	1200	4 5	3 4		1	10	10	1.50/100	.75/100	1235	12	1	1			2241	4375	Worked himself full time										18
Emanuel Hermon	Tailor Shop Clothing Only	1000	3	2	1		10	10	2.00/100	.50/100	1025	12	1	1			1235	2675											19
Graff Matthew	Tailor Clothing Mens	475	1½	1	1		10	10	2.00/100	.75/100	230	12					575	1575	Worked himself full time										20
Schneider George	Boots & Shoes	500	4	4			10	10	1.35	1.00	700	3			1	8	1300	3025	Transferred from Spec Schedule										21
Poole J. B.	do.	100					10	10				12					245 ~~XXX~~	580	do.										22
Young Daniel	do.	100					10	10				12					175	739	do.										23
Bolton John	do.	50					10	10				12					183	570	do.										24

REMARKS.—The term "Productive Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production reaches $500 annually, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several districts.

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COLUMNS 18 and 19.—These inquiries are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto,—especially in the case of small shops where book-accounts are not kept.

[18.]—The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

[19.]—The value of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

COLUMN 20.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

COLUMNS 27 and 28.—Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported.

COLUMNS 26 and 29.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

2d Johnson

[7—261.]

Recd July 28, 80

Page No. 1
Supervisor's Dist. No. 5
Enumeration Dist. No. 182

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
(4.) Salt Works.
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
(7.) Paper Mills.
(8.) Coal Mines.
(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
(10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Grantsville Township in the County of Linn, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: Grantsville, Linn Co, Mo,

D. B. Orniston, Enumerator.

Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual producing to the value of $500 annually.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital (real and personal) invested in the business.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Average number of hands employed. Males above 16 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Wages and Hours of Labor. Number of Hours in the ordinary day of labor. May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	Months in Operation. On full time.	On ¾ time only.	On ½ time only.	On ¼ time only.	Idle.	Value of Material (including Mill Supplies and Fuel. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Value of Product (including Jobbing and Repairing. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Power used in Manufacture. If water power is used. On what River or Stream?	Height of fall, in feet.	Wheels. Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	If steam power is used. Number of Boilers.	Number of Engines.	Horse power.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
(1) Ornistor William	~~Building~~ Carpentering	100	6	6			12	10	2	1.50 ~~1½~~	100,	7			4	1	800	1000 ~~1000~~	✓										1
(2) Cassity James	Blacksmithing	125	~~7~~	~~1~~		~~2~~	12	4	~~2~~	~~1~~	~~800~~	2			10		80	800,	✓										2
(3) Fosher John	Blacksmithing	200	~~2~~	~~1~~			8	8	~~2~~			9	3				~~50~~	700,	✓										3
(4) Wilcox Leavens	~~Wagon~~ Wheelwrighting	175	~~1~~	~~1~~			10	8	~~2~~			10			2		100	800,	✓										4
(5) Remyan James	~~Building~~ Carpentering	50	~~1~~	~~1~~			12	10	~~1½~~			6			6		230	900,	✓										5
(6) Mellon William	Blacksmithing	100	~~1~~	~~1~~			~~13~~	8	~~1½~~			8			4		75	800,	✓										6
(7) Leary James	~~Building~~ Carpentering	100	4	4			12	10	2.00		100,	8			4		1000	4000,	✓										7

I hereby certify that I have this day completed the Enumeration of the district assigned me and that the returns have been duly & truthfully made in accordance with law & my oath of office

D. B. Ornistor
Enumerator

June 15-1880

REMARKS.—The term "Productive Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production reaches $500 annually, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several districts.

COLUMN 2.—The kind of business or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, thus: Sewing-Machines, Corsets, Furniture, Foundry, Machine Shop, Coopering, Blacksmithing, &c.

COLUMN 11.—In many establishments (as carpenter shops, blacksmith shops, &c.) it will be found that no ordinary laborers are employed. In this case column 11 will not be filled.

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[18.]—The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

[19.]—The value of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

COLUMN 20.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

COLUMNS 27 and 28.—Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported.

COLUMNS 26 and 29.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

2d Johnson

Received July 28, 80.

Page No. 1
Supervisor's Dist. No. 5
Enumeration Dist. No. 184

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
(4.) Salt Works.
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
(7.) Paper Mills.
(8.) Coal Mines.
(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
(10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in J. J. Jisson Tp., in the County of Linn, State of Mo, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: .....

W. B. Baker
Enumerator.

	Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual producing to the value of $500 annually.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital (real and personal) invested in the business.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Average number of hands employed. Males above 16 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Wages and Hours of Labor. Number of Hours in the ordinary day of labor. May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	Months in Operation. On full time.	On ¾ time only.	On ½ time only.	On ¼ time only.	Idle.	Value of Material (including Mill Supplies and Fuel. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Value of Product (including Jobbing and Repairing. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Power used in Manufacture. If water power is used. On what River or Stream?	Height of fall, in feet.	Wheels. Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	If steam power is used. Number of Boilers.	Number of Engines.	Horse power.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
1	A. F. Boyd	Blacksmithing	600	1	1			10	10	1.50	.75	375	12					300	900											1
2	Henderson R	Wheelwrighting Wagon Shop	130	2	2			10	10	1.75		250	3			9		200	550											2
3	S. M. Johnson	Woodenware & Pick Handle Factory	500	12	5 7			10	10	1.25	.75	1100	12					400	2400											3
4	Dodson W.	Wheelwrighting Wagon Shop	250	1	1			10	10	2.00		50	12					500	600											4
5	Mathews, W. S.	Stone Mason Mortler	400	2	2			10	10	2.00	.60	380	12					110	1200											5
6	~~Woods, H. B.~~	~~Shoe & Book Maker~~	~~100~~	~~1~~				~~10~~	~~10~~	~~2.00~~		~~150~~	~~12~~					~~100~~	~~160~~											6
7	~~Bittaker Leo~~	~~Boot & Shoe Maker~~	~~100~~	~~1~~				~~10~~	~~10~~	~~2.00~~		~~200~~	8				4	~~500~~	~~800~~											7
8																														8
9	Thornburg W. M.	Saddlery & Harness Maker	50	1	1			10	10	1.00		50	12					500	900											9
10	Tom Virgil	Tin & Sheet iron ware Tin Smith	110	1				10	10	~~2.00~~			12					750	1500											10
11	Woods H. B.	Boots & Shoes	100	1	1			10	10	2.00	1.00	50	12					1000	1500	Transferred	from	Shoe	Schedule							11
12	Bittaker John	do.	100	1	1			10	10	2.00	1.00	200	12					500	1050				do.							12
13																														13
14																														14
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REMARKS.—The term "Productive Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production reaches $500 annually, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several districts.

COLUMN 2.—The kind of business or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, thus: Sewing-Machines, Corsets, Furniture, Foundry, Machine Shop, Coopering, Blacksmithing, &c.

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COLUMNS 18 and 19.—These inquiries are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto,—especially in the case of small shops where book-accounts are not kept.

[18.]—The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

[19.]—The value of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

COLUMN 20.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

COLUMNS 27 and 28.—Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported.

COLUMNS 26 and 29.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

J. J. Johnson

[7—261.]

recd July 28, 80

Page No. 1
Supervisor's Dist. No. 5
Enumeration Dist. No. 185

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
(4.) Salt Works.
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
(7.) Paper Mills.
(8.) Coal Mines.
(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
(10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Locust Creek Township, in the County of Linn, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office:

~~B. J. Northcott~~
B. J. Northcott
Enumerator.

Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual producing to the value of $500 annually.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital (real and personal) invested in the business.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Average number of hands employed. Males above 16 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Wages and Hours of Labor. Number of Hours in the ordinary day of labor. May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	Months in Operation. On full time.	On ¾ time only.	On ⅔ time only.	On ½ time only.	Idle.	Value of Material (including Mill Supplies and Fuel. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Value of Product (including Jobbing and Repairing. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Power used in Manufacture. If water power is used. On what River or Stream?	Height of fall, in feet.	Wheels. Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	If steam power is used. Number of Boilers.	Number of Engines.	Horse power.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
Anderson Samuel	~~Shaving Hoops~~ Cooperage	$100	4	4			10	10	1.25	1.25	$100	9				5	100	400	✓										1
Doe Charles A.	Blacksmith shop	40					10	10				11				1	153	625	✓										2
Thompson Joseph	~~Shaving Hoops~~ Cooperage	$100					10	10				9				3	90	550	✓										3
Wilson George	~~Shaving Hoops~~ Cooperage	100					10	10				9				3	90	550	✓										4
																													5
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REMARKS.—The term "Productive Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production reaches $500 annually, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several districts.

COLUMN 2.—The kind of business or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, thus: Sewing-Machines, Corsets, Furniture, Foundry, Machine Shop, Coopering, Blacksmithing, &c.

COLUMN 11.—In many establishments (as carpenter shops, blacksmith shops, &c.) it will be found that no ordinary laborers are employed. In this case column 11 will not be filled.

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COLUMN 20.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

COLUMNS 27 and 28.—Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported.

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2d Johnson

Rec'd July 28, 80

[7—261.]

Page No. 1
Supervisor's Dist. No. 5
Enumeration Dist. No. 187

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(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
(4.) Salt Works.
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
(7.) Paper Mills.
(8.) Coal Mines.
(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
(10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Benton Dt, in the County of Linn, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: Browning Linn Co Mo

C W Northcott
Enumerator.

	Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual producing to the value of $500 annually.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital (real and personal) invested in the business.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Average number of hands employed. Males above 16 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Wages and Hours of Labor. Number of Hours in the ordinary day of labor. May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	Months in Operation. On full time.	On ¾ time only.	On ⅔ time only.	On ½ time only.	Idle.	Value of Material (including Mill Supplies and Fuel. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Value of Product (including Jobbing and Repairing. Omitting fractions	Power used in Manufacture. If water power is used. On what River or Stream?	Height of fall, in feet.	Wheels. Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	If steam power is used. Number of Boilers.	Number of Engines.	Horse power.	
1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29		
1	T. B. Mundell	Furniture ~~Cabinet~~ Making	850	✗	✗			10	10				9			3		100	670	✓											1
2	S. J. Huss	Wheelwrighting Wagon shop	200	✗	✗			12	12				12					100	1000	✓											2
3	Wm. T. Owen	Blacksmithing	200	✗	✗			12	12				12					220	1250	✓											3
4	John Pax	Boot & ~~Shoe~~ making	100	3.	1.			10	10	1.50	100	50	12					100	847.	✓											4
5	Jas Duncan	Saddlery & Harness	500	2.	1.			10	10	1.75	100	100	12					200	2000	✓											5
6	~~Sarah DeHart~~	~~Millinery~~	~~300~~	~~2~~		~~2~~		~~12~~	~~12~~				~~6~~				~~6~~	~~150~~	~~400~~												6
7	W. T. Beacham	Carpentering & Building	60.	✗	✗			10	10				12					200	600	✓											7
8	~~Margaret Woodward~~	~~Millinery~~	~~800~~	~~2.~~		~~2.~~		~~12~~	~~12~~				~~12~~					~~150~~	~~700~~												8
9	Ed Jenkins	Wheelwrighting Wagon shop	1000	✗	✗			12	12				12					350	1200	✓											9
10	Tom Vanzeggen	Blacksmithing	800	✗	✗			12	12				12					200	900	✓											10
11	Geo Dommenverth	Furniture ~~Cabinet~~ making	500	✗	✗			12	12				12					50	600	✓											11
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Page No. 10
Supervisor's Dist. No. 5
Enumeration Dist. No. 188

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(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
(4.) Salt Works.
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
(7.) Paper Mills.
(8.) Coal Mines.
(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
(10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Parson Crk Township Meadville, in the County of Linn, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: Meadville Mo

Abe Marks.
Enumerator.

	Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual producing to the value of $500 annually.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital (real and personal) invested in the business.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Average number of hands employed. Males above 16 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Wages and Hours of Labor. Number of Hours in the ordinary day of labor. May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	Months in Operation. On full time.	On ¾ time only.	On ⅔ time only.	On ½ time only.	Idle.	Value of Material (including Mill Supplies and Fuel. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Value of Product (including Jobbing and Repairing. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Power used in Manufacture. If water power is used. On what River or Stream?	Height of fall, in feet.	Wheels. Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	If steam power is used. Number of Boilers.	Number of Engines.	Horse power.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
1	McKay Geo H	Saddle & Harness	$500	2	2			10	8	$1.75	1.00	$180	12					$1500	$2000										
2	Johnson & Gaydale	Carpenter Carpenter work	$2500	2	2			8	8	$1.75	1.00		12					800	$3000										
3	Black A D	Tinware Tinware & stove	$600	1	1			10	8	$1.00	.75	$300	6	6				$1000	$2000										
4	Goldman Geo W.	Boots & Shoes	200	1	1			10	10	200	100	200	12					200	800	Transferred from Spc Schedule									
5	Johnson Rice J.	do.	500	5	3			10	9	150	100	700	12					2000	3700				do.						
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2d Johnson

Received July 28, 80.

[7—261.]

Page No. 1
Supervisor's Dist. No. 5
Enumeration Dist. No. 186

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
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SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Locust Creek Township, in the County of Linn, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: Linnaus. Linn Co Mo.

George B Milburn
Enumerator.

Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual producing to the value of $500 annually.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital (real and personal) invested in the business.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Average number of hands employed. Males above 16 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Wages and Hours of Labor. Number of Hours in the ordinary day of labor. May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	Months in Operation. On full time.	On ¾ time only.	On ⅔ time only.	On ½ time only.	Idle.	Value of Material (including Mill Supplies and Fuel. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Value of Product (including Jobbing and Repairing. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Power used in Manufacture. If water power is used. On what River or Stream?	Height of fall, in feet.	Wheels. Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	If steam power is used. Number of Boilers.	Number of Engines.	Horse power.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
① Jacob Gartner	~~Watches Clock & Repairing~~ Silver Smithing	1000	1	1			5	5	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	150	600	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
② H B Craig	Saddlery & Harness	1000	6	6			8	8	150		800	12					2000	4000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
③ H P Higgins	Stove & Shelf Hardware Tin Shop.	500	2	2			10	10	200		600	12					300	1500	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
④ John Shelton	House Carpenter & Builder	150	3	3			10	10	175	150	100	8				4	~~800~~ 3000	5000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
⑤ J. Mayman.	Wheelwright Wagon Shop.	300	2	2			10	10	200	150	200	10				2	400	~~1000~~ 1200	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
⑥ Rice Morris	Stove & Shelf Hardware Tin Shop.	500	2	2			10	8	175	150	300	12					600	1200											6
⑦ John Detmilder	Blacksmithing	800	2	2			10	8	150	—	300	12					500	1100											7
⑧ T T Prewitt	Blacksmithing	700	3	3			10	8	150		250	12					1000	1500											8
⑨ George S Havins	House Carpenter & Builder	250	4	4			10	10	200	150	400	10				2	3000	8000											9
⑩ W T Easley	House Carpenter & Builder	300	1	1			10	10	200		100	9				3	1000	2500											10
⑪ H M Miller.	~~Clock & Watch Repairing~~ Silver Smithing	600.	1	1			10	10				12					100	650											11
⑫ A F Chadwick	Wheelwright Wagon Shop.	150	2	1			10	10	150		200.	10				2	150	600										100 00	12
⑬ John Gates	Furniture Factory	3000	2	2			10	10	200		800	8				4	600	2000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	120		13
⑭ Thomas Maxwell	Furniture factory	1000	2	2.			10	10	250		400	10				2	400	1500.	—										14
⑮ Jacob B Rep.	Photo Gallery	400	1				10	8				12					300	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15
⑯ Berry & Begsby	Woolen Mills	2000.	4	4			10	10	200	100	500	6				6	3000	5000	Locust Creek	10	4	Cast Iron	5½	40	30	—	—	—	16
⑰ James Williams	Carpentering & Building	50.	3	2.			10	8	200	100	200	8				4	500.	800.											17
⑱ C M Burnett	~~Painting & Paper hanging~~ Painting & Paper hanging	75	5	3			10	8	200	100	200	8				4	600	1000											18
⑲ William B Shelbat	~~House & Sign painting~~ Painting & Paper hanging	50	1				8	8				8				4	800.	1500											19
⑳ Haley George.	do House & Sign Painting	75	2.	1			10	10	200		300	9				3	900.	1500											20
㉑ F A Lehman	~~Tailor~~ Mens	150.					10	12 15				12					500 ~~Clothing~~	1000											21
㉒ C G. Cummins	Boots & Shoes	350	3	2			12	12	200	150	600	12					2000	3500	Transferred from Spl. Schedule										22
㉓ Preston Stewart	do.	550	3	1			10	12	150		200	12					1000	2000	do.										23
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26	I hereby certify that I have this 17 day of June 1880 Completed enumeration																												26
27	of the Above Schedule, to the best of my knowledge.																												27
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186 Sub. Dist of Supervisor Dist No 5th Missouri

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COLUMNS 13 to 17.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for in one or more of the columns 13 to 17, thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and 2 months idle.

COLUMNS 18 and 19.—These inquiries are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto,—especially in the case of small shops where book-accounts are not kept.

[18.]—The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

[19.]—The value of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

COLUMN 20.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

COLUMNS 27 and 28.—Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported.

COLUMNS 26 and 29.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.