| Name of Establishment | Value of Product | Value of Materials | Value of Wages and Salaries | Value of Insurances | Value of Supplies, Fuel, etc. | Value of Building, etc. | Total Value of Establishment | Value of Sales for Year | Value of Sales for the Twelve Months Beginning June 1, 1879, and Ending May 31, 1880 | Power used in Manufacture | Purpose of Power | Number of Persons Employed | Hours per Week | Value of Wages for Year | Value of Wages for the Twelve Months Beginning June 1, 1879, and Ending May 31, 1880 |
|----------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Wood and Plywood... | $300.00          | $18.00            | $15.00                      | $2.00              | $10.00                      | $5.00                   | $58.00                    | $30.00                  | $15.00                                                          | 1.00                      |                             | 10.00                  | 50              | $50.00                       | 50              | $50.00                  |
| Lumber and Millwork | $75.00           | $4.50             | $3.00                       | $0.50              | $3.00                       | $1.50                   | $15.50                    | $6.50                   | $3.25                                                           | 0.50                      |                             | 5.00                   | 25              | $25.00                       | 25              | $25.00                  |
| Furniture and Fixtures | $50.00        | $3.00             | $2.00                       | $0.20              | $1.80                       | $0.90                   | $7.70                     | $3.85                   | $1.92                                                          | 0.35                      |                             | 3.50                   | 15              | $15.00                       | 15              | $15.00                  |

**NOTES:**
- The term "Industrial" means in this case manufacturing establishments, such as those engaged in the production of goods for sale, and not in the retailing of goods for consumption by the public.
- The term "Value of Product" includes the value of all goods produced, whether for sale or for use in the establishment.
- The term "Value of Materials" includes the cost of all materials used in the production of goods.
- The term "Value of Wages and Salaries" includes the wages paid to all employees, whether skilled or unskilled.
- The term "Value of Insurances" includes the cost of all insurance policies held by the establishment.
- The term "Value of Supplies, Fuel, etc." includes the cost of all supplies, fuel, and other materials used in the production of goods.
- The term "Value of Building, etc." includes the cost of all buildings, machinery, and other fixed assets owned by the establishment.
- The term "Total Value of Establishment" includes the sum of all the above values.
- The term "Value of Sales for Year" includes the total value of all goods sold during the year.
- The term "Value of Sales for the Twelve Months Beginning June 1, 1879, and Ending May 31, 1880" includes the total value of all goods sold during the twelve months specified.
- The term "Power used in Manufacture" includes the total amount of power used in the production of goods.
- The term "Purpose of Power" includes the type of power used, whether steam, water, or electrical.
- The term "Number of Persons Employed" includes the total number of employees, whether full-time or part-time.
- The term "Hours per Week" includes the average number of hours worked per week by all employees.
- The term "Value of Wages for Year" includes the total value of wages paid to all employees during the year.
- The term "Value of Wages for the Twelve Months Beginning June 1, 1879, and Ending May 31, 1880" includes the total value of wages paid to all employees during the twelve months specified.

**Additional Notes:**
- The term "Estimate" is used for items that cannot be accurately measured or calculated.
- The term "Approximate" is used for items that are estimated rather than calculated.

**Reference:**
- The data presented is based on the 1880 United States Census of Manufactures.
Received July 28, 1880.

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz: (1.) Boot and Shoe Factories. (2.) Cheese and Butter Factories. (3.) Flouring and Grist Mills. (4.) Salt Works.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in , in the County of , State of , during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Corporation, Company, Association, &amp;c.,</th>
<th>Name of Business, Manufacture, or Trade</th>
<th>Average Annual Value of Products</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If water power is used, enter full name and location. If steam engine is used, enter name and location. If both used, enter both names and locations.

[Table continued]
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:  

(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.  
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.  
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.  
(4.) Salt Works.  
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.  
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.  
(7.) Paper Mills.  
(8.) Coal Mines.  
(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.  
(10.) Quarries.  

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in [township], in the County of [county], State of [state], during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.  

Post Office: [post_office] Wayne County  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Occupations</th>
<th>Name of Business</th>
<th>Capital (in dollars)</th>
<th>Value of Property</th>
<th>Value of Produce</th>
<th>Wage and Hours of Labor</th>
<th>Number of Wage Earners</th>
<th>Value of Wages</th>
<th>Power used in Mechanization</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>[name]</td>
<td>550</td>
<td>904</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>8.25</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>fremont</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EXPLANATIONS.—The term “Manufacturing Industry” must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all kinds of large works, but also the mechanical trades, such as shoemaking, carpentering, sawmilling, &c. The workhouse shop should not be included, provided the production exceeds 500 annually, including the cost of materials. The manufacturer will take pains to report all the productive establishments, large and small, whether in actual practice.

COLUMN 1.—The kind of business in which the product is manufactured should be described as specifically as possible, thus: Booting Machine, Grocers, Freighters, Buttonhole Knife, Sewing, Bookbinder, &c.

COLUMN 2.—In many establishments, (as carpet shops, blacksmith shops, &c.;) it will be found that no ordinary laborers are employed. In that case column 8 will not be filled.

COLUMN 3.—The number of hours of labor per week. Great care and judgment should be exercised in arriving at these results, especially in small shops where book accounts are not kept.

COLUMN 4.—The number of the product. Great care and judgment should be exercised in arriving at these results, especially in small shops where book accounts are not kept.

COLUMN 5.—The value of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distinct market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price.