

Supervisor's Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Enumeration Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 3 and 4.

OFFICE OCT 23 1880

BOOTS AND SHOES.—LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Products of Industry in St. Louis Boots and Shoes, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, State of Missouri during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

M. J. Allen

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Table with columns: NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY; CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS; AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED; WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR; MONTHS IN OPERATION; MACHINES; MATERIALS.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Continued.

Table with columns: MATERIALS—Continued; PRODUCTS; POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE. Includes sub-sections for WHEELS and IF WATER-POWER IS USED.

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Table with columns: NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY; CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS; AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED; WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR; MONTHS IN OPERATION; TANNING; MATERIALS.

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED)—Continued.

Table with columns: TANNING—Continued; CURRYING; POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE. Includes sub-sections for WHEELS and IF WATER-POWER IS USED.

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_  
Enumeration Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 3 and 4.

RECEIVED  
OFFICE  
OCT 25 1880

BOOTS AND SHOES.—LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Products of Industry in St Louis, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, State of Missouri  
during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

*M. Allen*

BOOTS AND SHOES.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.					MONTHS IN OPERATION.				MACHINES.			MATERIALS.	
			Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.		Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of sewing-machines.	Number of pegging-machines.	Number of screwing and nailing-machines.	Number sides sole leather.	Number sides upper leather.
						May to November.	November to May.												
<i>Jacob Mitchell</i>	<i>3000</i>	<i>25</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>9</i>	<i>7 1/2</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>2 50</i>	<i>1 60</i>	<i>13,500</i>	<i>11 1/2</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>2500</i>	<i>8400</i>		
<i>H. J. Feltner</i>	<i>15000</i>	<i>40</i>	<i>26</i>	<i>14</i>	<i>14</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>2 00</i>	<i>1 00</i>	<i>18,720</i>	<i>9</i>	<i>3 1/2</i>	<i>18</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>5000</i>	<i>18750</i>			
<i>P. H. Guber</i>	<i>700</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>2 00</i>	<i>1 25</i>	<i>1300</i>	<i>9 1/2</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>2700</i>	<i>900</i>			
<i>Union Shoe Co</i>	<i>5500</i>	<i>35</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>1 50</i>	<i>1 00</i>	<i>5,550</i>	<i>7 1/2</i>	<i>15</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>200</i>	<i>2800</i>			
<i>Joseph Baum &amp; Co</i>	<i>100,000</i>	<i>56</i>	<i>33</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>11</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>2 00</i>	<i>1 00</i>	<i>20,000</i>	<i>12</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>3050</i>	<i>12000</i>			
<i>J. P. Jones</i>	<i>600</i>	<i>15</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>1 50</i>	<i>1 00</i>	<i>5,000</i>	<i>12</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>7500</i>	<i>4160</i>			

BOOTS AND SHOES—Continued.

MATERIALS—Continued.			PRODUCTS.					POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.												
Pounds of other leather.	Value of all other materials.	Total value of all materials.	Number of pairs of boots.	Value.	Number of pairs of shoes.	Value.	Value of unspecified products, including repairing.	Total value of all products.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall, in feet.	IF WATER-POWER IS USED.					IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.				
											WHEELS.									
										Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	Number of boilers.	Number of engines.	Horse-power.			
<i>1500</i>	<i>1800</i>	<i>21,600</i>			<i>50,000</i>	<i>40,000</i>		<i>40,000</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>											
<i>18,000</i>	<i>5,600</i>	<i>82,600</i>	<i>160</i>	<i>5,600</i>	<i>45,000</i>	<i>93,500</i>		<i>93,500</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>											
<i>100</i>	<i>300</i>	<i>3100</i>	<i>160</i>	<i>500</i>	<i>5000</i>	<i>5000</i>		<i>5,500</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>											
<i>1000</i>	<i>600</i>	<i>7,450</i>			<i>15,500</i>	<i>15,500</i>		<i>15,500</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>											
<i>7500</i>	<i>10,000</i>	<i>50,750</i>	<i>18000</i>	<i>60,000</i>	<i>12,500</i>	<i>28,125</i>		<i>88,125</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>											
<i>450</i>	<i>300</i>	<i>8,450</i>			<i>15,600</i>	<i>15,600</i>		<i>15,600</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>											

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$50 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.					MONTHS IN OPERATION.				TANNING.						
			Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.		Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of skins henstock bark.	Sources whence henstock bark is procured.	Number of tons oak bark.	Sources whence oak bark is procured.	Number of hides.	Number of skins.	Total value of all materials.
						May to November.	November to May.														

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED)—Continued.

TANNING—Continued.			CURRYING.					POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.																
PRODUCTS.			MATERIALS.					PRODUCTS.			IF WATER-POWER IS USED.											IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.		
Number of sides of leather.	Number of skins.	Total value of products.	Number of sides of leather.	Number of skins.	Number of gallons of oil.	Total value of all materials.	Number of sides of leather.	Number of skins.	Total value of products.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall, in feet.	WHEELS.												
											Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	Number of boilers.	Number of engines.	Horse-power.						
<i>23</i>	<i>24</i>	<i>25</i>	<i>26</i>	<i>27</i>	<i>28</i>	<i>29</i>	<i>30</i>	<i>31</i>	<i>32</i>	<i>33</i>	<i>34</i>	<i>35</i>	<i>36</i>	<i>37</i>	<i>38</i>	<i>39</i>	<i>40</i>	<i>41</i>	<i>42</i>					

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_  
Enumeration Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 3 and 4.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Products of Industry in St Louis, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, State of Missouri

during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

M V Allen

BOOTS AND SHOES.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.					MONTHS IN OPERATION.				MACHINES.			MATERIALS.	
			Males above 16 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.		Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary mechanic.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of sewing-machines.	Number of pegging-machines.	Number of screwing and nailing-machines.	Number sides sole leather.	Number sides upper leather.
						May to November.	November to May.												
1 <u>Wm Bemeer</u>	2 <u>\$75,000</u>	3 <u>75</u>	4 <u>50</u>	5 <u>10</u>	6 <u>12</u>	7 <u>10</u>	8 <u>10</u>	9 <u>150</u>	10 <u>1.00</u>	11 <u>17,100</u>	12 <u>22,500</u>	13 <u>10</u>	14 <u>10</u>	15 <u>2</u>	16 <u>10</u>	17	18	19 <u>2,400</u>	20 <u>7,410</u>

BOOTS AND SHOES—Continued.

MATERIALS—Continued.			PRODUCTS.						POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.										
Pounds of other leather.	Value of all other materials.	Total value of all materials.	Number of pairs of boots.	Value.	Number of pairs of shoes.	Value.	Value of unspecified products, including repairing.	Total value of all products.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	IF WATER-POWER IS USED.						IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.			
										WHEELS.						Number of boilers.	Number of engines.	Horse-power.	
21 <u>2850</u>	22 <u>\$5000</u>	23 <u>\$32,500</u>	24 <u>6500</u>	25 <u>22,750</u>	26 <u>20800</u>	27 <u>\$36,450</u>	28 <u>\$1,000</u>	29 <u>\$60,200</u>	30	31	32	33	34	35	36				37

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.					MONTHS IN OPERATION.				TANNING.						
			Males above 16 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.		Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary mechanic.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of tons hemlock bark.	Sources whence hemlock bark is procured.	Number of tons oak bark.	Sources whence oak bark is procured.	Number of hides.	Number of skins.	Total value of all materials.
						May to November.	November to May.														
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED)—Continued.

TANNING—Continued.			CURRYING.						POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.											
Number of sides of leather.	Number of skins.	Total value of products.	Number of sides of leather.	Number of skins.	Number of gallons of oil.	Total value of all materials.	Number of sides of leather.	Number of skins.	Total value of products.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	IF WATER-POWER IS USED.						IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.			
											WHEELS.						Number of boilers.	Number of engines.	Horse-power.	
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39				40

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the value of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. Enumeration Dist. No.

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 3 and 4.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Products of Industry in St Louis, in the County of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Louis Jones

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Table with 20 columns: NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY; CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS; Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year; AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED; WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR; MONTHS IN OPERATION; MACHINES; MATERIALS.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Continued.

Table with 30 columns: MATERIALS—Continued; PRODUCTS; POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (IF WATER-POWER IS USED, IF STEAM-POWER IS USED).

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Table with 23 columns: NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY; CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS; Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year; AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED; WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR; MONTHS IN OPERATION; TANNING; MATERIALS.

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED)—Continued.

Table with 42 columns: TANNING—Continued; CURRYING; POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (IF WATER-POWER IS USED, IF STEAM-POWER IS USED).

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle.

Supervisor's Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Establishment

Enumeration Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 3 and 4.

CENSUS RECEIVED  
OFFICE. OCT 25 1880

BOOTS AND SHOES.—LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Products of Industry in St. Louis, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, State of Missouri

during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

*Louis Jones*

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Table with 20 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4-6. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED (Males above 16 years, Females above 15 years, Children and youth). 7-11. WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR (Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor, Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic, Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer, Total amount paid in wages during the year). 12-15. MONTHS IN OPERATION (On full time, On three-quarter time only, On half time only, Idle). 16-18. MACHINES (Number of sewing machines, Number of tanning machines, Number of cutting and mangle machines). 19-20. MATERIALS (Number sides sole leather, Number sides upper leather).

BOOTS AND SHOES—Continued.

Table with 19 columns: 21-23. MATERIALS—Continued (Pounds of other leather, Value of all other materials, Total value of all materials). 24-29. PRODUCTS (Number of pairs of boots, Value, Number of pairs of shoes, Value, Value of unspecified products, Total value of all products). 30-39. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (On what river or stream?, Height of fall, in feet, Number, Kind, Breadth, in feet, Revolutions per minute, Horse-power, Number of boilers, Number of engines, Horse-power).

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Table with 22 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4-6. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED (Males above 16 years, Females above 15 years, Children and youth). 7-11. WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR (Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor, Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic, Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer, Total amount paid in wages during the year). 12-15. MONTHS IN OPERATION (On full time, On three-quarter time only, On half time only, Idle). 16-22. TANNING (Number of tons hemlock bark, Sources whence hemlock bark is procured, Number of tons oak bark, Sources whence oak bark is procured, Number of hides, Number of skins, Total value of all materials).

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED)—Continued.

Table with 43 columns: 23-25. TANNING—Continued (Number of sides of leather, Number of skins, Total value of products). 26-32. CURRYING (Number of sides of leather, Number of skins, Total value of all materials, Number of sides of leather, Number of skins, Total value of products). 33-39. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (On what river or stream?, Height of fall, in feet, Number, Kind, Breadth, in feet, Revolutions per minute, Horse-power). 40-43. IF STEAM-POWER IS USED (Number of boilers, Number of engines, Horse-power).

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

CENSUS OFFICE BALTIMORE OCT 23 1880

Supervisor's Dist. No. 16  
Enumeration Dist. No.

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 3 and 4.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Products of Industry in St. Louis, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, State of Missouri  
during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

*J. Hawley*

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Table with 20 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4-6. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED (Males above 15 years, Females above 15 years, Children and youth). 7-11. WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR (Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor, Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic, Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer, Total amount paid in wages during the year). 12-15. MONTHS IN OPERATION (On full time, On three-quarter time only, On half time only, Idle). 16-18. MACHINES (Number of sewing machines, Number of pegging machines, Number of screwing and nailing machines). 19-20. MATERIALS (Number sides sole leather, Number sides upper leather).

BOOTS AND SHOES—Continued.

Table with 19 columns: 21-23. MATERIALS—Continued (Pounds of other leather, Value of all other materials, Total value of all materials). 24-27. PRODUCTS (Number of pairs of boots, Value, Number of pairs of shoes, Value). 28-29. VALUE OF UNSPECIFIED PRODUCTS, INCLUDING REPAIRING, and Total value of all products. 30-39. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (On what river or stream?, Height of fall, in feet, Number, Kind, Breadth, in feet, Revolutions per minute, Horse-power, Number of boilers, Number of engines, Horse-power).

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Table with 22 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4-6. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED (Males above 15 years, Females above 15 years, Children and youth). 7-11. WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR (Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor, Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic, Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer, Total amount paid in wages during the year). 12-15. MONTHS IN OPERATION (On full time, On three-quarter time only, On half time only, Idle). 16-22. TANNING (Number of tons hemlock bark, Sources whence hemlock bark is procured, Number of tons oak bark, Sources whence oak bark is procured, Number of hides, Number of skins, Total value of all materials).

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED)—Continued.

Table with 22 columns: 23-25. TANNING—Continued (Number of sides of leather, Number of skins, Total value of products). 26-29. CURRYING (Number of sides of leather, Number of skins, Number of gallons of oil, Total value of all materials). 30-32. PRODUCTS (Number of sides of leather, Number of skins, Total value of products). 33-39. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (On what river or stream?, Height of fall, in feet, Number, Kind, Breadth, in feet, Revolutions per minute, Horse-power, Number of boilers, Number of engines, Horse-power).

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Enumeration Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 3 and 4.

CENSUS OFFICE RECORD OCT 24 1880

BOOTS AND SHOES.—LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Products of Industry in *St. Louis*, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, State of *Missouri* during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

*J. H. Hawley*

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Table with 20 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4-6. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED (Males above 16 years, Females above 15 years, Children and youth). 7-11. WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR (Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor, Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic, Average day's wages for an ordinary hand, Total amount paid in wages during the year). 12-15. MONTHS IN OPERATION (On full time, On three-quarter time only, On half time only, Idle). 16-18. MACHINES (Number of sewing-machines, Number of pegging-machines, Number of screwing and nailing machines). 19-20. MATERIALS (Number sides sole leather, Number sides upper leather).

BOOTS AND SHOES—Continued.

Table with 39 columns: 21-23. MATERIALS—Continued (Pounds of other leather, Value of all other materials, Total value of all materials). 24-28. PRODUCTS (Number of pairs of boots, Value, Number of pairs of shoes, Value, Value of unspecified products, including repairing, Total value of all products). 29-39. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (On what river or stream?, Height of fall in feet, Number, Kind, Breadth in feet, Revolutions per minute, Horsepower, Number of boilers, Number of engines, Horsepower).

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Table with 22 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4-6. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED (Males above 16 years, Females above 15 years, Children and youth). 7-11. WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR (Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor, Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic, Average day's wages for an ordinary hand, Total amount paid in wages during the year). 12-15. MONTHS IN OPERATION (On full time, On three-quarter time only, On half time only, Idle). 16-22. TANNING (Number of tons hemlock bark, Sources whence hemlock bark is procured, Number of tons oak bark, Sources whence oak bark is procured, Number of hides, Number of skins, Total value of all materials).

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED)—Continued.

Table with 43 columns: 23-28. TANNING—Continued (Number of sides of leather, Number of skins, Total value of products, Number of sides of leather, Number of skins, Number of gallons of oil, Total value of all materials). 29-32. CURRYING (Number of sides of leather, Number of skins, Total value of products). 33-39. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (On what river or stream?, Height of fall in feet, Number, Kind, Breadth in feet, Revolutions per minute, Horsepower, Number of boilers, Number of engines, Horsepower).

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 3 months on full time and 9 months on half time; or 6 months on full time and 6 months on half time; or 12 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 14

Enumeration Dist. No.

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 3 and 4.

CENSUS OFFICE RECEIVED OCT 25 1880

BOOTS AND SHOES.—LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Products of Industry in St. Louis, in the County of St. Louis, State of Missouri during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

J. H. Hawley

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Table with 20 columns: NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY; CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS; GREATEST NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED AT ANY ONE TIME DURING THE YEAR; AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED; WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR; MONTHS IN OPERATION; MACHINES; MATERIALS.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Continued.

Table with 19 columns: MATERIALS—Continued; PRODUCTS; POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE. Includes sub-sections for WATER-POWER IS USED and STEAM-POWER IS USED.

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Table with 22 columns: NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY; CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS; GREATEST NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED AT ANY ONE TIME DURING THE YEAR; AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED; WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR; MONTHS IN OPERATION; TANNING; MATERIALS.

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED)—Continued.

Table with 22 columns: TANNING—Continued; CURRYING; POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE. Includes sub-sections for WATER-POWER IS USED and STEAM-POWER IS USED.

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.



Supervisor's Dist. No. 13

Enumeration Dist. No.

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 3 and 4.

CENSUS OFFICE. RECEIVED OCT 25 1880

BOOTS AND SHOES.—LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Products of Industry in Saint Louis, in the County of St. Louis, State of Missouri during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

J. H. Hawley

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Table with 20 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4-6. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED (Males above 15 years, Females above 15 years, Children and youth). 7-11. WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR (Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor, Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic, Average day's wages for an ordinary mechanic, Total amount paid in wages during the year). 12-15. MONTHS IN OPERATION (On full time, On three-quarter time only, On half time only, Idle). 16-18. MACHINES (Number of sewing machines, Number of pegging machines, Number of screwing and nailing machines). 19-20. MATERIALS (Number sides sole leather, Number sides upper leather).

BOOTS AND SHOES—Continued.

Table with 19 columns: 21-29. MATERIALS—Continued (Pounds of other leather, Value of all other materials, Total value of all materials, Number of pairs of boots, Value, Number of pairs of shoes, Value, Value of unspecified products, including repairing, Total value of all products). 30-39. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (On what river or stream?, Height of fall, in feet, Number, Kind, Breadth, in feet, Revolutions per minute, Horse-power, Number of boilers, Number of engines, Horse-power).

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Table with 22 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4-6. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED. 7-11. WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR. 12-15. MONTHS IN OPERATION. 16-22. TANNING (Number of tons hemlock bark, Sources whence hemlock bark is procured, Number of tons oak bark, Sources whence oak bark is procured, Number of hides, Number of skins, Total value of all materials).

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED)—Continued.

Table with 42 columns: 23-32. TANNING—Continued (Number of sides of leather, Number of skins, Total value of products, Number of sides of leather, Number of skins, Number of gallons of oil, Total value of all materials, Number of sides of leather, Number of skins, Total value of products). 33-42. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (On what river or stream?, Height of fall, in feet, Number, Kind, Breadth, in feet, Revolutions per minute, Horse-power, Number of boilers, Number of engines, Horse-power).

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for this: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Enumeration Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 3 and 4.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Products of Industry in St Louis, in the County of St Louis, State of Missouri during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

*Sig'd Geo L Wright*

Table with 20 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4-6. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED (Males above 15 years, Females above 15 years, Children and youth). 7-11. WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR (Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor, Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic, Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer, Total amount paid in wages during the year). 12-15. MONTHS IN OPERATION (On full time, On three-quarter time only, On half time only, Idle). 16-18. MACHINES (Number of sewing machines, Number of pegging machines, Number of sewing and nailing machines). 19-20. MATERIALS (Number sides sole leather, Number sides upper leather).

BOOTS AND SHOES—Continued.

Table with 39 columns: 21-23. MATERIALS—Continued (Pounds of other leather, Value of all other materials, Total value of all materials). 24-27. PRODUCTS (Number of pairs of boots, Value, Number of pairs of shoes, Value). 28-29. VALUE OF UNDESIGNED PRODUCTS (Value of unspecified products, including repairing, Total value of all products). 30-39. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (On what river or stream?, Height of fall, in feet, Number, Kind, Breath, in feet, Revolutions per minute, Horse-power, Number of boilers, Number of engines, Horse-power).

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Table with 22 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4-6. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED (Males above 15 years, Females above 15 years, Children and youth). 7-11. WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR (Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor, Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic, Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer, Total amount paid in wages during the year). 12-15. MONTHS IN OPERATION (On full time, On three-quarter time only, On half time only, Idle). 16-22. TANNING (Number of tons hemlock bark, Sources whence hemlock bark is procured, Number of tons oak bark, Sources whence oak bark is procured, Number of hides, Number of skins, Total value of all materials).

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED)—Continued.

Table with 43 columns: 23-25. TANNING—Continued (Number of sides of leather, Number of skins, Total value of products). 26-29. CURRYING (Number of sides of leather, Number of skins, Number of gallons of oil, Total value of all materials). 30-32. PRODUCTS (Number of sides of leather, Number of skins, Total value of products). 33-39. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (On what river or stream?, Height of fall, in feet, Number, Kind, Breath, in feet, Revolutions per minute, Horse-power). 40-43. IF STEAM-POWER IS USED (Number of boilers, Number of engines, Horse-power).

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Enumeration Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 3 and 4.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Products of Industry in St Louis, in the County of St Louis, State of Mo

during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Geo L Wright  
Geo Aest Sprague

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Table with columns: NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY; CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS; AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED; WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR; MONTHS IN OPERATION; MACHINES; MATERIALS.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Continued.

Table with columns: MATERIALS—Continued; PRODUCTS; POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Table with columns: NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY; CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS; AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED; WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR; MONTHS IN OPERATION; TANNING; MATERIALS.

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED)—Continued.

Table with columns: TANNING—Continued; CURRYING; POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included by Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only servicable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_  
Enumeration Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 3 and 4.

CENSUS OFFICE. REGISTERED OCT 25 1880

BOOTS AND SHOES. LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Products of Industry in *St Louis*, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, State of *Mo*

during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

*Wm H Prockmorton*

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Table with columns: NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY; CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS; AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED; WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR; MONTHS IN OPERATION; MACHINES; MATERIALS.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Continued.

Table with columns: MATERIALS—Continued; PRODUCTS; POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Table with columns: NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY; CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS; AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED; WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR; MONTHS IN OPERATION; TANNING; MATERIALS.

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED)—Continued.

Table with columns: TANNING—Continued; CURRYING; POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only servicable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Enumeration Dist. No. \_\_\_\_\_

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 3 and 4.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Products of Industry in St. Louis, in the County of \_\_\_\_\_, State of Mo during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Wm. Shrockmorton

BOOTS AND SHOES.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.					MONTHS IN OPERATION.				MACHINES.			MATERIALS.		
			Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.		Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary mechanic.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of sawing-machines.	Number of pegging-machines.	Number of sewing and mangle machines.	Number sides sole leather.	Number sides upper leather.	
						May to November.	November to May.													
1 <u>Bryan Brown &amp; Co.</u>	2 <u>\$30,000</u>	3 <u>200</u>	4 <u>150</u>	5 <u>40</u>	6 <u>50</u>	7 <u>10</u>	8 <u>10</u>	9 <u>2.00</u>	10 <u>2.25</u>	11 <u>58,000</u>	12 <u>12</u>	13 <u>12</u>	14 <u>12</u>	15 <u>12</u>	16 <u>40</u>	17 <u>0</u>	18 <u>0</u>	19 <u>6,500</u>	20 <u>16,250</u>	
2 <u>Aldrich &amp; Boyd</u> (Stephens)	40,000	50	25	15		10	10	2.50	.35	25,000									3,200	14,000
3 <u>H. Backerman</u> (Childs Shoes)	10,000	27	15	5		10	10	2.40	1.00	12,000									14,300	8,700

BOOTS AND SHOES—Continued.

MATERIALS—Continued.			PRODUCTS.						POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.										
Pounds of other leather.	Value of all other materials.	Total value of all materials.	Number of pairs of boots.	Value.	Number of pairs of shoes.	Value.	Value of unfinished products, including repairing.	Total value of all products.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	IF WATER-POWER IS USED.					IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.				
										WHEELS.					HORSE-POWER.				
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	
9,000	40,000	100,445			130,000	175,000	200,000	175,200								1	1	40	
	11,000	48,000		80,000		100,000		100,000	From Sched. 3—page 23, line 32 (Shrockmorton Agt)										
	4,250	24,000		50,000		40,000		40,000	From Sched. 3—page 23 line 37										

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.					MONTHS IN OPERATION.				TANNING.						
			Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.		Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of tons hemlock bark.	Sources whence hemlock bark is procured.	Number of tons oak bark.	Sources whence oak bark is procured.	Number of hides.	Number of skins.	Total value of all materials.
						May to November.	November to May.														
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED)—Continued.

TANNING—Continued.			CURRYING.						POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.											
Number of sides of leather.	Number of skins.	Total value of products.	Number of sides of leather.	Number of skins.	Number of gallons of oil.	Total value of all materials.	Number of sides of leather.	Number of skins.	Total value of products.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	IF WATER-POWER IS USED.					IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.				
											WHEELS.					HORSE-POWER.				
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Apr

800	5.500
219	
206	8.283.144
1219	9.301.414
	907.350
	11.800
	18.509.268
	17.109.594
	1.219
	35.650.021

J. D. Green  
Spec Agt