SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in

St. Louis County, in the County of St. Louis,

State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office:

Enumerator.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Name of Establishment or Company (if more than one)</th>
<th>Address of Establishment or Company</th>
<th>Nature of Business</th>
<th>Average number of hands employed</th>
<th>Wages paid in dollars</th>
<th>Total number of hands employed</th>
<th>Product less than $500</th>
<th>Product $500 to $1,000</th>
<th>Product $1,000 to $5,000</th>
<th>Product $5,000 to $10,000</th>
<th>Product $10,000 to $50,000</th>
<th>Product $50,000 to $100,000</th>
<th>Product $100,000 or over</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St. Louis</td>
<td>Test Company, pO Box 5553</td>
<td>1122 W Main St.</td>
<td>Leather goods</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Product less than $500</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Made to order</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Remarks.—The word “Manufacture” must be understood, as in its largest sense, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, carpentering, and the like. The number of hands should not be exceeded, provided the product is less than $500, for all other classes of establishments, large and small, within their several classes.

Columns 9 to 10.—The above columns are important. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns, either for the whole or part of the year, which have not been fully completed.

Columns 11 and 12.—The names of all persons employed in the manufacture of any article, whether they are employed full time or part time, or whether they are employed in the same establishment or in a different establishment, should be given.

Column 13.—If the article is a very small one, mention also the larger amount or larger size, which it contains.

Column 14 and 15.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:-(l.) Brick and Stone Factories. (m.) Flouring and Milling Mills. (n.) Shale Works.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in **[Redacted]**, in the County of **[Redacted]**, State of **[Redacted]**, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Form Office: **[Redacted]**, State of **[Redacted]**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Commodity</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Pounds</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Price per Pound</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Brick and Stone</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flouring and Milling Mills</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shale Works</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Enumerator: **[Redacted]**

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**Notes:**
- The term “Products of Industry” must be understood to include not only all factories and mills, but also all mechanical trades, such as blacksmithing, carpentering, etc. The smaller shops should not be omitted, provided the product made is worth money, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several districts.
- The kind of business or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, thus: Brewing-Malting, Cream, Flour, Frozen, Frozen. Jordan Shop, Coopering, Brickmaking, etc.
- In the case of small establishments (as interior shops, blacksmith shops, etc.), as it will be found that no ordinary classes are enumerated, in this case a single line will not be filled.
- Out of 25 the 30th month of the year should be added for in one case of the following 10 12. A month is 30 days, or 9 months 90 days.
- The quantities are to be given in pounds, weighing 16 lbs. to a stone, or 10 months on 40 days and 2 months 11 days.
- The prices are to be given in dollars and cents, and the weight of the produce to be given in terms of bushels or scores, as the case may be, with exception to the case of market shops when bushells are not kept.
- The value of the products is to be given in dollars and cents, estimating the productive value of the goods. In the case of market shops producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the produce means the price paid for the same at the shop.
- If the product is a very small one, estimate also the average prices or rates into which it goes.

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**Summarization:**
- This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be filled in these columns.
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

1. Boot and Shoe Factories.
2. Cheese and Butter Factories.
3. Flouring and Grist Mills.
4. Sift Works.
5. Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
10. Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in __________, in the County of __________, State of __________, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: __________

Examiner: __________

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Corporation, Company or Manufacturer</th>
<th>Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product</th>
<th>Number of Persons Employed</th>
<th>Value of Property</th>
<th>Value of Wages in a Year</th>
<th>Total Value of Wages</th>
<th>Value of Wages per Person</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>James Darky</td>
<td>Blacksmith</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTES.—The term "Manufacturing Industry" must be understood to include all industries, including those of farmers. Enumeration will include all of the productive establishments, large and small, unless otherwise specified.

(1) This kind of business or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, i.e., sewing machines, cotton, furniture, printing, mule spinning, knitting, knitting mills, etc.

(2) All labor connections are to be entered on this page in the order of decreasing wages, provided no laborer is paid more than once.

(3) The labor of men, women, and children employed in the same establishment should be entered in the same manner as above.

(4) The labor of children and children's help employed in the same establishment should be entered in the same manner as above.

(5) The labor of children and children's help employed in the same establishment should be entered in the same manner as above.

(6) The labor of children and children's help employed in the same establishment should be entered in the same manner as above.

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(48) The labor of children and children's help employed in the same establishment should be entered in the same manner as above.

(49) The labor of children and children's help employed in the same establishment should be entered in the same manner as above.

(50) The labor of children and children's help employed in the same establishment should be entered in the same manner as above.
SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Merriam Township, in the County of Scott, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Sanctuary</th>
<th>Name of Business, Trade, Manufactory, Occupation, &amp;c.</th>
<th>Wages and Hours of Labor</th>
<th>Quantity of Stock Employed</th>
<th>Value of Product</th>
<th>Description of Product</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8.5.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Remarks:**—The term "Manufactures" must be understood, in its larger signification, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop that is not excluded, provided the product shall be the $50 annually, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to include all of the productive manufacturers, large and small, within the several districts.

**Columns:**—The kind of business or character of product should be described as accurately as possible. Class: Banking, Manufacturing, Wholesale, Retail, Foreign, Machine Shop, Coopering, Blacksmithing, &c.

**Note:**—In many establishments (as among shops, Blacksmith Shop, &c.) it will be found that no exact labor is employed. In those cases labor will not be included.

**Note:**—All entries of labor should be accounted for in the weeks of the month or the quarter of the month from 1 to 12, the 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and 2 months on half time.

**Note:**—All entries of profit or loss should be included in making the returns relative thereto. The returns of the manufacturers, &c., are to be kept.

**Note:**—The value of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods for their neighborhood, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

**Note:**—If the entries in the several columns do not total, the larger column or column which it does.

**Note:**—If the entries are not in regular order, they should be corrected as required.

**Note:**—This is an important point. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.
The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

1. Brick and Stone Factories.
2. Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
3. Flouring and Grist Mills.
5. Saw Mills.
10. Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in [blank], in the County of Scott, State of [blank], during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post office: [blank]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Composing Company, or Individual proprietor</th>
<th>Name of Species, Manufacturer, or Product</th>
<th>Capital Stock and Amortized Fund (Voucher)</th>
<th>Average number of hands employed</th>
<th>Wages and Salaries of Labor</th>
<th>Monthly or Yearly</th>
<th>Power used in Manufacturing</th>
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</table>

Remarks—The term "Products of Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, such as blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, etc. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the products made are worthily made.

Column 2.—The kind of labour or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, viz.: Fencing, Milling, Curing, Pigging, Filling, Boring, Milling, Coopering, Mechanics, etc.

Column 3.—If more than one species of work are done, enter the kind of work most done, and enter the words "mixed" in the column for "kind of work." If the work is done in other shops, or under other management, enter the words "under contract" in the column for "kind of work." If the work is done in the shops, enter the words "own work," and the name of the person who owns the shops.

Column 4.—The plant should be described as accurately as possible, but not necessarily as completely as possible. The terms "shop," "mill," "mich," "coopering," "mechanics," etc., should be used.

Column 5.—The data should be stated as accurately as possible, and the term "work" should be used as accurately as possible. The term "work" should be understood to mean the work done in the shops, and not the work done by the shops in other shops.

Column 6.—The data should be stated as accurately as possible, and the term "work" should be used as accurately as possible. The term "work" should be understood to mean the work done in the shops, and not the work done by the shops in other shops.

Column 7.—The data should be stated as accurately as possible, and the term "work" should be used as accurately as possible. The term "work" should be understood to mean the work done in the shops, and not the work done by the shops in other shops.

Column 8.—The data should be stated as accurately as possible, and the term "work" should be used as accurately as possible. The term "work" should be understood to mean the work done in the shops, and not the work done by the shops in other shops.

Column 9.—The data should be stated as accurately as possible, and the term "work" should be used as accurately as possible. The term "work" should be understood to mean the work done in the shops, and not the work done by the shops in other shops.

Column 10.—The data should be stated as accurately as possible, and the term "work" should be used as accurately as possible. The term "work" should be understood to mean the work done in the shops, and not the work done by the shops in other shops.

Column 11.—The data should be stated as accurately as possible, and the term "work" should be used as accurately as possible. The term "work" should be understood to mean the work done in the shops, and not the work done by the shops in other shops.

Column 12.—The data should be stated as accurately as possible, and the term "work" should be used as accurately as possible. The term "work" should be understood to mean the work done in the shops, and not the work done by the shops in other shops.

Column 13.—The data should be stated as accurately as possible, and the term "work" should be used as accurately as possible. The term "work" should be understood to mean the work done in the shops, and not the work done by the shops in other shops.

Column 14.—The data should be stated as accurately as possible, and the term "work" should be used as accurately as possible. The term "work" should be understood to mean the work done in the shops, and not the work done by the shops in other shops.

Column 15.—The data should be stated as accurately as possible, and the term "work" should be used as accurately as possible. The term "work" should be understood to mean the work done in the shops, and not the work done by the shops in other shops.

Column 16.—The data should be stated as accurately as possible, and the term "work" should be used as accurately as possible. The term "work" should be understood to mean the work done in the shops, and not the work done by the shops in other shops.

Column 17.—The data should be stated as accurately as possible, and the term "work" should be used as accurately as possible. The term "work" should be understood to mean the work done in the shops, and not the work done by the shops in other shops.
Schedule 3.—Manufactures.—Products of Industry in Morland Township, in the County of Scott, State of Illinois, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

| Post Office: | Centreville, Scott Co., Ill. |

| Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual, and the kind of Business carried on at present | Name of Inhabitants, Manufacturers, or Producers | Capital or Value of Property, | Total Value of Goods, Materials, &c., in the Establishment | Number of Hands Employed | Days Worked During Year | Wages and Hours of Labor | Mortality in Establishment | Power Used in Manufacture | 
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Received July 12, 1880.

[Signature]

Enumerator.