

Supervisor's Dist. No. 6  
Enumeration Dist. No. 190

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 7 and 8.

FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS—CHEESE, BUTTER, AND CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

Products of Industry in Williamson Sp., in the County of Benton, State of Mo.  
during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS.

*Willis A. Kump*

Table with 26 columns: 1-6 (Employment), 7-11 (Wages and Hours of Labor), 12-16 (Months in Operation), 17-19 (Capacity and Custom Work), 20-26 (Power Used in Manufacture). Includes handwritten entry for 'Holtrecht Iron Works'.

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS—Continued.

Table with 17 columns: 27-35 (Materials), 36-44 (Products). Includes handwritten entries for flour and other products.

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

GENERAL INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO ALL FACTORIES NAMED ABOVE.

INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO CHEESE FACTORIES ONLY.

INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO BUTTER FACTORIES ONLY.

Table with 24 columns: 1-10 (General Inquiries), 11-15 (Cheese Factories), 16-21 (Butter Factories), 22-24 (Condensed Milk Factories). Includes handwritten entries.

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES—Continued.

Table with 27 columns: 25-38 (General Inquiries), 39-40 (Condensed Milk Factories), 41-50 (Power Used in Manufacture). Includes handwritten entries.

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

NOTES RELATIVE TO CHEESE AND BUTTER FACTORIES.

COLUMNS 1 to 15 have reference to all factories of this class, and should be filled for every establishment enumerated. COLUMNS 16 to 21 have reference to manufacturers of cheese only. COLUMNS 22 to 27 have reference to manufacturers of butter only. COLUMNS 28 to 38 have reference to those factories that manufacture both cheese and butter. COLUMNS 39 and 40 have reference to manufacturers of condensed milk.



Supervisor's Dist. No. 6

Enumeration Dist. No. 189

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 7 and 8.

Received July 31, 80,

FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS—CHEESE, BUTTER, AND CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

Products of Industry in Cole Township in the County of Benton, State of Missouri during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

W. D. R. Mabry

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS.

Table with 20 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4-6. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED (Males above 15 years, Females above 15 years, Children and youth). 7-11. WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR (NUMBER OF HRS. IN THE ORDINARY DAY OF LABOR, Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic, Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer, Total amount paid in wages during the year). 12-15. MONTHS IN OPERATION (On full time, On three-quarter time only, On half-time only, Idle). 16. Number of runs of stone. 17. Estimated maximum capacity per day, in bushels. 18. Do you do custom work or make only what proportion of your product is custom grinding? 19. Is there an elevator connected with the mill? If so, state capacity in bushels. 20. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (IF WATER-POWER IS USED, On what river or stream? (See note below), Height of fall, in feet, Number, Kind, Revolutions per minute, Horsepower).

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS—Continued.

Table with 14 columns: 27. Number of boilers. 28. Number of engines. 29. Horsepower. 30. Number of bushels of wheat. 31. Value. 32. Number of bushels of other grain. 33. Value. 34. Value of mill supplies. 35. Total value of all materials. 36. Number of barrels of wheat flour. 37. Number of barrels of rye flour. 38. Number of bushels of buckwheat flour. 39. Number of pounds of barley meal. 40. Number of pounds of corn meal. 41. Number of pounds of feed. 42. Number of pounds of hominy. 43. Value of all other products. 44. Total value of all products.

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

GENERAL INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO ALL FACTORIES NAMED ABOVE.

Table with 24 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4-6. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED (Males above 15 years, Females above 15 years, Children and youth). 7-10. WAGES (Average day's wages for a dairyman, Average day's wages for ordinary labor, Total amount paid in wages during the year, Total value of labor employed in the year). 11. Date when manufacturing season opened. 12. Date when manufacturing season ended. 13. Average number of cows furnished with milk during the year 1879. 14. Average cost of milk per 100 lbs., if bought at the factory. 15. Total number of pounds of milk used at the factory during the year. 16. Number of pounds of cheese made. 17. Kinds of cheese. 18. Average pounds of milk used per pound of cheese produced. 19. Average price per pound at which cheese was sold for the season. 20. Price per 100 pounds paid for making. 21. Cost of furnishing per 100 pounds. 22. Number of pounds of butter made. 23. Average pounds of milk used per pound of butter produced. 24. Average price per pound at which butter was sold for the season.

I Certify that the above enumeration is true also in accordance with law

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES—Continued.

Table with 10 columns: 25. Price per 100 pounds paid for making. 26. Cost of furnishing per 100 pounds. 27. Value of buttermilk and skimmed milk sold. 28. Number of pounds of butter made. 29. Number of pounds of cheese made. 30. Average pounds of milk used per pound of butter produced. 31. Average pounds of milk used per pound of cheese produced. 32. Average price per pound at which butter was sold for the season. 33. Average price per pound at which cheese was sold for the season. 34. Price per 100 pounds paid for making butter. 35. Price per 100 pounds paid for making cheese. 36. Cost of furnishing per 100 pounds of butter. 37. Cost of furnishing per 100 pounds of cheese. 38. Value of buttermilk and skimmed milk sold. 39. Number of pounds of condensed milk produced. 40. Value of condensed milk produced. 41. On what river or stream? (See note below). 42. Height of fall, in feet. 43. Number. 44. Kind. 45. Revolutions per minute. 46. Horsepower. 47. Number of boilers. 48. Number of engines. 49. Horsepower.

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

NOTES RELATIVE TO CHEESE AND BUTTER FACTORIES.

COLUMNS 1 to 15 have reference to all factories of this class, and should be filled for every establishment enumerated. COLUMNS 16 to 21 have reference to manufacturers of cheese only. COLUMNS 22 to 27 have reference to manufacturers of butter only. COLUMNS 28 to 38 have reference to those factories that manufacture both cheese and butter. COLUMNS 39 and 40 have reference to manufacturers of condensed milk.



Supervisor's Dist. No. 6  
Enumeration Dist. No. 186

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 7 and 8.

FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS—CHEESE, BUTTER, AND CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

Products of Industry in Alexander Township, in the County of Benton, State of Missouri, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS.

A. L. Feaster, Enumerator

Table with 26 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4-6. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED (Males above 16 years, Females above 16 years, Children and youth). 7-11. WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR (NUMBER OF HRS. IN THE ORDINARY DAY OF LABOR, Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic, Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer, Total amount paid in wages during the year). 12-15. MONTHS IN OPERATION (On full time, On three-quarter time only, On half time only, Idle). 16. Number of runs of stone. 17. Estimated maximum capacity per day, in bushels. 18. Do you do custom work or make only for a market? If the former, what proportion of your product is custom grinding? 19. Is there an elevator connected with the mill? If so, state capacity in bushels. 20. On what river or stream? (See note below.) 21-26. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE (IF WATER-POWER IS USED: Height of fall, in feet, Number, Kind, Revolutions per minute, Horse-power; IF STEAM-POWER IS USED: Number of boilers, Number of engines, Horse-power).

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS—Continued.

Table with 16 columns: 27-29. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE—Continued (IF STEAM-POWER IS USED: Number of boilers, Number of engines, Horse-power). 30-35. MATERIALS (Number of bushels of wheat, Value, Number of bushels of other grain, Value, Value of mill supplies, Total value of all materials). 36-43. PRODUCTS (Number of barrels of wheat flour, Number of barrels of rye flour, Number of pounds of buckwheat flour, Number of pounds of barley meal, Number of pounds of corn meal, Number of pounds of feed, Number of pounds of hominy, Value of all other products, Total value of all products).

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

Table with 24 columns: 1. NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY. 2. CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS. 3. Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year. 4-6. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED (Males above 16 years, Females above 16 years, Children and youth). 7-10. WAGES (Average day's wages for a dairyman, Average day's wages for ordinary labor, Total amount paid in wages during the year, Total value of labor employed in the year). 11. Date when manufacturing season opened. 12. Date when manufacturing season closed. 13. Average number of cows furnishing milk during the year. 14. Average cost of milk per 100 lbs., if bought at the factory. 15. Total number of pounds of milk used at the factory during the year. 16. Number of pounds of cheese made. 17. Kind of cheese. 18. Average pounds of milk used per pound of cheese produced. 19. Average price per pound at which cheese was sold for the season. 20. Price per 100 pounds paid for making. 21. Cost of furnishing per 100 pounds. 22. Number of pounds of butter made. 23. Average pounds of milk used per pound of butter produced. 24. Average price per pound at which butter was sold for the season.

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES—Continued.

Table with 25 columns: 25. Price per 100 pounds paid for making. 26. Cost of furnishing per 100 pounds. 27. Value of buttermilk and skimmed milk sold. 28. Number of pounds of butter made. 29. Number of pounds of cheese made. 30. Average pounds of milk used per pound of butter produced. 31. Average pounds of milk used per pound of cheese produced. 32. Average price per pound at which butter was sold for the season. 33. Average price per pound at which cheese was sold for the season. 34. Price per 100 pounds paid for making butter. 35. Price per 100 pounds paid for making cheese. 36. Cost of furnishing per 100 pounds of butter. 37. Cost of furnishing per 100 pounds of cheese. 38. Value of buttermilk and skimmed milk sold. 39. Number of pounds of condensed milk produced. 40. Value of condensed milk produced. 41. On what river or stream? (See note below.) 42. Height of fall, in feet. 43. Number. 44. Kind. 45. Revolutions per minute. 46. Horse-power. 47. Number of boilers. 48. Number of engines. 49. Horse-power.

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

NOTES RELATIVE TO CHEESE AND BUTTER FACTORIES.

COLUMNS 1 to 15 have reference to all factories of this class, and should be filled for every establishment enumerated. COLUMNS 16 to 21 have reference to manufacturers of cheese only. COLUMNS 22 to 27 have reference to manufacturers of butter only. COLUMNS 28 to 38 have reference to those factories that manufacture both cheese and butter. COLUMNS 39 and 40 have reference to manufacturers of condensed milk.

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Received July 31, 80,

Supervisor's Dist. No. 6  
Enumeration Dist. No. 184

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 7 and 8.

FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS—CHEESE, BUTTER, AND CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

Products of Industry in \_\_\_\_\_, in the County of Benton, State of Mo  
during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

*John N. Wright*

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS.

Table with 26 columns: 1-3: General info; 4-11: Wages and hours of labor; 12-17: Months in operation; 18-19: Do you use...; 20: On what river or stream?; 21-26: Power used in manufacture (wheels, height, number, kind, breadth, revolutions, horse-power).

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS—Continued.

Table with 24 columns: 27-30: Power used in manufacture (boilers, engines, horse-power); 31-35: Materials (wheat, value, other grain, value, mill supplies, total value); 36-44: Products (barrels of wheat flour, rye flour, buck-wheat flour, barley meal, corn meal, feed, hominy, other products, total value).

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

Table with 24 columns: 1-10: General inquiries (name, capital, hands employed, wages); 11-15: Inquiries applicable to cheese factories only (date of manufacture, kind of cheese, average price); 16-24: Inquiries applicable to butter factories only (number of pounds, average price).

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES—Continued.

Table with 25 columns: 25-38: Inquiries applicable to combined butter and skim-cheese factories only (price per 100 pounds, cost of furnishing); 39-40: Inquiries applicable to condensed milk factories only (number of pounds, value); 41-50: Power used in manufacture (river, height, wheels, horse-power).

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

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Supervisor's Dist. No. 6  
Enumeration Dist. No. 182

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 7 and 8.

FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS—CHEESE, BUTTER, AND CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

Products of Industry in Lincoln, in the County of Benton, State of Mo  
during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS.

Sam. H. Atkinson

Table with 26 columns: 1-6 (General info), 7-11 (Wages and hours of labor), 12-17 (Months in operation), 18-19 (Do you do custom work...), 20-26 (Power used in manufacture).

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS—Continued.

Table with 16 columns: 27-29 (Power used in manufacture), 30-34 (Materials), 35-43 (Products).

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

Table with 24 columns: 1-15 (General inquiries), 16-21 (Inquiries applicable to cheese factories only), 22-24 (Inquiries applicable to butter factories only).

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES—Continued.

Table with 25 columns: 25-38 (Inquiries applicable to combined butter and skim-cheese factories only), 39-40 (Inquiries applicable to condensed milk factories only), 41-50 (Power used in manufacture).

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

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