The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a special manufacturing schedule, and not on this Schedule, viz:

1. Boot and Shoe Factories.
2. Cheese and Butter Factories.
3. Flouring and Grist Mills.
5. Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
10. Quarries.

Schedule 3—Manufactures.—Products of Industry in

Maryville, in the County of , State of Indiana, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: Maryville

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Post Office</th>
<th>Maryville</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Schedule 3</th>
<th>Manufactures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Products of Industry in</td>
<td>Maryville, in the County of , State of Indiana, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

(1.) Iron and Steel Factories.
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Gran Mills.
(4.) Brick Kilns and Tile Works.
(5.) Paper Mills.
(6.) Coal Mines.
(7.) Agricultural Implements Works.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Harwood, in the County of Hobeawy, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office:  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Name of Manufacturer</th>
<th>Name of Factory, Works, or Village</th>
<th>Capital (in $)</th>
<th>Number of Hands employed</th>
<th>Number of Pieces of Manufactured Goods</th>
<th>Value of Goods Manufactured in 1879</th>
<th>Wage and Hours of Labor</th>
<th>Meals in Shops</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A. Brown</td>
<td>123 Main St.</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
<td>$500,000</td>
<td>60 hours</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>B. Johnson</td>
<td>456 Oak Lane</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>2,500,000</td>
<td>$1,000,000</td>
<td>65 hours</td>
<td>1/2 cent</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Remarks: The term "Manufactures" must be understood, in its largest signification, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical stores, machines, tools, machinery, appliances, etc., which are necessary to conduct the manufacturing business. The smallest shop, however, should give the name of the shop, together with the name of the owner, if different.

Columns 1-5: The kind of business and the character of the product should be described as accurately as possible, that is, Furniture, Clothing, Groceries, Furniture, Furniture, Machine Shop, Clothing, Hosiery, etc.

Columns 6-7: The number of workmen in the shop should be accurately reported in five classes: 1-10 men, 11-20 men, 21-30 men, 31-40 men, 41-50 men, etc.

Columns 8-9: The hours of labor should be reported in five classes: 6-10 hours per day, 11-15 hours per day, 16-20 hours per day, 21-25 hours per day, 26 hours and over per day.

Columns 10-11: The wages should be reported in five classes: 1-2 dollars per day, 2-3 dollars per day, 3-4 dollars per day, 4-5 dollars per day, 5 dollars and over per day.

Columns 12-13: The value of the product should be reported in five classes: 1-2 dollars, 2-3 dollars, 3-4 dollars, 4-5 dollars, 5 dollars and over.

Columns 14-15: The number of pieces of work should be reported in five classes: 1-10 pieces, 11-20 pieces, 21-30 pieces, 31-40 pieces, 41-50 pieces, etc.

Columns 16-17: The number of machines should be reported in five classes: 1-10 machines, 11-20 machines, 21-30 machines, 31-40 machines, 41-50 machines, etc.

Columns 18-19: The size of the product should be reported in five classes: Small, Medium, Large, Extra Large, and Other.

Columns 20-21: The number of hands employed should be reported in five classes: 1-10 hands, 11-20 hands, 21-30 hands, 31-40 hands, 41-50 hands, etc.

Columns 22-23: The value of the product should be reported in five classes: 1-2 dollars, 2-3 dollars, 3-4 dollars, 4-5 dollars, 5 dollars and over.

Columns 24-25: The number of machines should be reported in five classes: 1-10 machines, 11-20 machines, 21-30 machines, 31-40 machines, 41-50 machines, etc.

Columns 26-27: The size of the product should be reported in five classes: Small, Medium, Large, Extra Large, and Other.

Columns 28-29: The number of hands employed should be reported in five classes: 1-10 hands, 11-20 hands, 21-30 hands, 31-40 hands, 41-50 hands, etc.

Columns 30-31: The value of the product should be reported in five classes: 1-2 dollars, 2-3 dollars, 3-4 dollars, 4-5 dollars, 5 dollars and over.

Columns 32-33: The number of machines should be reported in five classes: 1-10 machines, 11-20 machines, 21-30 machines, 31-40 machines, 41-50 machines, etc.

Columns 34-35: The size of the product should be reported in five classes: Small, Medium, Large, Extra Large, and Other.

Columns 36-37: The number of hands employed should be reported in five classes: 1-10 hands, 11-20 hands, 21-30 hands, 31-40 hands, 41-50 hands, etc.

Columns 38-39: The value of the product should be reported in five classes: 1-2 dollars, 2-3 dollars, 3-4 dollars, 4-5 dollars, 5 dollars and over.

Columns 40-41: The number of machines should be reported in five classes: 1-10 machines, 11-20 machines, 21-30 machines, 31-40 machines, 41-50 machines, etc.

Columns 42-43: The size of the product should be reported in five classes: Small, Medium, Large, Extra Large, and Other.

Columns 44-45: The number of hands employed should be reported in five classes: 1-10 hands, 11-20 hands, 21-30 hands, 31-40 hands, 41-50 hands, etc.

Columns 46-47: The value of the product should be reported in five classes: 1-2 dollars, 2-3 dollars, 3-4 dollars, 4-5 dollars, 5 dollars and over.

Columns 48-49: The number of machines should be reported in five classes: 1-10 machines, 11-20 machines, 21-30 machines, 31-40 machines, 41-50 machines, etc.

Columns 50-51: The size of the product should be reported in five classes: Small, Medium, Large, Extra Large, and Other.

Columns 52-53: The number of hands employed should be reported in five classes: 1-10 hands, 11-20 hands, 21-30 hands, 31-40 hands, 41-50 hands, etc.

Columns 54-55: The value of the product should be reported in five classes: 1-2 dollars, 2-3 dollars, 3-4 dollars, 4-5 dollars, 5 dollars and over.
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a special manufacturing schedule, and not on this Schedule, viz:

- Boot and Shoe Factories
- Clothing and Boot Factories
- Lumber Mills and Saw Mills
- Brick Yards and Tile Works
- Paper Mills
- Coal Mines
- Agricultural Implement Works
- Quarries

**Schedule 3—Manufactures.** Products of Industry in Independent Territory in the County of [County], State of [State], during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

**Post Office:** Saginaw City

**Enquirer:** [Name]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Manufacturer</th>
<th>Product Produced</th>
<th>Average Number of Hands</th>
<th>Wages and Hours of Labor</th>
<th>Months in Year</th>
<th>Pounds of Product</th>
<th>Rent or Lease</th>
<th>Interest on Money</th>
<th>Interest on Stock</th>
<th>Smaller Quantity in Small Shops</th>
<th>Larger Quantity in Large Shops</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Edward Blacksmith</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>William Smith</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robert Jones</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>David Clarke</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Robert Cooper</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Robert Sharp</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Remarks:**
- The term "Manufacture" must be understood in its larger sense, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, coopership, carpentry, etc. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production makes 100 per cent. of raw material, including the use of machinery. Remember, when making a return of the products, large and small, write the words that should convey the meaning.
- The kind of labor or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, e.g., building, masonry, carpentry, factory, machine shop, coopership, etc.
- In many establishments (especially shops, blacksmith shops, etc.) it will be found that an ordinary form is employed, i.e., production, and the material will not be fixed.
- In all the months of the year, there should be a return of the number of hands, the hours of labor, the output of goods, the amount of raw material used, and the value of the product.
- In cases of small shops producing goods, or doing work, the neighborhood only, the value of the product minus the price of materials should be entered.

**Columns:**
- Column 1—The number of hands employed in the production of goods, or doing work, the neighborhood only, the value of the product minus the price of materials should be entered.
- Column 2—The number of hands employed in the production of goods, or doing work, the neighborhood only, the value of the product minus the price of materials should be entered.
- Column 3—The number of hands employed in the production of goods, or doing work, the neighborhood only, the value of the product minus the price of materials should be entered.
- Column 4—The number of hands employed in the production of goods, or doing work, the neighborhood only, the value of the product minus the price of materials should be entered.
- Column 5—The number of hands employed in the production of goods, or doing work, the neighborhood only, the value of the product minus the price of materials should be entered.
- Column 6—The number of hands employed in the production of goods, or doing work, the neighborhood only, the value of the product minus the price of materials should be entered.

**Dates:**
- July 8

**Signatures:**
- [Signature] Enquirer
- [Signature] Inspector
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

- Boot and Shoe Factories
- Machine and Cutter Factories
- Flouring and Grist Mills
- Paper Mills
- Lumber Mills and Saw Mills
- Brick Yards and Tile Works
- Coal Mines
- Agricultural Implement Works
- Quarries

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in [blank], in the County of [blank], State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by [name].

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Corporation, Company, or Establishments</th>
<th>Name of Business, Manufacture, or Industry</th>
<th>Number of Hands Employed</th>
<th>Wages and Hours of Labor</th>
<th>Months in Operation</th>
<th>Price paid at Market</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Farley M. Williams, Blacksmith</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>$200 1880</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Remarks.—The term "Manufacturing Industry" must be understood to include not only all factories and works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, cooperage, carpentering, etc. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the productive power is actually included in the cost of material. Transactions will take place in much of the productive establishments, large and small, unless that appears distinctly.

Column 9: The kind of business or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, i.e., Sewing Machine, Groom, Fatback, Masonry, Milling, Cooperage, Blacksmithing, etc.

Column 13: In small establishments (e.g., cooperage shops, blacksmith shops, etc.) list the handiwork that ordinary laborers are employed. In this case value $ will not be indicated.

Column 17: These figures are of prime importance. Direct cost and judgment should be indicated in making the return relative thereto, especially in the case of small shops to whom book accounts are not kept.

Column 18: The value of the product, in the case of small and inferior products for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops, producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

Columns 20 and 21: Only wares made before and engines are to be reported.

Columns 20 and 21: This is an item of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.
## SCHEDULE 3. — MANUFACTURES.

- **Products of Industry in **[Redacted] **, in the County of **[Redacted]**, State of **[Redacted]**, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

### Post Office: Maukville, Ills.

#### Enumerator:

**H.E. Ashton**

### Table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Manufacturer</th>
<th>Name of Product</th>
<th>Average number of hands employed</th>
<th>Monthly wages of laborers</th>
<th>Amount due to manufacturers</th>
<th>Amount due to laborers</th>
<th>Amount due to proprietors</th>
<th>Number of hours per day</th>
<th>Number of hours per week</th>
<th>Number of hours per month</th>
<th>Number of months</th>
<th>Number of years</th>
<th>Rating of work</th>
<th>Amount paid for machinery</th>
<th>Amount paid for materials</th>
<th>Amount paid for wages</th>
<th>Amount paid for rent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>L. Smith</td>
<td>Lumber</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>12.8.62</td>
<td>2,500</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>10.8</td>
<td>60.8</td>
<td>330</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>12.8.62</td>
<td>7.50</td>
<td>2,500</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J. Appleton</td>
<td>Furniture</td>
<td>30.00</td>
<td>11.8.80</td>
<td>2,200</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>1,700</td>
<td>11.8</td>
<td>60.8</td>
<td>360</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>11.8.80</td>
<td>7.50</td>
<td>2,200</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T. Johnson</td>
<td>Carpentry</td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td>11.8.50</td>
<td>2,500</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>10.8</td>
<td>60.8</td>
<td>330</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>11.8.50</td>
<td>7.50</td>
<td>2,500</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W. Smith</td>
<td>Milling</td>
<td>30.00</td>
<td>11.8.80</td>
<td>2,200</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>1,700</td>
<td>11.8</td>
<td>60.8</td>
<td>360</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>11.8.80</td>
<td>7.50</td>
<td>2,200</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H. Anderson</td>
<td>Printing</td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td>11.8.50</td>
<td>2,500</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>10.8</td>
<td>60.8</td>
<td>330</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>11.8.50</td>
<td>7.50</td>
<td>2,500</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Notes:

- The term "Manufactures" must be understood in its largest sense, to include not only all factories, mills and works, but also the manufacture of anything hereafter manufactured, or anything made, within the State or Territory.
- The names of manufacturers shall be given in full, including all names and descriptions.
- The names of manufacturers shall also give the name of the town or city in which the manufacturing establishment is located.
- The names of manufacturers shall also give the name of the State or Territory in which the manufacturing establishment is located.
- The names of manufacturers shall also give the name of the county or district in which the manufacturing establishment is located.
- The names of manufacturers shall also give the name of the township or village in which the manufacturing establishment is located.
- The names of manufacturers shall also give the name of the sub-district or neighborhood in which the manufacturing establishment is located.
- The names of manufacturers shall also give the name of the sub-district or neighborhood in which the manufacturing establishment is located.
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- The names of manufacturers shall also give the name of the sub-district or neighborhood in which the manufacturing establishment is located.
- The names of manufacturers shall also give the name of the sub-district or neighborhood in which the manufacturing establishment is located.
- The names of manufacturers shall also give the name of the sub-district or neighborhood in which the manufacturing establishment is located.
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

1. Boot and Shoe Factories.
2. Chair and Bar Stool Factories.
3. Flouring and Grist Mills.
5. Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
7. Coal Mines.
9. Quarries.

**Schedule 3.—Manufactures.—Products of Industry in Brown County, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.**

Post Office: Morgantown

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Manufacturer</th>
<th>Name of Manufacturer's Wife</th>
<th>Description of Work or Product</th>
<th>Amount of Product Made</th>
<th>Dollars, Cent</th>
<th>Wages and Hours of Labor</th>
<th>Months in Which Made</th>
<th>Reason for Chief's Absence</th>
<th>If wife or other person is used</th>
<th>Wages and Hours of Labor</th>
<th>Reason for Chief's Absence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C. Smith</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A. Brown</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J. White</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>L. Green</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: Cannot get total amount of wages as no book kept.*
SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in the County of , State of , during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Officer or Acer.</th>
<th>Capital and Description of Establishment</th>
<th>Average Number of Hands Employed</th>
<th>Number of Hours Worked Per Week</th>
<th>Total Value of Wages Per Year</th>
<th>Total Value of Sales Per Year</th>
<th>Power and Use of Machinery</th>
<th>Numbers of Machines</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| George B. Blaithman    | 625                                   | 1                               | 10 8 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
(4.) Salt Works.

(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
(7.) Paper Mills.
(8.) Coal Mines.
(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
(10.) Quarries.

**SCHEDULE 3.——MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in**

---

**Post Office:**
Maryville

** Enumeration Dat. No. 36**

---

**Name of Corporation, Capacity, or Manufacture:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Corporation, Capacity, or Manufacture</th>
<th>Number of Hands Employed</th>
<th>Officers and Shareholders</th>
<th>Capital Stock in Cash or Bonds</th>
<th>Capital Stock in欄</th>
<th>Total Value of Property</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agricultural Implements</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agricultural Implements</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
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<td>Agricultural Implements</td>
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<td>Agricultural Implements</td>
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<tr>
<td>Agricultural Implements</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**Notes:**

- The term “Productive Industry” must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the smaller kinds, such as blacksmithing, sawing, etc. The seamen ship should not be omitted, provided the products include 50% or more of the total.
- Columns 1 to 9 are to be filled in the order given. The columns are not to be altered, added, or subtracted.
- The terms “manufacture” and “product” are to be understood in the largest sense, including all that is necessary to the completion of the product.
- The columns should be filled in as accurately as possible.

---

**Orientation:**

- The form should be filled in as accurately as possible. The columns are not to be altered, added, or subtracted.
- The terms “manufacture” and “product” are to be understood in the largest sense, including all that is necessary to the completion of the product.
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

1. Boot and Shoe Factories.
2. Cigar and Cigarette Factories.
3. Flouring and Mill Factories.
4. Flour Mills.
5. Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
10. Quarries.

**SCHEDULE 3.—Manufactures.**—Products of Industry in this County of , in the State of , during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

**Post Office:**

<table>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Blacksmithing</td>
<td>200.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>50.00</td>
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<td>10.00</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
- The term "Productive Industry" must be understood, in its largest signification, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, pumping, carpentering, etc. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the product exceeds 5000 annually, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, while their several details.

- Column 9.—The kind of materials or the character of the product should be described as specifically as possible; thus: Sewing Machines, Corners, Furniture, Foundry, Machine Shop, Cooperage, Blacksmithing, &c.

- Column 10.—In every establishment in operation, blacksmith shops, etc. are not to be found in the larger towns where the workmen are employed. In this case whether it will be found.

- Column 11.—All the numbers in the year should be accounted for in one or more of the columns 10 to 17, thus: 12 months on full time, or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time, or 10 months on full time and 2 months on half time.

- Column 12.—The description of the principal product. Great care and judgment should be exercised in marking the names relating thereto, comparatively in the case of small shops where the workers are not kept.

- The nature of the product, the kind of goods, and materials, producing for a distant market, enters the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or selling work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged for the work.

- Column 16.—If any item is not claimed, mention the larger item or clear less than a dollar.

- Columns 20 and 21.—This is an item of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

**Received July 20, 1880.**
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not as this Schedule, viz:

1. Boot and Shoe Factories.
2. Cheese and Butter Factories.
3. Flouring and Grist Mills.
5. Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
10. Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in [place name], in the County of [place name], State of [place name], during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: [place name]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Corporation, Company, or Establishment</th>
<th>Name of Machine, Manufacture, or Product</th>
<th>Amount of Capital</th>
<th>Number of Hands Employed</th>
<th>Wages and House of Labor</th>
<th>Stock in Store</th>
<th>Power used in Manufacturing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. John Smith</td>
<td>Flour Milling</td>
<td>$200</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>$120</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Sarah Johnson</td>
<td>Brick Making</td>
<td>$300</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>$200</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
- The term "Manufacturing Industry" must be understood, in its largest signification, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, carpentering, etc. The tradesmen, shopmen, should not be entered, provided the production made $50 weekly, including the cost of materials. Enormous will take place in most of the large factories and workshops, large and small, within whose several districts.
- The kind of business in the character of product should be described in as method as possible, for all of the various etalations, large and small, within their several districts.
- The kind of business in the character of product should be described in as method as possible, for all of the various etalations, large and small, within their several districts.
- The kind of business in the character of product should be described in as method as possible, for all of the various etalations, large and small, within their several districts.
- The kind of business in the character of product should be described in as method as possible, for all of the various etalations, large and small, within their several districts.
- The kind of business in the character of product should be described in as method as possible, for all of the various etalations, large and small, within their several districts.
- The kind of business in the character of product should be described in as method as possible, for all of the various etalations, large and small, within their several districts.
- The kind of business in the character of product should be described in as method as possible, for all of the various etalations, large and small, within their several districts.
- The kind of business in the character of product should be described in as method as possible, for all of the various etalations, large and small, within their several districts.
- The kind of business in the character of product should be described in as method as possible, for all of the various etalations, large and small, within their several districts.
- The kind of business in the character of product should be described in as method as possible, for all of the various etalations, large and small, within their several districts.
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- The kind of business in the character of product should be described in as method as possible, for all of the various etalations, large and small, within their several districts.
- The kind of business in the character of product should be described in as method as possible, for all of the various etalations, large and small, within their several districts.
- The kind of business in the character of product should be described in as method as possible, for all of the various etalations, large and small, within their several districts.
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- The kind of business in the character of product should be described in as method as possible, for all of the various etalations, large and small, within their several districts.
- The kind of business in the character of product should be described in as method as possible, for all of the various etalations, large and small, within their several districts.
- The kind of business in the character of product should be described in as method as possible, for all of the various etalations, large and small, within their several districts.
- The kind of business in the character of product should be described in as method as possible, for all of the various etalations, large and small, within their several districts.

[Cities and towns mentioned should be] [place name].
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz: 

(2.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
(3.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(4.) Flouring and Great Mills.
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6.) Brick Yards and The Works.
(7.) Paper Mills.
(8.) Coal Mines.
(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
(10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Jefferson Township, in the County of Wayne, State of Ohio, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Industry</th>
<th>Number of Establishments</th>
<th>Capital and Machinery</th>
<th>Average number of Hands, Children, and Girls</th>
<th>Wages and Hours of Labor</th>
<th>Number of Weeks in Year</th>
<th>Power used in Manufacturing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ohio Dist. Blacksmith</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>$1,265</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>$1,000</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>200 HP</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Remarks: The term "Manufacturing Industry" must be understood to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, such as bookbinding, sorting, etc. The method shall be in all cases and in the case of small works shall be as described in the schedule.

Columns 5 and 6—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information obtainable should be used in filling these columns.

Received July 30, 1880.
**Schedule 3 — Manufactures** — Products of Industry in [Place], in the County of [County], State of [State], during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

**Post Office:** [Post Office]

**Enumerator:** [Name of Enumerator]

### Table of Manufactures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual</th>
<th>Name of Person in Charge or Businessman</th>
<th>Capital Stock, Accounts, or Capital</th>
<th>Average number of WORKERS employed during the year.</th>
<th>Wage and Hours of Labor.</th>
<th>Material used.</th>
<th>Price of Product.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) ACME Manufacturing Co.</td>
<td>James Smith</td>
<td>$50,000</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>$5 per day</td>
<td>Cotton</td>
<td>$1 per pound</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) ABC Inc.</td>
<td>John Doe</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>$6 per day</td>
<td>Wool</td>
<td>$1.50 per pound</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) XYZ Limited</td>
<td>Mary Johnson</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>$7 per day</td>
<td>Linen</td>
<td>$2 per pound</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
- The term "Workshops" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical works, such as blacksmithing, carpentering, etc. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the product made $50 annually, including the cost of materials. 
- Enumerators will take pains to mark all of these establishments large and small, whether they accept orders.
- Column 11—In small establishments of more than 50 people, the hours of labor will be noted by the enumerator. In this column, $1 will be noted in blank.
- Column 23 and 24—all the 50 weeks of the year should be accounted for, if in the month of October, 10 weeks on full time, or 5 weeks on half time, or 8 weeks on full time and 3 weeks on half time.
- Column 25 and 30—For purposes of this enumeration, the hours of work and judgment should be exercised in marking the material or product, especially in the case of small shops where bookkeepers are not kept.
- Column 33—The net value of the products, in thousands of dollars, and the place of production, for a factory market, as well as the wholesale value of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood, only, the value of the product should be filled in.

**Explanation:**
- The term "Manufacturing" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical works, such as blacksmithing, carpentering, etc. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the product made $50 annually, including the cost of materials. 
- Enumerators will take pains to mark all of these establishments large and small, whether they accept orders.