# Rules of Retirement Systems

## Division 10—The Public School Retirement System of Missouri

### Chapter 5—Retirement, Options and Benefits

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PURPOSE: This rule sets forth the procedures for the claiming and payment of service retirement benefits under sections 169.070 and 169.075, RSMo and restrictions on employment as provided by section 169.560, RSMo.

(1) A member qualifying for service retirement shall file a written application with the board of trustees on a form provided by the board before s/he can become eligible to receive retirement allowance payments.

(2) The earliest date on which service retirement may become effective is the first day of the calendar month following the calendar month in which the services of the member are terminated, or the first day of the calendar month following the filing of the Application for Service Retirement, whichever is later; except that the earliest date on which service retirement may become effective for a member retiring after receiving credit for a year of membership service shall be July 1, the first day of the fiscal year following the termination of services.

(3) The first retirement allowance, because of service retirement, shall be paid not later than the calendar month immediately following the month in which the application is approved. The first payment after the approval shall include any allowances which have accrued between the effective date of retirement and the date of the first payment.

(4) Except as provided in section (6), if a retired member receiving a retirement allowance returns to employment in a position covered by the retirement system, the retirement allowance shall cease, s/he shall become a new member of the retirement system and shall make contributions to the system. Upon a subsequent termination of services as a teacher, payment of the previously determined retirement allowance shall be resumed.

(5) Except as provided in section (6), a retirement allowance shall not be paid a retired member during any month in which compensation is earned as specified in section 169.560, RSMo; provided that this rule shall not apply to employment with a state college, a state university or any state agency.

(6) Part-time employment is any employment which is less than full-time. Temporary-substitute employment is any employment either in a position held by a regularly employed person who is temporarily absent, or in a position which is temporarily vacant. A retired member may be employed by a district included in the system to serve on a part-time or temporary-substitute basis in any capacity not to exceed five hundred fifty (550) hours in any one (1) school year and through such employment may earn an amount not in excess of the compensation limit set forth in this rule and section 169.560, RSMo, without a discontinuance of the retired member’s retirement allowance. The limit on compensation shall be determined as set forth in section 169.560, RSMo. If the position or positions did not previously exist, a retired member may earn up to fifty percent (50%) of the annual compensation payable for the position within the district that is most comparable to the position filled by the retired member without exceeding the compensation limit. If such employment exceeds either the limitation on hours worked or the limitation on compensation, payment of benefits to the retired member shall cease until the employment terminates or a new school year begins. This rule shall not apply to employment with a state college, a state university or any state agency.

(7) For purposes of applying the provisions of section 169.560, RSMo only, no state college, state university or state agency shall be considered to be a district, employer or public school as those terms are defined in section 169.010, RSMo. Any retired member who is employed by a state college, a state university or any state agency shall not be subject to the requirements and restrictions of section 169.560, RSMo.

(8) Any person who is receiving or has received a retirement allowance from the system, other than a disability retirement allowance, who returns to employment in a position covered by the system shall undertake such employment under a new and separate membership in the system.

(A) Such person shall be eligible for a subsequent retirement allowance after one (1) year of creditable service under the new membership in the system. Such subsequent retirement allowance shall be separate and distinct from such person’s previous retirement allowance.

(B) After earning at least one (1) year of creditable service and upon termination of employment under the subsequent membership with the system, such person may: 1) withdraw from the system and receive a refund of the person’s contributions made during the subsequent membership and interest credited thereon; 2) apply for a subsequent retirement allowance; or 3) leave the contributions with the system.

(C) Such person shall not receive a retirement allowance for any previous membership service while the person is earning creditable service under a subsequent membership with the system.

(D) The minimum benefit amounts provided in section 169.070.17, RSMo, shall not apply to any retirement allowance other than such person’s initial retirement allowance provided by the system.

(E) All previous years of creditable service, not otherwise forfeited, will be considered to determine the formula factor to be used in calculating the subsequent retirement allowance.

(9) For the purpose of determining eligibility for retirement as a result of the sum of a member’s age and years of creditable service equaling eighty (80) years or more, the member’s age shall be determined by adding the member’s age on the date of his or her most recent birthday and the partial year following the member’s most recent birthday. Such partial year shall be determined by converting days following the member’s most recent birthday into tenths of a year according to the following schedule:

At least 37 days and less than 73 days: one-tenth of a year
At least 73 days and less than 110 days: two-tenths of a year
At least 110 days and less than 146 days: three-tenths of a year
At least 146 days and less than 183 days: four-tenths of a year
At least 183 days and less than 219 days: five-tenths of a year
At least 219 days and less than 256 days: six-tenths of a year
At least 256 days and less than 292 days: seven-tenths of a year
At least 292 days and less than 329 days: eight-tenths of a year
At least 329 days and less than 365 days: nine-tenths of a year

(10) A member electing Option 2, Option 3 or Option 4 in his/her application for service retirement shall furnish proof of date of birth.

MATT BLUNT (11/30/01) Secretary of State
of the person nominated to receive the survivorship payments.

(11) The member electing Option 2, Option 3 or Option 4 in his/her application for service retirement shall indicate the relationship establishing an insurable interest in his/her life for the person nominated and, if requested by the board, shall furnish evidence of the existence of the insurable interest. An “insurable interest” shall be considered to exist because of the relationship to a member of a wife, husband, father, mother, child (including a stepchild or adopted child) or any other person who has a financial interest in the continued life of the member or who is dependent upon the member for all or part of his/her support.

(12) Any member retiring under the provisions of section 169.563, RSMo shall have the same rights of retirement benefit plan election as a member retiring under section 169.070, RSMo. Further, the surviving spouse of any member who dies prior to retirement and while eligible to retire under section 169.563, RSMo shall have the same survivorship benefit rights as provided under section 169.070, RSMo.

(13) A member who has made additional deposits with the system will, upon retirement, receive an addition to the retirement allowance provided for in section 169.070, RSMo unless s/he elects to withdraw his/her accumulated deposits without interest.

(14) The provisions of subsection 15 of section 169.070, RSMo shall be applicable to retirement allowance payments made on September 30, 1987 and thereafter. In determining any increase in benefits allowable under subsection 15 to those retirees receiving benefits under section 169.070.9(4), RSMo the “retirement allowance” shall be deemed to be the amount which would have been payable had the allowance not been reduced to two-thirds (2/3) as provided in section 169.070.9(4), RSMo.

(15) The effective date of a retirement allowance payment made because of the nomination of a successor beneficiary as provided in House Bill 496 enacted by the 87th General Assembly shall be the next regular payment date following receipt in the retirement office of the properly completed nomination of successor beneficiary form.

(16) The effective date of any monthly benefit to a service retiree shall be the first day of the calendar month following the event establishing eligibility for the benefit, assuming all other requirements of the law and rules of the board of trustees have been met. Monthly benefit payments shall be made on the last day of each calendar month and shall be only for complete months. The initial payment shall include all benefits accrued since the effective date.


16 CSR 10-5.020 Disability Retirement

PURPOSE: This rule provides the procedure for claiming a disability benefit as authorized in sections 169.060, 169.070 and 169.075, RSMo.

(1) A member claiming disability retirement must file a written application for retirement with the board of trustees on a form provided by the board. If a member, because of physical or mental disability, is unable to make application for disability retirement, the written application may be completed by a guardian or trustee designated by a court and the completed application shall be accompanied by a certified copy of the court order designating the guardian or trustee.

(2) The board of trustees shall designate a medical adviser whose duty it shall be to assign applicants for disability benefits to physicians for examinations and reports (see 16 CSR 10-6.070(1) for the nonteacher system).

(3) The board of trustees shall pay the fees of the examiners and shall pay the medical adviser a fee for each application (see 16 CSR 10-6.070(2) for the nonteacher system).

(4) The medical adviser shall report to the board on the findings of the examining physicians and the board of trustees shall act on these findings (see 16 CSR 10-6.070(3) for the nonteacher system).

(5) The recipient of disability benefits may be required to submit to periodic examinations until age sixty (60) by physicians selected and paid by the board, provided there shall not be more than two (2) examinations in any year (see 16 CSR 10-6.070(4) for the nonteacher system).

(6) The payment of the first disability benefits to a member shall be made not later than the calendar month immediately following the month in which the claim is approved. The first payment after approval shall include any benefits which have accrued between the date of disability and the date of the first payment, provided, however, that payment shall not be made for such time as the member is receiving any salary from an employer; and provided, that benefits shall not accrue for more than sixty (60) days prior to the date of filing application (see 16 CSR 10-6.070(5) for the nonteacher system).

(7) Any person who is receiving a disability retirement allowance from the retirement system and who has attained age sixty (60) may be employed in any capacity for, and receive income of any amount from, any employer except a school district included in the retirement system. Notwithstanding any provision of section 169.560, RSMo to the contrary, any such person may be employed in a district included in the retirement system on either a temporary-substitute or part-time basis without a discontinuance of the retirement allowance if such employment does not exceed either the limitation on hours worked or limitation on compensation set forth in section 169.560, RSMo, and 16 CSR 10-5.010(6).

(8) Any person who is receiving a disability retirement allowance from the retirement system and who has not attained age sixty (60) may not be employed in any capacity by a district included in the retirement system and continue to receive the retirement allowance.
Any such person may not be employed in any capacity for any other employer, the compensation for which employment would constitute a livelihood, and continue to receive the retirement allowance. The executive director, and/or the board of trustees shall determine what constitutes a livelihood in such instance.

(9) The surviving spouse, children of a deceased disability retiree shall have the same rights to benefits under sections 169.070 and 169.075, RSMo as does the surviving spouse, children, or both, of a member who dies while teaching in a district included in the retirement system.


16 CSR 10-5.030 Beneficiary

PURPOSE: This rule sets forth the procedure for naming beneficiaries and their eligibility as provided by sections 169.070 and 169.075, RSMo.

(1) Each member, when completing a membership record (see 16 CSR 10-2.010), may designate a beneficiary and contingent beneficiaries. If a member fails to designate a beneficiary, the estate of the member shall be considered as the beneficiary.

(2) A member may change a beneficiary(ies) by filing a request for change with the board of trustees on a form furnished by the board for this purpose.

(3) Accumulated contributions of a deceased member due a beneficiary or estate upon the death of a member shall be paid within sixty (60) days of the establishment of the claim. If the beneficiary is a minor, payment shall be made to the conservator of the minor appointed by the court after the filing of a certified copy of the court order making the appointment or to the custodian designated under the Missouri Transfers to Minors Law, upon receipt of appropriate documentation.

(4) The designated beneficiary of a deceased member, or of a deceased retiree who elected Option 1 at retirement, shall be entitled to receive payment of the accumulated contributions of the deceased member, or any balance of the deceased retiree’s accumulated contributions in excess of the total retirement allowances paid, if an alternate benefit is not elected by the beneficiary. In a like manner, if both a retiree who elected Option 2, 3 or 4 and the designated joint survivor under the option are deceased, any existing balance of the deceased retiree’s accumulated contributions in excess of the total retirement allowances paid to the retiree and to the joint survivor shall be paid to the beneficiary designated for that purpose. However, no payment of accumulated contributions shall be made to an estate except through the personal representative who has been legally qualified and who shall file a certified copy of the appointment; except, that in cases where the court does not appoint a personal representative, payment shall be made upon order of the court to the person(s) designated by the court, or in the absence of court order, the system may make payment to a surviving heir if all known surviving heirs sign an Indemnity Agreement and file this agreement with the board of trustees prior to the payment where such agreement would adequately protect the system; or payment may be made in accordance with the provisions of section 473.097, RSMo, relating to small estates.

(5) Payments due a beneficiary of a deceased service retiree under Option 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 shall commence with the month in which the retiree dies. Payments due a beneficiary under Option 2, 3, or 4 shall cease with the payment at the end of the month in which the death of the beneficiary occurs. Under Options 5 and 6, if the retiree dies prior to receiving one hundred twenty (120) or sixty (60) monthly payments, respectively, the remainder of such monthly payments shall be paid to the retiree’s primary beneficiary. If the primary beneficiary dies prior to receiving the remainder of the one hundred twenty (120) or sixty (60) monthly payments under Option 5 or 6, respectively, the remainder of such monthly payments shall be paid to the retiree’s first contingent beneficiary. If the first contingent beneficiary dies prior to receiving the remainder of one hundred twenty (120) or sixty (60) monthly payments under Option 5 or 6, respectively, the remainder of such monthly payments shall be paid to the retiree’s second contingent beneficiary. If there is no primary or contingent beneficiary who survives the retiree for the remainder of the one hundred twenty (120) or sixty (60) monthly payments under Option 5 or 6, respectively, the reserve of the remainder of such payments shall be paid to the estate of the last person to receive a monthly payment.

(6) A beneficiary who is eligible to receive benefits as provided for in section 169.075, RSMo in lieu of the other benefits payable at death of the member or disability retiree must elect to receive these benefits in writing on a form provided by the board of trustees and before the date the first payment would begin to accrue, except that an election made within one (1) year of the death of the member or disability retiree may be effective from the first of the month following the event which establishes eligibility for the benefits. An election may not be changed after a payment has been made. No beneficiary shall be eligible to receive benefits pursuant to section 169.075, RSMo, after a member’s initial retirement even in the event of the previously retired member’s death during a subsequent membership with the system.

(7) A beneficiary electing to receive benefits under section 169.075, RSMo at the time of the election shall furnish to the board of trustees upon forms provided by the board the information necessary to determine the eligibility of the beneficiary to receive the benefits; and proof of date of birth of the beneficiary or dependents, if any, shall be furnished before benefits are paid.

(8) Benefits payable because of an election provided for in section 169.075, RSMo shall accrue from the first day of the month following the date on which the beneficiary becomes eligible for the benefits. The monthly benefit payment amounts shall be those provided under the law in effect at the date of the member or disability retiree. Such payments shall be made until the age provided under current law.

(9) Payments due a survivor shall cease with the last monthly payment prior to the event terminating eligibility for such payments except when the terminating event is the death of the survivor, in which case payments shall cease with the payment made at the end of the month in which death occurs.

(10) If the survivor receiving benefits is a dependent, unmarried, disabled child of a member who dies before retirement, the following applies:

(A) If the surviving spouse is the designated beneficiary, the child will be considered as any other child until s/he has become age eighteen (18); s/he will be considered as any other child until becoming age twenty-four...
(24) if s/he continues in school on a full-time basis; s/he will become eligible for a monthly benefit as a disabled, unmarried child upon becoming age eighteen (18) or twenty-four (24) and will receive this allowance each month as long as s/he remains eligible; the surviving spouse will be returned to the roll to receive the statutory benefit upon becoming sixty (60) years of age, if eligible;

(B) If a child is the designated primary beneficiary, the benefits prior to attainment of age eighteen (18), or twenty-four (24) if the child is enrolled in school on a full-time basis and after age eighteen (18) for the disabled child will be in accordance with subsection 4 of section 169.075, RSMo and the monthly payment will be continued as long as the disabled child is eligible;

(C) In either subsection (10)(A) or (B) of this rule, if there is no eligible child of the deceased member under age eighteen (18), or twenty-four (24) if the child is enrolled in school on a full-time basis except the disabled child who would no longer be eligible were it not for the disability, the monthly payment for the disabled child will be paid as long as s/he remains eligible; and the surviving spouse will not be excluded from a benefit upon attainment of age sixty (60) because of the eligibility of the surviving dependent child; and

(D) A child eligible under section 169.075.3, RSMo who has attained age eighteen (18), and for whom the monthly allowance has been paid, will be eligible to receive the benefit during the three (3) summer months of June, July and August if s/he was enrolled in school on a full-time basis in the period immediately preceding these summer months and plans to be in attendance during the next regular term. The same interpretation will apply if the surviving dependent is receiving an allowance under section 169.075.4, RSMo. A qualified dependent under this section includes a child who is disabled prior to the attainment of age eighteen (18) because of mental or physical impairment which renders the child unable to engage in substantial gainful activity, and which disability continues after the child has attained age eighteen (18).

(11) Payments which are to be made because of a surviving dependent unmarried child(ren) as provided in section 169.075, RSMo shall be made in accordance with court orders.

(12) Option 2 benefits payable under section 169.070, RSMo to a beneficiary of a member or a disability retiree who dies prior to becoming retired on service retirement shall accrue as follows:

(A) If the beneficiary elects to receive an immediate benefit, then the benefit shall be payable the first day of the month following the death of the member or disability retiree. If the beneficiary elects to receive a deferred benefit to begin when the member or disability retiree would have been eligible to receive a retirement allowance under section 169.070.1 or 2, RSMo, then the benefit shall be payable the first day of the month following the event which would have established the eligibility for such retirement allowance. If the beneficiary elects to receive a deferred benefit to begin when the member or disability retiree would first have been eligible to receive an actuarial equivalent of a retirement allowance, then the benefit shall be payable the first day of the month following the event which would have established eligibility for the actuarial equivalent.

(B) The benefits payable shall be those provided under the law in effect at the date the payments begin. Any actuarial equivalent factors applied in the benefit calculation shall be those in effect at the time benefit payments begin.

(C) The election by the beneficiary for Option 2 benefits must be made before the date the first payment would begin to accrue, except that an election made within one (1) year of the death of the member or disability retiree may be effective from the first of the month following the event which established eligibility for the retirement allowance. An election may not be changed after a payment has been made.

(D) Option 2 benefits payable pursuant to section 169.070, RSMo, to a beneficiary of a member or a disability retiree who dies prior to becoming retired on service retirement shall be paid only to a sole primary beneficiary who had an insurable interest in the life of the member or disability retiree on the date of death. Such benefits shall not be payable to a first contingent or second contingent beneficiary in the event that the primary beneficiary predeceases the member. An “insurable interest” shall be considered to exist because of the relationship to a member of a wife, husband, father, mother, child (including a stepchild or adopted child), or any other person who has a financial interest in the continued life of the member or who is dependent upon the member for all or part of his or her support.

(13) The five thousand dollar ($5,000) death benefit payable pursuant to section 169.070.20, RSMo, shall be payable to the beneficiary designated by the member to receive such benefit. If the member fails to designate a beneficiary on the form provided or if no beneficiary designated on the form provided survives the member, the death benefit shall be paid to the member’s estate.

(14) Proof of the death of the member or beneficiary is required before any benefits, including, but not limited to, accumulated contributions are paid to an estate or other beneficiary. Proof of death shall be established by submission of an original or certified copy of a death certificate issued by the authority of the governmental entity responsible for issuing such certificates. Other documentation, including, but not limited to, an appropriate court order may be submitted for evaluation if it is not possible to obtain a death certificate.

AUTHORITY: section 169.020, RSMo 2000.*


Op. Att’y Gen. No. 163, Black (10-20-77). Under the 1977 amendments to section 169.070, RSMo, a member of the Public School Retirement System of Missouri having twenty-five years of creditable service, but being less than age sixty, may retire and draw an actuarially reduced retirement allowance. Also, if such a member dies after gaining twenty-five years or more creditable service before retirement, his/her spouse if named as beneficiary may receive either survivorship benefits or payment of the member’s accumulated contributions.

16 CSR 10-5.035 Calculation of Benefits Under Social Security Offset

PURPOSE: This rule complies with the provisions of 104.342.7(2), RSMo requiring an offset of the Public School Retirement System benefit for Social Security benefits accrued
Chapter 5—Retirement, Options and Benefits

16 CSR 10-5 Calculation of Retirement Allowance for a Member With Services in a College or Agency Also Providing Social Security Coverage

PURPOSE: This rule sets forth the procedures for qualification and benefits to those members as set forth in House Bill 34, 1957 and those who subsequently become members and also have Social Security coverage.

(1) July 1, 1957 is a dividing date. If the member was in active teaching at the time of the effective date of House Bill 34—May 14, 1957—or between that date and June 30, 1957, the employment at that time will determine the status of the member’s services prior to July 1, 1957.

(A) If the member was in public school teaching, services prior to July 1, 1957, will be calculated on the formula for those without Social Security coverage.

(B) If the member was in a position which required Social Security contributions to be withheld from the salary payments in the 1956–57 school year, the calculation must be made on the basis of an employee with Social Security coverage.

(2) If the member was inactive at the time House Bill 34 became effective and the last teaching services prior to the inactive status did not require the withholding of Social Security contributions, when the member returns to teaching the following will prevail:

(A) If the member’s employment does not require withholding of contributions for Social Security, all services will be valued under the full formula; and

(B) If the member’s employment requires the withholding of contributions for Social Security, the previous services will be valued under the full formula and services after July 1, 1957, under the formula used with Social Security coverage.

(3) If the member was inactive at the time House Bill 34 became effective and the last teaching service while a member of the teacher system.

PURPOSE: This rule sets forth the procedures for qualification and benefits to those members as set forth in House Bill 34, 1957 and those who subsequently become members and also have Social Security coverage.

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(3) If the member was inactive at the time House Bill 34 became effective and the last teaching service while a member of the teacher system.

PURPOSE: This rule sets forth the procedures for qualification and benefits to those members as set forth in House Bill 34, 1957 and those who subsequently become members and also have Social Security coverage.

(1) July 1, 1957 is a dividing date. If the member was in active teaching at the time of the effective date of House Bill 34—May 14, 1957—or between that date and June 30, 1957, the employment at that time will determine the status of the member’s services prior to July 1, 1957.

(A) If the member was in public school teaching, services prior to July 1, 1957, will be calculated on the formula for those without Social Security coverage.

(B) If the member was in a position which required Social Security contributions to be withheld from the salary payments in the 1956–57 school year, the calculation must be made on the basis of an employee with Social Security coverage.

(2) If the member was inactive at the time House Bill 34 became effective and the last teaching services prior to the inactive status did not require the withholding of Social Security contributions, when the member returns to teaching the following will prevail:

(A) If the member’s employment does not require withholding of contributions for Social Security, all services will be valued under the full formula; and

(B) If the member’s employment requires the withholding of contributions for Social Security, the previous services will be valued under the full formula and services after July 1, 1957, under the formula used with Social Security coverage.

(3) If the member was inactive at the time House Bill 34 became effective and the last teaching service while a member of the teacher system.
September 1, 1972, and eligible beneficiaries as set forth in subdivision 169.070.11, RSMo.

(1) For all of those who retired prior to September 1, 1972, and had not qualified for a second retirement allowance prior to that date by serving another five (5) years or more, the current monthly allowance shall be increased by two percent (2%) for each year or major portion of a year from the original date of retirement till June 30, 1975.

(2) For those who retired and subsequently returned to teaching five (5) or more years and qualified for an additional benefit prior to September 1, 1972, the increase shall be computed separately for each retirement allowance for each year or major portion of a year till June 30, 1975, from the date of each retirement, and the total increase shall be the sum of the increase for each calculation.

(3) Since disability allowances are retirement allowances by the law, and since Options 1 and 2 are also extensions of one’s retirement allowance by reduction of one’s allowance to provide for an eligible beneficiary, we compute the increase for each of these where the member retired prior to September 1, 1972, for each year or major portion of a year from the effective date of the member’s retirement till June 30, 1975. For those beneficiaries of deceased members who died before retirement and prior to September 1, 1972, the increase will be computed from the effective date of the benefit through June 30, 1975.


16 CSR 10-5.055 Cost-of-Living Adjustments

PURPOSE: This rule provides for the implementation of cost-of-living adjustments to teachers and eligible beneficiaries as set forth in subdivision 169.070.12 and 13, RSMo.

(1) The board of trustees, at the August meeting or as soon as sufficient data is available after the end of the fiscal year, shall determine any cost-of-living adjustment to be effective with the January payment following the close of the fiscal year. The board shall consider the recommendation of the system’s actuary in determining the amount of adjustment to be made.

(2) The recommendation of the actuary and the determination of the board shall take into consideration data from the National Consumer Price Index (CPI) and may include other pertinent data available. The cost-of-living change in the CPI shall be the June CPI of the fiscal year divided by the June CPI of the preceding fiscal year minus 1 and expressed as a percent. Example:

June 1976 CPI, 170.1; June 1975 CPI, 160.6 \( \frac{170.1}{160.6} - 1 = .059 = 5.9\% \).

(3) When the board of trustees determines that a cost-of-living increase shall be granted, the increase shall be added to the allowance of any person receiving a service or disability retirement allowance, or beneficiary allowance pursuant to section 169.070.3, RSMo. The initial increase in a retiree’s allowance shall not be granted before January 1, 1977, or until the retiree has been retired four (4) January firsts; or in the case of any member retiring on or after July 1, 2000, the initial increase in the retiree’s allowance shall not be granted until the retiree has been retired three (3) January firsts; or in the case of any member retiring on or after July 1, 2001, the initial increase in the retiree’s allowance shall not be granted until the retiree has been retired two (2) January firsts.

A designated beneficiary of a deceased retiree who is receiving an allowance as provided in section 169.070.3, RSMo, will be eligible for an increase at the time the deceased retiree would have been eligible for an increase had he or she lived.

(4) If the cost-of-living decreases as determined by the board of trustees, the allowance which had previously been increased under the provisions of section 169.070.12, RSMo may be decreased by a percentage not to exceed the percentage of reduction in the cost-of-living as determined by the board, but the decrease or total of such decreases shall not reduce the allowance below that received at retirement, or on January 31, 1976, whichever is later. In determining whether a decrease shall be made, consideration shall be given not only to cost-of-living data as shown by the National CPI for the preceding fiscal year, but also to the total net economic change as reflected by the National CPIs of all years since the retiree or eligible beneficiary under section 169.070.3, RSMo first qualified for a cost-of-living increase.


16 CSR 10-5.060 Benefits to Advisers

PURPOSE: This rule sets forth the procedure for payment as an adviser for a retired member who had services in another state teacher retirement system as provided in section 169.585, RSMo.

(1) In those instances when a retired member is receiving retirement benefits from more than one (1) system under Chapter 169, RSMo and is entitled to additional compensation under provisions of section 169.585, RSMo, the retirement system under which the member first retired, or qualified for benefits, should pay the initial compensation for that employment. If the combined retirement allowances and this payment do not total the overall legal maximum of one hundred fifty dollars ($150), the second retirement system will then pay the additional compensation for employment for that system.


16 CSR 10-5.070 Qualified Governmental Excess Benefit Arrangement

PURPOSE: This rule implements section 169.070.16, RSMo and section 415(m) of Title 26 of the United States Code and allows for the payment of benefits in excess of the limits imposed by section 415 of Title 26 of the United States Code and section 169.070.16, RSMo to which retirees and beneficiaries are otherwise entitled pursuant to Chapter 169, RSMo.

(1) Definitions.

(A) “Maximum benefit” shall mean the benefit a retiree or beneficiary is entitled to receive from the retirement system in any month after giving effect to section 169.070.16, RSMo designed to conform to the annual benefit limit set forth in section
(B) “Retirement system” shall mean The Public School Retirement System of Missouri established pursuant to Chapter 169, RSMo.

(C) “Section 415(m) benefit participant” shall mean any retiree or beneficiary whose benefits otherwise payable pursuant to Chapter 169, RSMo without giving effect to the limitations of section 169.070.16, RSMo designed to conform to section 415 of Title 26 of the United States Code, would exceed the maximum benefit permitted under section 415 of Title 26 of the United States Code. Eligibility as a section 415(m) benefit plan participant shall be determined by the retirement system at retirement and annually thereafter.

(D) “Section 415(m) benefit plan” shall mean the separate, unfunded qualified governmental excess benefit arrangement within the meaning of section 415(m) of Title 26 of the United States Code and established pursuant to section 169.070.16, RSMo and this rule that is a separate portion of the retirement system.

(E) “Unrestricted benefit” shall mean the monthly benefit a retiree or beneficiary would have been entitled to receive from the retirement system under Chapter 169, RSMo without giving effect to the restrictions of section 169.070.16, RSMo designed to conform to section 415 of Title 26 of the United States Code.

(2) A section 415(m) benefit participant receiving benefits from the retirement system pursuant to Chapter 169, RSMo is entitled to a monthly benefit under the section 415(m) benefit plan in an amount equal to the section 415(m) benefit participant’s unrestricted benefit less the maximum benefit. In no event shall a retiree or beneficiary receive a total monthly benefit from the retirement system and the section 415(m) benefit plan in excess of the monthly benefit he or she would have been entitled to receive from the retirement system under Chapter 169, RSMo without giving effect to the restrictions of section 169.070.16, RSMo designed to conform to section 415 of Title 26 of the United States Code.

(3) Any benefit to which a retiree or beneficiary is entitled pursuant to this rule shall be paid at the same time and in the same manner as the benefit would have been paid from the retirement system if the payment of the benefit from the retirement system had not been precluded by section 169.070.16, RSMo designed to conform to section 415 of Title 26 of the United States Code.

(4) Contributions may not be accumulated under the section 415(m) benefit plan to pay future monthly benefits to retirees or beneficiaries. Instead, a portion of each payment of employer contributions that is made to the retirement system under section 169.030, RSMo shall be paid to the section 415(m) benefit plan in an amount necessary to satisfy the monthly obligation to pay section 415(m) benefit participants the amount calculated pursuant to (2) above, as those amounts become due, and may include amounts needed to pay reasonable expenses necessary to administer the section 415(m) benefit plan. Employer contributions made to provide section 415(m) benefits pursuant to this rule shall not be commingled with any other assets of the retirement system.

(5) The section 415(m) benefit plan is a separate portion of the retirement system plan qualified pursuant to section 401(a) of Title 26 of the United States Code and is maintained solely for the purpose of providing benefits to retirees and beneficiaries that would otherwise exceed the limits imposed by section 415 of Title 26 of the United States Code.

(6) A member, retiree, or beneficiary of the retirement system may not directly or indirectly elect to defer compensation or to otherwise purchase benefits pursuant to section 169.070.16, RSMo or this rule.

(7) The section 415(m) benefit plan shall be administered in the same manner as the retirement system pursuant to section 169.020, RSMo.
