

Received July 23, 1880.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 3 } Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 5 and 6.
Enumeration Dist. No. 78 }

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

Products of Industry in _____, in the County of *Franklin*, State of *Missouri*
during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

P. D. Stratton

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS.

Table with 26 columns: 1-6 (General info), 7-11 (Average number of hands employed), 12-15 (Wages and hours of labor), 16-20 (Months in operation), 21-23 (Saws), 24-26 (Materials and products).

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—Continued.

Table with 18 columns: 27-31 (Proper saw-mill products), 32-34 (Remanufactures), 35-38 (Log procurement), 39-48 (Power used in manufacture).

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

Table with 17 columns: 1-6 (General info), 7-11 (Average number of hands employed), 12-15 (Wages and hours of labor), 16-17 (Months in operation), 18-25 (Materials).

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS—Continued.

Table with 15 columns: 19-25 (Products), 26-35 (Power used in manufacture).

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 3 } Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 5 and 6.
Enumeration Dist. No. 69 }

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

Products of Industry in Pacific, in the County of Franklin, State of Missouri during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

John Pope

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS.

Table with 26 columns: NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY; CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS; AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED; WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR; MONTHS IN OPERATION; SAWS; MATERIALS; PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS.

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—Continued.

Table with 18 columns: PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS—Continued; REMANUFACTURES; POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (Water and Steam).

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

Table with 18 columns: NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY; CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS; AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED; WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR; MONTHS IN OPERATION; MATERIALS.

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS—Continued.

Table with 16 columns: PRODUCTS; POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (Water and Steam).

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

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Supervisor's Dist. No. 3 Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 5 and 6.
Enumeration Dist. No. 67

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

Products of Industry in Beauf Township, in the County of Franklin, State of Missouri during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Oliver Bagby

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS.

Table with 26 columns: NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY; CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS; AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED; WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR; MONTHS IN OPERATION; SAWS; MATERIALS; PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS. Includes entries for Swamp J., Melchior, J. D., and Shelton, K.

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—Continued.

Table with 18 columns: PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS—Continued; REMANUFACTURES; POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE. Includes entries for Missouri and Beauf Co.

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

Table with 18 columns: NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY; CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS; AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED; WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR; MONTHS IN OPERATION; MATERIALS. Includes entry for Diekheller Henry and Notman & Co.

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS—Continued.

Table with 18 columns: PRODUCTS; POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE. Includes entries for brick and tile production.

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The value of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Received July 23, 1880.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 3

Enumeration Dist. No. 72

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 5 and 6.

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

Products of Industry in Central Township, in the County of Franklin, State of Mo during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

J. W. Jeffries

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS.

Table with 26 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4. Males above 16 years. 5. Females above 15 years. 6. Children and youth. 7. Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor. 8. May to November. 9. November to May. 10. Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic. 11. Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer. 12. Total amount paid in wages during the year. 13. On full time. 14. On three-quarter time only. 15. On half time only. 16. Idle. 17. Number of gauges. 18. Number of saws in gang. 19. Number of circular saws. 20. Number of milley saws. 21. Number of hand-saws. 22. Value of logs. 23. Value of mill supplies. 24. Total value of all materials (including value of logs). 25. Number of thousand feet of lumber. 26. Number of thousand shingles.

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—Continued.

Table with 48 columns: 27. Number of thousand staves. 28. Number of thousand sets of headlogs. 29. Number of thousand feet of lumber and split stock. 30. Total value of all products heretofore named. 31. Total value of all other products. 32. Do you manufacture any saws, shovels, planes, gimlets, augers, chisels, &c.? (Yes or No). 33. If so, give total value of such manufactures. 34. Give average number of hands employed in such manufactures. 35. From what region do you procure your logs? 36. Do you do your own logging? (Yes or no). 37. If so, what proportion of your logs do you bring in? 38. Do you ship your product in your own vessels? (Yes or no). 39. On what river or stream? (See note below.) 40. Height of fall, in feet. 41. Number. 42. Kind. 43. Breadth, in feet. 44. Revolutions per minute. 45. Horse-power. 46. Number of boilers. 47. Number of engines. 48. Horse-power.

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

Table with 18 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4. Males above 16 years. 5. Females above 15 years. 6. Children and youth. 7. Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor. 8. May to November. 9. November to May. 10. Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic. 11. Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer. 12. Total amount paid in wages during the year. 13. On full time. 14. On three-quarter time only. 15. On half time only. 16. Idle. 17. Number of cords wood. 18. Total value of all materials.

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS—Continued.

Table with 35 columns: 19. Number of thousand common brick. 20. Number of thousand fire-brick. 21. Number of thousand pressed brick. 22. Value of tile. 23. Value of drain-pipes. 24. Value of all other products. 25. Total value of all products. 26. On what river or stream? (See note below.) 27. Height of fall, in feet. 28. Number. 29. Kind. 30. Breadth, in feet. 31. Revolutions per minute. 32. Horse-power. 33. Number of boilers. 34. Number of engines. 35. Horse-power.

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The value of superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

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Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 5 and 6.

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

Products of Industry in *Boles Township*, in the County of *Franklin*, State of *Missouri*
during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

C. W. Wade

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS.

Table with 26 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4-6. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED (Males above 15 years, Females above 15 years, Children and youth). 7-11. WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR (Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor, Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic, Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer, Total amount paid in wages during the year). 12-15. MONTHS IN OPERATION (On full time, On three-quarter time only, On half time only, Idle). 16-20. SAWS (Number of gangs, Number of saws in gang, Number of circular saws, Number of mule saws, Number of hand-saws). 21-23. MATERIALS (Value of logs, Value of mill supplies, Total value of all materials including value of logs). 24-26. PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS (Number of thousand feet of lumber, Number of thousand laths, Number of thousand shingles).

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—Continued.

Table with 18 columns: 27-31. PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS—Continued (Number of thousand staves, Number of thousand sets of headings, Number of thousand feet of bolts and spool stock, Total value of all products heretofore named, Total value of all other products). 32-34. REMANUFACTURES (Do you manufacture any such doors, blinds, frames, partitions, or you convert into clapboards & [year No.], If so, after total value of such manufactures, Give average number of hands employed in such remanufacture). 35. From what region do you procure your logs? 36-38. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (Do you do your own logging?, If so, what proportion of your logs do you bring in?, Do you ship your product in your own vessels?). 39-48. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (IF WATER IS USED: On what river or stream?, Height of fall, in feet, Number, Kind, Breadth, in feet, Revolutions per minute, Horse-power; IF STEAM-POWER IS USED: Number of boilers, Number of engines, Horse-power).

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

Table with 18 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4-6. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED (Males above 15 years, Females above 15 years, Children and youth). 7-11. WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR (Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor, Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic, Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer, Total amount paid in wages during the year). 12-15. MONTHS IN OPERATION (On full time, On three-quarter time only, On half time only, Idle). 16-18. MATERIALS (Number of cords wood, Value of all other material, Total value of all materials).

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS—Continued.

Table with 15 columns: 19-25. PRODUCTS (Number of thousand common brick, Number of thousand fire bricks, Number of thousand pressed brick, Value of tile, Value of drain-pipes, Value of all other products, Total value of all products). 26-35. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (On what river or stream?, Height of fall, in feet, Number, Kind, Breadth, in feet, Revolutions per minute, Horse-power; IF WATER-POWER IS USED: Number of boilers, Number of engines, Horse-power).

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 3 } Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 5 and 6.
Enumeration Dist. No. 68 }

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

Products of Industry in Boone Township, in the County of Franklin, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

J. M. Beecher

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS.

Table with 26 columns: NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY; CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS; AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED; WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR; MONTHS IN OPERATION; SAWS; MATERIALS; PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS. Includes handwritten entry for 'Gibbs - C.' with values for capital, hands, wages, and products.

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—Continued.

Table with 48 columns: PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS—Continued; REMANUFACTURES; POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE. Includes handwritten entries for 'neighborhood of mill' and 'Bourbon'.

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

Table with 18 columns: NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY; CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS; AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED; WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR; MONTHS IN OPERATION; MATERIALS.

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS—Continued.

Table with 35 columns: PRODUCTS; POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE. Includes columns for brick types and power usage details.

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only servicable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.