Jewell

[7–261.]

Received July 23, 1880.

Page No. ____
Supervisor's Dist. No. 2
Enumeration Dist. No. 132

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a **SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE**, and not on this Schedule, viz:

(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
(4.) Salt Works.
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
(7.) Paper Mills.
(8.) Coal Mines.
(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
(10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in _____, in the County of St. Genevieve, State of Mo., during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: _____

Ed A. Rozan
Enumerator.

	Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual producing to the value of $500 annually.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital (real and personal) invested in the business.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Average number of hands employed.			Wages and Hours of Labor.					Months in Operation.					Value of Material (including Mill Supplies and Fuel. Omitting fractions	Value of Product (including Jobbing and Repairing. Omitting fractions	Power used in Manufacture.								
								Number of Hours in the ordinary day of labor.		Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.								If water power is used.						If steam power is used.		
																				On what River or Stream?	Height of fall, in feet.	Wheels.						
																						Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	Number of Boilers.	Number of Engines.	Horse power.
								May to November.	November to May.				On full time.	On ¾ time only.	On ⅔ time only.	On ½ time only.	Idle.											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
1	Rottler, Valentine	Brewery	$15000.	4	2		1	12	12	1¼	1¼	1000	12					$7000	10800	Horse power used (no steam or water)									
2	Kohrman, Henry	Drugs & Chemicals Soda-factory	1888	1	1			6	6	300	150	168			6	0	6	400	1100										
3	Lelie, Herman & Son	Saddlery & Harness	4000	3	1		1	10	10	1.00		300	12					2000	3000										
4	Palmer, Joseph	Tinner Copper & sheet iron ware	700	—	—			10	9				12					500	700										
5	Burgit, Charles	Blacksmithing	700	1	1			12	9	100	50	125	12					400	850								1	1	5
6	Roesch, Frank	Blacksmithing	400	2	1		1	11	10	1.00	50	350	12					250	1000										
7	Jenny, Frank	Wheelwrighting Wagon Maker	400					11	9				12					350	680										
8	Kammerer Godlip	Copper & sheet iron ware Tinner	300					11	9				12					200	525										
9	Waller, Joseph	Saddlery & Harness	1000	1	1			10	9		1.00	300	12					2500	3500										
10	Leucke, Henry	Blacksmithing	500	2	1	X		11	9	1.00	50	250	12					350	600										
11	Moser, Herd	Lime Kiln	500	6	6			10	9	1.50	1.25	1600	8				4	800	3500										
12	Boyer, Jules	Lime Kiln	400	3	3			10	9	1.25	1.00	300	6				6	300	2250										
13	Keller, August	Wagon maker	150	½	1			6	3	1.50	—	75	6				6	50	150										
14	Janot, Charles	Blacksmithing	300	2	1			10	8	1.25	1¼	220	10			2		400	750										
15	Meyer, Martin D.	Cooper Shop	2000	15	12			12	10	1.65	=	4000	11				1	10000	15000										
16	Munsch, Joseph	Wheelwrighting Wagonmaker	250					10	9	—	—	—	11				1	300	750										
17	Boyer & Son	Carpentering	500	3	1			10	9	2.00	1.25	100	6			3	3	700	1300										
18																													
19	Christian Baum	Boots & Shoes	3000	3	3			10	10	1.50	1.00	900	12					1500	3500										
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REMARKS.—The term "Productive Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production reaches $500 annually, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several districts.

COLUMN 2.—The kind of business or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, thus: Sewing-Machines, Corsets, Furniture, Foundry, Machine Shop, Coopering, Blacksmithing, &c.

COLUMN 11.—In many establishments (as carpenter shops, blacksmith shops, &c.) it will be found that no ordinary laborers are employed. In this case column 11 will not be filled.

COLUMNS 13 to 17.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for in one or more of the columns 13 to 17, thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and 2 months idle.

COLUMNS 18 and 19.—These inquiries are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto,—especially in the case of small shops where book-accounts are not kept.

[18.]—The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

[19.]—The value of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

COLUMN 20.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

COLUMNS 27 and 28.—Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported.

COLUMNS 26 and 29.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Burt

[7–261.]

[Received July 12, 1880.

Page No. .....
Supervisor's Dist. No. 2
Enumeration Dist. No. 134

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
(4.) Salt Works.
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
(7.) Paper Mills.
(8.) Coal Mines.
(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
(10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in ....., in the County of Ste Genevieve, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: .....

Valle Harold
Enumerator.

	Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual producing to the value of $500 annually.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital (real and personal) invested in the business.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Average number of hands employed.			Wages and Hours of Labor.					Months in Operation.					Value of Material (including Mill Supplies and Fuel. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Value of Product (including Jobbing and Repairing. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Power used in Manufacture.								
																				If water power is used.						If steam power is used.		
																						Wheels.					
					Males above 16 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of Hours in the ordinary day of labor. May to November.	Number of Hours in the ordinary day of labor. November to May.	Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On ¾ time only.	On ⅔ time only.	On ½ time only.	Idle.			On what River or Stream?	Height of fall, in feet.	Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	Number of Boilers.	Number of Engines.	Horse power.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
1	Meiser, Clemence	Wheelwrighting Wagon Making	300					10	10				12					200	500									
2	Hoffman, Joseph	Blacksmithing	150					10	10				12					200	600									
3	Seipel, John	Skiff Boat Making	1,500	2	1		1	8	8	200	50	600	6	5	1			2,500	4,500									
4	Hoffman & Bro.	Saddlery & Harness	700	✗	✗			10	8				6	6				1,000	2,000									
5	Mathis, Joseph	Wheelwrighting Wagon Making	400					10	8				12					200	600									
6	Kumm, George	Blacksmithing	200	1	1			10	8		100	200	6	6				800	1,500									
7	St. Mary's Hill Co.	Carpenter Work	2,000	10	8 10			10	9		100	1,800	10			2		4,000	7,500									Taken
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REMARKS.—The term "Productive Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production reaches $500 annually, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several districts.

COLUMN 2.—The kind of business or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, thus: Sewing-Machines, Corsets, Furniture, Foundry, Machine Shop, Coopering, Blacksmithing, &c.

COLUMN 11.—In many establishments (as carpenter shops, blacksmith shops, &c.) it will be found that no ordinary laborers are employed. In this case column 11 will not be filled.

COLUMNS 13 to 17.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for in one or more of the columns 13 to 17, thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and 2 months idle.

COLUMNS 18 and 19.—These inquiries are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto,—especially in the case of small shops where book-accounts are not kept.

[18.]—The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

[19.]—The value of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

COLUMN 20.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

COLUMNS 27 and 28.—Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported.

COLUMNS 26 and 29.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Jewell

Jewell

Received August 18 1880

Received July 23, 1880.

[7–261.]

Page No. 1

Supervisor's Dist. No. 2

Enumeration Dist. No. 137

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
(4.) Salt Works.
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
(7.) Paper Mills.
(8.) Coal Mines.
(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
(10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Union Township in the County of Ste Genevieve, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: .....

John G Kern
Enumerator.

	Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual producing to the value of $500 annually.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital (real and personal) invested in the business.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Average number of hands employed.			Wages and Hours of Labor.					Months in Operation.					Value of Material (including Mill Supplies and Fuel. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Value of Product (including Jobbing and Repairing. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Power used in Manufacture.									If steam power is used.		
																				If water power is used.											
																						Wheels.								
																				On what River or Stream?	Height of fall, in feet.	Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	Number of Boilers.	Number of Engines.	Horse power.
					Males above 16 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	May to November. Number of Hours in the ordinary day of labor.	November to May. Number of Hours in the ordinary day of labor.	Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On ¾ time only.	On ½ time only.	On ¼ time only.	Idle.														
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
1	Shearlock & Robinson	Lumber Planing Mill	500	6	4			10	7	1.50	1.00	400	3				9	5000	6000								1	1	12	1
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REMARKS.—The term "Productive Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production reaches $500 annually, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several districts.

COLUMN 2.—The kind of business or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, thus: Sewing-Machines, Corsets, Furniture, Foundry, Machine Shop, Coopering, Blacksmithing, &c.

COLUMN 11.—In many establishments (as carpenter shops, blacksmith shops, &c.) it will be found that no ordinary laborers are employed. In this case column 11 will not be filled.

COLUMNS 13 to 17.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for in one or more of the columns 13 to 17, thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and 2 months idle.

COLUMNS 18 and 19.—These inquiries are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto,—especially in the case of small shops where book-accounts are not kept.

[18.]—The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

[19.]—The value of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

COLUMN 20.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

COLUMNS 27 and 28.—Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported.

COLUMNS 26 and 29.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Pleasant

Howell

Received August, 13.1880

[7–261.]

Page No. .....
Supervisor's Dist. No. 21
Enumeration Dist. No. 131

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a **SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE**, and not on this Schedule, viz:

(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
(4.) Salt Works.
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
(7.) Paper Mills.
(8.) Coal Mines.
(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
(10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in ....., in the County of St Genevieve, State of Mo, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: .....

Franz Klein
Enumerator.

Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual producing to the value of $500 annually.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital (real and personal) invested in the business.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Average number of hands employed.			Wages and Hours of Labor.					Months in Operation.					Value of Material (including Mill Supplies and Fuel, Omitting fractions	Value of Product (including Jobbing and Repairing, Omitting fractions	Power used in Manufacture.								
							Number of Hours in the ordinary day of labor.												If water power is used.						If steam power is used.		
																					Wheels.					
																			On what River or Stream?	Height of fall, in feet.	Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	Number of Boilers.	Number of Engines.	Horse power.
				Males above 16 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On ¾ time only.	On ⅔ time only.	On ½ time only.	Idle.												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
1	~~Balthaser Flörl~~	~~Gunsmith~~	~~$100~~	x														50										
2	Chas. A Müller	Tinsmith (Sheet iron ware)	$600	2	2		10	10	$1.50		$330	12						$200										
3	Peter Fallert	Blacksmithing	30	2	2		10	8	$1.50		450	12						$100										
4	~~Emilia L Williamson~~	~~Milliner~~	~~$200~~			2	10	10	50		450																	
5	~~Wilhelmine C Luke~~	~~Millinery~~	250			2	6	12	75		250							$175	$600									
6	~~Mary E Hamure~~	Bread Crackers & other Bakery Products	300	x			10	10				12						$200	$300									
7	~~Matthew Kempf~~	Marble & Stone Work	100	-	-		10	8	-	-	-	12						200	525									
8																												
9																												
10	Frederick Raabe	Boots & Shoes	100	x	x		12	12	x 50			12						242	543									
11	Matthew Klein	Do.	1000	3	2 8		10	12	1 50		1350 900	12						500 1000	2206 1206									
12	Leon Herzog	Do.	100	5	2 8	1	12	12	1 50	85	900	12						683	2.278 1696									
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1 Balthaser Flörl — Gunsmith — $100 — x
2 Chas. A Müller — Tinsmith (Sheet iron ware) — $600 — 2 — 2 — 10 — 10 — $1.50 — $330 — 12 — $200 — $1.500
3 Peter Fallert — Blacksmithing — 30 — 2 — 2 — 10 — 8 — $1.50 — 450 — 12 — $100 — 800
4 ~~Emilia L Williamson~~ — ~~Milliner~~ — ~~$200~~ — 3 — 10 — 10 — 50 — 450
5 ~~Wilhelmine C Luke~~ — ~~Millinery~~ — 250 — 2 — 6 — 12 — 75 — 250 — $175 — $600
6 ~~Mary E Hamure~~ — Bread Crackers & other Bakery Products — 300 — x — 10 — 10 — 12 — $200 — $300
7 ~~Matthew Kempf~~ — Marble & Stone Work — 100 — - — - — 10 — 8 — - — - — - — 12 — 200 — 525
10 Frederick Raabe — Boots & Shoes — 100 — x — x — 12 — 12 — x 50 — 12 — 242 — 543
11 Matthew Klein — Do. — 1000 — 3 — 2 8 — 10 — 12 — 1 50 — 1350 900 — 12 — 500 1000 — 2206 1206
12 Leon Herzog — Do. — 100 — 5 — 2 8 — 1 — 12 — 12 — 1 50 — 85 — 900 — 12 — 683 — 2.278 1696

REMARKS.—The term "Productive Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production reaches $500 annually, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several districts.

COLUMN 2.—The kind of business or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, thus: Sewing-Machines, Corsets, Furniture, Foundry, Machine Shop, Coopering, Blacksmithing, &c.

COLUMN 11.—In many establishments (as carpenter shops, blacksmith shops, &c.) it will be found that no ordinary laborers are employed. In this case column 11 will not be filled.

COLUMNS 13 to 17.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for in one or more of the columns 13 to 17, thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and 2 months idle.

COLUMNS 18 and 19.—These inquiries are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto,—especially in the case of small shops where book-accounts are not kept.

[18.]—The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

[19.]—The value of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

COLUMN 20.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

COLUMNS 27 and 28.—Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported.

COLUMNS 26 and 29.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

[7–344.]

[7–261.]

Page No. 17
Supervisor's Dist. No.
Enumeration Dist. No.

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a **SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE**, and not on this Schedule, viz:

(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
(4.) Salt Works.
(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
(7.) Paper Mills.
(8.) Coal Mines.
(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
(10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Distilleries, in the County of ....., State of Missouri, ..., during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: .....

.....
Enumerator.

	Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual producing to the value of $500 annually.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital (real and personal) invested in the business.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Average number of hands employed.			Wages and Hours of Labor.					Months in Operation.					Value of Material (including Mill Supplies and Fuel. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Value of Product (including Jobbing and Repairing. Omitting fractions of a dollar).	Power used in Manufacture.							If steam power is used.		
								Number of Hours in the ordinary day of labor.													If water power is used.								
																						Wheels.						
					Males above 16 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On ¾ time only.	On ⅔ time only.	On ½ time only.	Idle.			On what River or Stream?	Height of fall, in feet.	Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	Number of Boilers.	Number of Engines.	Horse power.
	County																											
	St. Genevieve,																											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
1	~~Gertride Douge~~	Brandy.																		Product less than $500									
2	~~Conrad Douge~~	"																		"		"		"	"				
3	~~Jacob Loerger~~	"																		"		"		"	"				
4	~~Wm Krueger~~	"																		"		"		"	"				
5	~~J. Jockerst~~	"																		"		"		"	"				
6	~~F. Loerger~~	"																		"		"		"	"				
7	~~Anton Weller~~																			Not in operation during Census year.									
8	~~Bernhard Smith~~	"																		"	"	"		"	"				
9	~~Mrs. Mary A Brew~~																			"	"	"		"	"				
10	~~Ursula Barth~~																			"	"	"		"	"				
11	~~Peter Herbel~~																			"	"	"		"	"				
See letter	~~B. Burgard~~																			"	"	"		"	"				
" "	~~S. Eckenfels~~																												
14	~~J. E. Hermann~~																			Made 10 gallons Brandy Census Year.									
15	~~Xavier Schuwer~~																			"	"	"		"	"			"	
16																													
17																													
18																													
19																													
20																													
21	~~St. Louis County~~																												
22																													
23	City of St Louis																												
✓ 24	St Louis Distilling Co.	Distilling 345,762	100,000	30	25		6	12	12	2,75	1.50	15,000	12					176,400	323,600	Mississippi							7	2	40 & 20
✓ 25	Caroline Feuscher & Co	" 871,453	60,000	25	25		2	10	10	2,75	2,00	15,000	8	4				135,000	209,000 150,000								8	1	50
26	~~Chas. Fischer~~	"						See Schedule																					
27		Total 2. 2,167,215	160,000	30		5						30,000						311,400	458,500										
28																													
29																													
30																													
31	Scott County.																												
32																													
33	~~Louis Hahn~~																			Product less than $500									
34																													
35																													
36																													
37																													
38																													
39	Warren County.																												
40																													
41	Jos Kaiser	Fruit																		Product less than $500									
42																													
43																													
44																													
45																													

REMARKS.—The term "Productive Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production reaches $500 annually, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several districts.

COLUMN 2.—The kind of business or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, thus: Sewing-Machines, Corsets, Furniture, Foundry, Machine Shop, Coopering, Blacksmithing, &c.

COLUMN 11.—In many establishments (as carpenter shops, blacksmith shops, &c.) it will be found that no ordinary laborers are employed. In this case column 11 will not be filled.

COLUMNS 13 to 17.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for in one or more of the columns 13 to 17, thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and 2 months idle.

COLUMNS 18 and 19.—These inquiries are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto,—especially in the case of small shops where book-accounts are not kept.

[18.]—The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

[19.]—The value of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

COLUMN 20.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

COLUMNS 27 and 28.—Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported.

COLUMNS 26 and 29.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.