Rules of
Department of Health
Division 10—Office of the Director
Chapter 33—Hospital and Ambulatory Surgical Center Data Disclosure

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PURPOSE: This rule establishes procedures for reporting patient abstract data for inpatients and outpatients by hospitals and ambulatory surgical centers to the Department of Health.

(1) The following definitions shall be used in the interpretation of this rule:
(A) Coinvestigator means any person or organization that applies to the department to be a coinvestigator of an epidemiological study;
(B) Department means the Missouri Department of Health;
(C) Epidemiological study means research using patient abstract data to understand, promote or safeguard the health of a defined population. No marketing study or study designed to use data on a specific provider shall be considered an epidemiological study;
(D) External cause-of-injury code (E-Code) means the ICD-9-CM code for the external cause of an injury, poisoning or adverse effect;
(E) Inpatient encounter means an encounter which begins with the formal acceptance by a hospital or a distinct part of the hospital of a patient who is to receive physician, dentist or allied services while receiving room, board and continuous nursing care. It ends with the termination of the room, board and continuous nursing services, and the formal release of an inpatient from the hospital or the transfer of the patient to a different distinct hospital unit;
(F) Managed care means any form of health plan that initiates selective contracting to channel patients to a limited number of providers and that influences utilization and cost of services as well as measures outcomes. The term covers a broad spectrum of arrangements for health care delivery and financing, including managed indemnity plans (MIP), health maintenance organizations (HMO), preferred provider organizations (PPO), point-of-service plans (POS), as well as direct contracting arrangements between employers and providers;
(G) Observation services are those services furnished on a hospital’s premises, including use of a bed and periodic monitoring by a hospital’s nursing or other staff, which are reasonable and necessary to evaluate an outpatient’s condition or determine the need for a possible admission to the hospital as an inpatient. Charges for observation services usually are made on an hourly basis. Observation services usually do not exceed twenty-four (24) hours. However, there is no hourly limit on the extent to which they may be used;
(H) Other diagnoses means all conditions that coexist at the time of admission or develop later, which affect the treatment received or the length of stay, or both. Diagnoses that relate to an earlier episode which have no bearing on the current hospital stay are to be excluded. Conditions should be coded that affect patient care in terms of requiring any of the following: clinical evaluation, therapeutic treatment, diagnostic procedures, extended length of hospital stay, increased nursing care or monitoring;
(I) Outpatient encounters means patients seen in the emergency room, patients receiving invasive procedures on an outpatient basis—CPT codes 10000-69999 and ICD-9-CM codes 01.0-86.99, inclusive—and patients receiving selected services and procedures as defined in Exhibit A of this rule;
(J) Principal diagnosis means the condition established after study to be chiefly responsible for occasioning the admission of the patient to the hospital for care;
(K) Principal procedure means the procedure that was performed for definitive treatment rather than one performed for diagnostic or exploratory purposes, or was necessary to take care of a complication. If two (2) procedures appear to be the principal procedure, then the one (1) most related to the principal diagnosis should be selected as the principal procedure;
(L) Procedure codes and dates mean the codes and dates for all significant procedures. A significant procedure is one that is surgical in nature, carries a procedural risk, carries an anesthetic risk or requires specialized training. Surgery includes incision, excision, amputation, introduction, endoscopy, repair, destruction, suture and manipulation;
(M) Public health authority means a federal, state or local governmental agency which has as its mission and responsibility the promotion and safeguarding of the public’s health; and
(N) Total charges for inpatient services means charges for the inpatient hospitalization, including outpatient services prior to admission to the facility or after discharge from the facility or both to the extent the claim’s payer has required the bundling of outpatient services with the inpatient stay.

(2) All hospitals shall file with the department patient abstract data on patients discharged from a hospital after December 31, 1992, patients receiving an outpatient service after December 31, 1992, and patients released from observation after December 31, 1992. All ambulatory surgical centers shall file with the department patient abstract data on patients receiving an outpatient service after December 31, 1993.

(3) Data which meet the completeness, validity and consistency criteria in subsections (3)(A) and (B) of this rule shall be submitted to the department on a quarterly basis within five (5) months following the end of a calendar quarter in which the discharge or outpatient service occurred.
(A) Each data element shall have an acceptable code in at least ninety-nine percent (99%) of the records. Each data element shall be missing or unknown in less than one percent (1%) of records.
(B) The following data elements shall be at least ninety-nine percent (99%) consistent within an individual record: date of birth, sex, diagnoses, E-Codes, procedures; state of residence, zip code, county; and admission date, procedure dates, discharge date, date of birth.

(4) The patient abstract data shall include the data elements and conform to the specifications listed in Exhibit B of this rule and shall be submitted on magnetic media. Acceptable magnetic media include the following:
(A) IBM-3480 compatible one-half-inch (1/2") eighteen (18) track tape uncompressed (3480) or compressed (3490);
(B) Floppy disk (MS-DOS/PC-DOS compatible). Three and one-half-inch (3 1/2") eighty (80) tracks per side, eighteen (18) sectors per track, double-sided (1.44 Mb). Shall be on media rated at least 135 tpi with 2.0 Mb total rating; or
(C) Other magnetic media may be acceptable with prior approval of the department.

(5) Providers shall be allowed fifteen (15) working days to correct data submission errors identified by the department. Revisions of data originally filed shall be filed on magnetic media and contain the entire logical record for each record changed.

(6) Providers shall notify the department by January 1 of each year if they plan to submit the required data to the department through an association or related organization with which the department has a binding agreement to obtain data. Providers selecting this option are responsible for ensuring that the
data meet the quality criteria of completeness, validity and consistency in subsections (3)(A) and (B) of this rule, and are submitted to the association or related organization so the time schedule in section (3) of this rule is met. The association or related organization is responsible for ensuring that the data are provided to the department on acceptable magnetic media, conform to the specifications listed in Exhibit B of this rule, meeting the time schedule of section (3) of this rule.

(7) Providers may submit data directly to the department or through a third party as acting as their agent, other than one with which the department has a binding agreement. Providers selecting this option are responsible for ensuring that all data specifications conform to the requirements of this rule.

(8) The department shall develop and publish reports pertaining to individual hospitals and ambulatory surgical centers. The reports may include information on charges and quality of care indicators. The reports and the data they contain shall be public information and may be released on magnetic media. The department shall make the reports and data available for a reasonable charge based on incurred costs.

(9) The department shall use statistical rules to minimize random fluctuations and extreme outliers in publishing provider-specific reports on charges. The rules may vary by publication but shall include the following:

(A) The most appropriate measure of central tendency shall be used. Whenever the average charge is used it shall be computed only upon cases that are within 1.96 standard deviations of the average of the entire distribution; and

(B) Average charges shall not be published on fewer than twenty (20) events.

(10) The department may develop reports and release data upon request which do not directly or indirectly identify patients, physicians or providers. The reports and data shall be public information and may be released on magnetic media. The department shall make the reports and data available for a reasonable charge based upon incurred costs.

(11) The department may release patient abstract data to a public health authority to assist the agency in fulfilling its public health mission. This data shall not be rereleased in any form by the public health authority without the prior authorization of the department. Authorization for subsequent release of the data shall be considered only if the proposed release does not identify a patient, physician or provider. However, the department may authorize contact with the patient, physician or provider based upon the information supplied. The physician and provider that provided care to a patient shall be informed by the public health authority of any proposed contact with a patient.

(12) Any person may apply to the department to be a coinvestigator of an epidemiological study using patient abstract data. A research protocol shall be submitted which includes all of the following:

(A) A description of the proposed study;

(B) The purpose of the study;

(C) A description of the data elements needed for the study;

(D) A description of a tape or a report if either is required;

(E) A statement indicating whether the study protocol has been reviewed and approved by an institutional review board;

(F) A description of data security procedures, including who shall have access to the data; and

(G) A description of the proposed use and release of the data.

(13) The director of the department shall appoint a data release advisory committee composed of three (3) persons representing the health care industry and three (3) persons representing researchers and consumers. The advisory committee shall review all research protocols of persons applying to be a coinvestigator of an epidemiological study using patient abstract data. The advisory committee shall make a recommendation to the director whether the coinvestigator protocol should be accepted, accepted with conditions, or rejected. The committee shall consider:

(A) The review made by the staff of the department;

(B) Whether the proposed study meets the definition of an epidemiological study;

(C) The potential for the coinvestigator or any other person to use the data for nonepidemiological purposes;

(D) The professional expertise of the applicant to conduct the study;

(E) The appropriateness of the proposed study design;

(F) The willingness and ability of the applicant to protect the identity of any patient, physician or provider; and

(G) The data security measures and final disposition of the data proposed.

(14) The coinvestigator shall agree to the confidentiality, security and release of data requirements imposed by the department and shall agree to the review and oversight requirements imposed by the department.

(15) Data released to the coinvestigator shall not be rereleased in any form by the coinvestigator without the prior authorization of the department. Authorization for subsequent release of the data shall be considered only if the proposed release does not identify a patient, physician or provider.

(16) The following data elements permit identification of a patient, physician or provider, and are not to be rereleased by a coinvestigator: patient name; patient Social Security number; any datum which applies to fewer than three (3) patients, physicians or providers; physician number; provider number; and a quantity figure if one (1) entity contributes more than sixty percent (60%) of the amount.

(17) The department shall release only those patient abstract data elements to the coinvestigator which the department determines are essential to the study. The Unique Physician Identification Number (UPIN) associated with any patient abstract data shall not be released to any coinvestigator. If the research being conducted by a coinvestigator requires a physician number, the department may create a unique number which is not the UPIN. The department shall not provide information which links the unique number to the name of the physician.

(18) No epidemiological study conducted with a coinvestigator shall be approved unless the department determines that—

(A) The epidemiological study has public benefit sufficient to warrant the department to expend resources necessary to oversee the project with the coinvestigator;

(B) The department has sufficient resources available to oversee the project with the coinvestigator; and

(C) The data release advisory committee reviewed the study and the director of the department authorized approval.

(19) Public health authorities and coinvestigators receiving data shall be informed by the department of the penalty for violating section 192.067, RSMo.

(20) The department shall store the patient abstract data tapes and files to limit access of the data only to employees of the department who are designated to have access to the files. The name and Social Security number of the patient and the physician number shall not be retained on a file with the rest of the patient'
abstract data but shall be retained on a separate file. A patient identification number may be retained on both files to facilitate linkage when a study is conducted requiring patient or physician identification.

(21) Any provider which determines it temporarily will be unable to comply with any of the provisions of this rule or with the provisions of a previously-submitted plan of correction can provide the department with written notification of the expected deficiencies and a written plan of correction. This notification and plan of correction shall include the section number and text of the rule in question, specific reasons why the provider cannot comply with the rule, an explanation of any extenuating factors which may be relevant, the means the provider will employ for correcting the expected deficiency, and the date by which each corrective measure will be completed.

(22) Any provider which is not in compliance with these rules shall be notified in writing by the department. The notification shall specify the deficiency and the action which must be taken to be in compliance. The chief executive officer or designee shall have ten (10) working days following receipt of the written notification of noncompliance to provide the department with a written plan for correcting the deficiency. The plan of correction shall specify the means the provider will employ for correcting the cited deficiency and the date that each corrective measure will be completed.

(23) Upon receipt of a required plan of correction, the department shall review the plan to determine the appropriateness of the corrective action. If the plan is acceptable, the department shall notify the chief executive officer or designee in writing and indicate that implementation of the plan should proceed. If the plan is not acceptable, the department shall notify the chief executive officer or designee in writing and indicate the reasons why the plan was not accepted. A revised, acceptable plan of correction shall be provided to the department within ten (10) working days.

(24) Failure of the provider to submit an acceptable plan of correction within the required time shall be considered continued and substantial noncompliance with this rule unless determined otherwise by the director of the department.

(25) Failure of any provider to follow its accepted plan of correction shall be considered continued and substantial noncompliance with this rule unless determined otherwise by the director of the department.

(26) Any provider in continued and substantial noncompliance with this rule shall be notified by registered mail and reported by the department to its Bureau of Hospital Licensing and Certification, Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs, Bureau of Emergency Medical Services, Bureau of Home Health Licensing and Certification, Bureau of Radiological Health, State Public Health Laboratory, Bureau of Special Care Needs, the Division of Medical Services of the Department of Social Services, the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation of the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education and to other state agencies that administer a program with provider participation. The department shall notify the agencies that the provider is no longer eligible for participation in a state program.

(27) Any provider that has been declared to be ineligible for participation in a state program shall be eligible for reinstatement by correcting the deficiencies and making written application for reinstatement to the Department of Health. Any provider meeting the requirements for reinstatement shall be notified by registered mail. The Department of Health shall notify state agencies that administer a program with provider participation that the provider’s eligibility for participation in a state program has been reinstated.


**19 CSR 30-33.020 Reporting Charges for Leading Diagnoses and Procedures by Hospitals and Ambulatory Surgical Centers**

**PURPOSE:** This rule establishes procedures for reporting charges for leading diagnoses and procedures by hospitals and ambulatory surgical centers to the Department of Health.

(1) Hospitals and ambulatory surgical centers shall report to the Department of Health by March 1 of each year, the charges as of December 31 of the previous year for the diagnoses and procedures listed in Exhibit C of this rule.

(2) The Department of Health may develop and publish reports pertaining to individual providers. The reports and the data they contain shall be public information and may be released on magnetic media. The Department of Health shall make the reports and data available for a reasonable charge based upon incurred costs.

(3) The Department of Health may develop reports and release data upon request which do not directly or indirectly identify individual providers. The reports and data shall be public information and may be released on magnetic media. The Department of Health shall make the reports and data available for a reasonable charge based upon incurred costs.

(4) Any provider which determines it temporarily will be unable to comply with any part of this rule or with the provisions of a previously submitted plan of correction can provide the Department of Health with written notification of the expected deficiencies and a written plan of correction. The notification and plan of correction shall include the section number and text of the rule in question, specific reasons why the provider cannot comply with the rule, an explanation of any extenuating factors which may be relevant, the means the provider will employ for correcting the expected deficiency, and the date by which each corrective measure will be completed.

(5) Any provider which is not in compliance with this rule shall be notified in writing by the Department of Health. The notification shall specify the deficiency and the action which must be taken to be in compliance. The chief executive officer or designee shall have ten (10) working days following receipt of the written notification of noncompliance to provide the Department of Health with a written plan for correcting the deficiency. The plan of correction shall specify the means the provider will employ for correcting the cited deficiency and the date that each corrective measure will be completed.

(6) Upon receipt of a required plan of correction, the Department of Health shall review the plan to determine the appropriateness of the corrective action. If the plan is acceptable, the Department of Health shall notify
the chief executive officer or designee in writing and indicate that implementation of the plan should proceed. If the plan is not acceptable, the Department of Health shall notify the chief executive officer or designee in writing and indicate the reasons why the plan was not accepted. A revised, acceptable plan of correction shall be provided to the Department of Health within ten (10) working days.

(7) Failure of the provider to submit an acceptable plan of correction within the required time shall be considered continued and substantial noncompliance with this rule unless determined otherwise by the director of the Department of Health.

(8) Failure of any provider to follow its accepted plan of correction shall be considered continued and substantial noncompliance with this rule unless determined otherwise by the director of the Department of Health.

(9) Any provider in continued and substantial noncompliance with this rule shall be notified by registered mail and reported by the Department of Health to its Bureau of Hospital Licensing and Certification, Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs, Bureau of Emergency Medical Services, Bureau of Home Health Licensing and Certification, Bureau of Radiological Health, State Public Health Laboratory, Bureau of Special Health Care Needs, the Division of Medical Services of the Department of Social Services, the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation of the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education and to other state agencies that administer a program with provider participation. The Department of Health shall notify the agencies that the provider is no longer eligible for participation in a state program.

(10) Any provider that has been declared to be ineligible for participation in a state program shall be eligible for reinstatement by correcting the deficiencies and making written application for reinstatement to the Department of Health. Any provider meeting the requirements for reinstatement shall be notified by registered mail. The Department of Health shall notify state agencies that administer a program with provider participation that the provider’s eligibility for participation in a state program has been reinstated.

**AUTHORITY: section 192.667, RSMo Supp. 1992.**

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**19 CSR 30-33.030 Reporting Financial Data by Hospitals**

**PURPOSE: This rule establishes procedures for reporting financial data by hospitals to the Department of Health.**

(1) Hospitals shall report the financial data listed in Exhibit D of this rule for the previous fiscal year to the Department of Health by April 15 of each year starting in 1993. If any data element has been submitted previously to the Division of Medical Services of the Department of Social Services, the hospital shall not have to report that data to the Department of Health. The Department of Health shall notify each hospital what data elements are not available from the Division of Medical Services.

(2) Hospitals may provide the financial data directly or through an association to the Department of Health from the financial section of the annual licensing survey.

(3) The Department of Health shall develop and publish reports pertaining to individual hospitals. The reports and the data they contain shall be public information and may be released on magnetic media. The Department of Health shall make the reports and data available for a reasonable charge based upon incurred costs.

(4) The Department of Health may develop reports and release data upon request which do not directly or indirectly identify individual hospitals. The reports and data shall be public information and may be released on magnetic media. The Department of Health shall make the reports and data available for a reasonable charge based upon incurred costs.

(5) Any provider which determines it temporarily will be unable to comply with any of the provisions of this rule or with the provisions of a previously-submitted plan of correction can provide the Department of Health with written notification of the expected deficiencies and a written plan of correction. The notification and plan of correction shall include the section number and text of the rule in question, specific reasons why the provider cannot comply with the rule, an explanation of any extenuating factors which may be relevant, the means the provider will employ for correcting the expected deficiency and the date by which each corrective measure will be completed.

(6) Any provider which is not in compliance with this rule shall be notified in writing by the Department of Health. The notification shall specify the deficiency and the action which must be taken to be in compliance. The chief executive officer or designee shall have ten (10) working days following receipt of the written notification of noncompliance to provide the Department of Health with a written plan for correcting the deficiency. The plan of correction shall specify the means the provider will employ for correcting the cited deficiency and the date that each corrective measure will be completed.

(7) Upon receipt of a required plan of correction, the Department of Health shall review the plan to determine the appropriateness of the corrective action. If the plan is acceptable, the Department of Health shall notify the chief executive officer or designee in writing and indicate that implementation of the plan should proceed. If the plan is not acceptable, the Department of Health shall notify the chief executive officer or designee in writing and indicate the reasons why the plan was not accepted. A revised, acceptable plan of correction shall be provided to the Department of Health within ten (10) working days.

(8) Failure of the provider to submit an acceptable plan of correction within the required time shall be considered continued and substantial noncompliance with this rule unless determined otherwise by the director of the Department of Health.

(9) Failure of any provider to follow its accepted plan of correction shall be considered continued and substantial noncompliance with this rule unless determined otherwise by the director of the Department of Health.

(10) Any provider in continued and substantial noncompliance with this rule shall be notified by registered mail and reported by the Department of Health to its Bureau of Hospital Licensing and Certification, Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs, Bureau of Emergency Medical Services, Bureau of
Home Health Licensing and Certification, Bureau of Radiological Health, State Public Health Laboratory, Bureau of Special Health Care Needs, the Division of Medical Services of the Department of Social Services, the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation of the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education and to other state agencies that administer a program with provider participation. The Department of Health shall notify the agencies that the provider is no longer eligible for participation in a state program.

(11) Any provider that has been declared to be ineligible for participation in a state program shall be eligible for reinstatement by correcting the deficiencies and making written application for reinstatement to the Department of Health. Any provider meeting the requirements for reinstatement shall be notified by registered mail. The Department of Health shall notify state agencies that administer a program with provider participation that the provider’s eligibility for participation in a state program has been reinstated.


EXHIBIT A

Selected Services and Procedures: Computed Tomography, Magnetic Resonance Imaging, Lithotripsy

(* means for example)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPT-4</th>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>ICD-9-CM Equiv.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>43265</td>
<td></td>
<td>Endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography (ERCP); with or without biopsy or collection of specimen, or both; for destruction lithotripsy of stone, any method</td>
<td>51.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50080</td>
<td></td>
<td>Percutaneous nephrostolithotomy or pyelolithotomy, with or without dilation endoscopy, lithotripsy, stenting or basket extraction; up to 2 cm</td>
<td>55.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50081</td>
<td></td>
<td>over 2 cm</td>
<td>55.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50590</td>
<td></td>
<td>Lithotripsy, extracorporeal shock wave</td>
<td>98.51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52337</td>
<td></td>
<td>Cystourethroscopy, with ureteroscopy or pyeloscopy, or both (includes dilation of the ureter by any method); with lithotripsy (ureteral catheterization is included)</td>
<td>56.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70336</td>
<td></td>
<td>Magnetic resonance (**proton) imaging, temporomandibular joint</td>
<td>88.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70450</td>
<td></td>
<td>Computerized axial tomography, head or brain; without contrast material</td>
<td>87.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70460</td>
<td></td>
<td>with contrast material(s)</td>
<td>87.03</td>
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<tr>
<td>70470</td>
<td></td>
<td>without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections</td>
<td>87.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70480</td>
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<td>Computerized axial tomography, orbit, sella, or posterior fossa or outer, middle, or inner ear; without contrast material</td>
<td>87.03</td>
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<td>70481</td>
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<td>with contrast material(s)</td>
<td>87.03</td>
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<td>without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections</td>
<td>87.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70486</td>
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<td>Computerized axial tomography, maxillofacial area; without contrast material</td>
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<td>with contrast material(s)</td>
<td>87.03</td>
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<td>70488</td>
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<td>87.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70490</td>
<td></td>
<td>Computerized axial tomography, soft tissue neck; without contrast material</td>
<td>88.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70491</td>
<td></td>
<td>with contrast material(s)</td>
<td>88.38</td>
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<tr>
<td>70492</td>
<td></td>
<td>without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections</td>
<td>88.38</td>
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<tr>
<td>70540</td>
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<td>Magnetic resonance (**proton) imaging, brain (including brain stem); without contrast material</td>
<td>88.97</td>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>with contrast material(s)</td>
<td>88.91</td>
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<tr>
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<td>88.91</td>
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<td>Computerized axial tomography, thorax; without contrast material</td>
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<td>with contrast material(s)</td>
<td>87.41</td>
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<td>without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections</td>
<td>87.41</td>
</tr>
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<td>71550</td>
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<td>Magnetic resonance (**proton) imaging, chest (for example, evaluation of hilar and mediastinal lymphadenopathy)</td>
<td>88.92</td>
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<tr>
<td>72125</td>
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<td>Computerized axial tomography, cerebral spine; without contrast material</td>
<td>88.38</td>
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<tr>
<td>72126</td>
<td></td>
<td>with contrast material</td>
<td>88.38</td>
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<td>72127</td>
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<td>without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections</td>
<td>88.38</td>
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<tr>
<td>72128</td>
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<td>Computerized axial tomography, thoracic spine; without contrast material</td>
<td>88.38</td>
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<tr>
<td>72129</td>
<td></td>
<td>with contrast material</td>
<td>88.38</td>
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<tr>
<td>72130</td>
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<td>without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections</td>
<td>88.38</td>
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<tr>
<td>72131</td>
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<td>Computerized axial tomography, lumbar spine; without contrast material</td>
<td>88.38</td>
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<td>72132</td>
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<td>with contrast material</td>
<td>88.38</td>
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<td>72133</td>
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<td>88.38</td>
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<td>Magnetic resonance (**proton) imaging, spinal canal and contents, cervical; without contrast material</td>
<td>88.93</td>
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<td>72142</td>
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<td>with contrast material(s)</td>
<td>88.93</td>
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<td>72146</td>
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<td>Magnetic resonance (**proton) imaging, spinal canal and contents, thoracic; without contrast material</td>
<td>88.93</td>
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<tr>
<td>72147</td>
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<td>with contrast material(s)</td>
<td>88.93</td>
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<td>72148</td>
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<td>Magnetic resonance (**proton) imaging, spinal canal and contents, lumbar; without contrast material</td>
<td>88.93</td>
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<td>with contrast material(s)</td>
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<tr>
<td>72156</td>
<td></td>
<td>Magnetic resonance (**proton) imaging, spinal canal and contents, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections; cervical</td>
<td>88.93</td>
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<td>72157</td>
<td></td>
<td>thoracic</td>
<td>88.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72158</td>
<td></td>
<td>lumbar</td>
<td>88.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72192</td>
<td></td>
<td>Computerized axial tomography, pelvis; without contrast material</td>
<td>88.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72193</td>
<td></td>
<td>with contrast material(s)</td>
<td>88.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72194</td>
<td></td>
<td>without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections</td>
<td>88.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72196</td>
<td></td>
<td>Magnetic resonance (**proton) imaging, pelvis</td>
<td>88.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73200</td>
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<td>Computerized axial tomography, upper extremity; without contrast material</td>
<td>88.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73201</td>
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<td>with contrast material(s)</td>
<td>88.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73202</td>
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<td>without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections</td>
<td>88.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73220</td>
<td></td>
<td>Magnetic resonance (**proton) imaging, upper extremity, other than joint</td>
<td>88.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73221</td>
<td></td>
<td>Magnetic resonance (**proton) imaging, any joint of upper extremity</td>
<td>88.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73200</td>
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<td>Computerized axial tomography, lower extremity; without contrast material</td>
<td>88.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>73702</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>73720</td>
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<td>Magnetic resonance (**proton) imaging, lower extremity, other than joint</td>
<td>88.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73721</td>
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<td>Magnetic resonance (**proton) imaging, any joint of lower extremity</td>
<td>88.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74150</td>
<td></td>
<td>Computerized axial tomography, abdomen; without contrast material</td>
<td>88.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74160</td>
<td></td>
<td>with contrast material(s)</td>
<td>88.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections</td>
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<tr>
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<td>75552</td>
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<td>Magnetic resonance (**proton) imaging, myocardium</td>
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<td>76070</td>
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<td>Computerized tomography, bone density study</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>76355</td>
<td></td>
<td>Computerized tomography guidance for stereotactic localization</td>
<td>87.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76360</td>
<td></td>
<td>Computerized tomography guidance for needle biopsy, radiological supervision and interpretation</td>
<td>88.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76365</td>
<td></td>
<td>Computerized tomography guidance for cyst aspiration, radiological supervision and interpretation</td>
<td>88.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76370</td>
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<td>Computerized tomography guidance for placement of radiation therapy fields</td>
<td>88.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76375</td>
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<td>Computerized tomography, coronal, sagittal, multiplanar, oblique or three (3)-dimensional reconstruction, or any combination of these</td>
<td>88.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76380</td>
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<td>Computerized tomography, limited or localized follow-up study</td>
<td>88.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76400</td>
<td></td>
<td>Magnetic resonance (**proton) imaging, bone marrow blood supply</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### EXHIBIT B
Patient Abstract System
A-Record
(Master Record)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Relative Position</th>
<th>Field Length</th>
<th>Format</th>
<th>Justify</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Record type</td>
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<td>A</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>Constant &quot;A&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospital identifier</td>
<td>2—7</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>Medicare provider number (or state assigned)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unique patient identifier</td>
<td>8—27</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>Unique within hospital for each record</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Type of encounter                 | 28                | 1            | N      | R       | Status at discharge  
1 = Inpatient;  
2 = Outpatient.  
For hospital inpatients  
1 = Acute-care unit;  
2 = Psychiatric unit;  
3 = Rehabilitation unit;  
4 = SNF/ICF/Other LTC unit;  
5 = Swing bed;  
6 = Hospice;  
7 = Other.  
For hospital outpatients  
1 = Emergency room;  
2 = Outpatient surgery;  
3 = Observation only;  
4 = Other.                                                                 |
| Place of service                  | 29                | 1            | N      | R       | For hospital inpatients  
1 = Acute-care unit;  
2 = Psychiatric unit;  
3 = Rehabilitation unit;  
4 = SNF/ICF/Other LTC unit;  
5 = Swing bed;  
6 = Hospice;  
7 = Other.  
For hospital outpatients  
1 = Emergency room;  
2 = Outpatient surgery;  
3 = Observation only;  
4 = Other.                                                                 |
| Patient name                      | 30—59             | 30           | A/N    | L       | Not to be reported for patients receiving treatment for alcohol or drug abuse.  
Last name, first name and middle initial of the patient.  
Use a comma to separate last and first names. No space should be left between a prefix and a name as in MacBeth.  
Titles (for example, Sir, Msgr., Dr.) should not be recorded.  
Record hyphenated names with the hyphen, as in Smith-Jones, Rebecca.  
To record suffix, write the last name, leave a space and write the suffix, then write the first name as in Snyder III, Harold. |
| Patient Social Security Number    | 60—68             | 9            | N      | R       | Not to be reported for patients receiving treatment for alcohol or drug abuse.  
If patient refuses, code as 999999999 |
| Patient birthdate                 | 69—76             | 8            | N      | R       | MMDDYYYY                                                                                                                                |
| Patient sex                       | 77                | 1            | N      | R       | Patient sex at time of admission or start of care:  
M = Male;  
F = Female;  
U = Unknown/indeterminate.                                                                                                                  |
| Patient race/ethnicity            | 78                | 1            | N      | R       | 1 = White, not Hispanic;  
2 = Black, not Hispanic;  
3 = American Indian/Eskimo/Aleut;  
4 = Hispanic;  
5 = Asian/Pacific Islander;  
6 = Other;  
9 = Unknown or patient refused.                                                                                                                                 |
<p>| State of residence                | 79—80             | 2            | N      | R       | FIPS codes                                                                                                                                |
| Zip code                          | 81—85             | 5            | A/N    | L       | First five digits                                                                                                                          |
| County code                       | 86—88             | 3            | N      | R       | Required if patient resides in Missouri, using FIPS codes                                                                                   |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Relative Position</th>
<th>Field Length</th>
<th>Format</th>
<th>Justify</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>Admission date</td>
<td>89—94</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>MMDDYY</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Admission hour</td>
<td>95—96</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>Required for inpatient records only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>00 = 12:00—12:59 Midnight;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>01 = 1:00—1:59;</td>
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<tr>
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<td>02 = 2:00—2:59;</td>
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<td>03 = 3:00—3:59;</td>
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<td>04 = 4:00—4:59;</td>
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<td>10 = 10:00—10:59;</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>11 = 11:00—11:59;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>12 = 12:00—12:59 Noon;</td>
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<td>13 = 1:00—1:59;</td>
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<td>14 = 2:00—2:59;</td>
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<td>15 = 3:00—3:59;</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>16 = 4:00—4:59;</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>17 = 5:00—5:59;</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>18 = 6:00—6:59;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source of admission/referral</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>Required for inpatient records only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Code Structure for Adult/Pediatric Patients</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1 = Direct admission or referral (UB-92 codes 1,2 and 3). The patient was admitted to this facility or referred for services upon the recommendation of a physician. For emergency room patients, includes self-referral;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2 = Transfer from other hospital (UB-92 code 4). The patient was transferred for services to this facility or referred from another hospital;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3 = Transfer from long-term care facility (UB-92 codes 5 and 6). The patient was transferred from or referred for services by an SNF or other long-term care facility;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4 = Emergency room admission or referral (UB-92 code 7). The patient was admitted to this facility or referred for outpatient services through the emergency room;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>8 = Other (UB-92 code 8);</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>9 = Unknown/Information not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Code Structure for Newborns:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1 = Normal birth—A baby delivered without complications;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2 = Premature birth—A baby delivered with time or weight factors, or both, qualifying it for premature status;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3 = Sick baby—A baby delivered with medical complications other than those related to premature status;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4 = Extramural birth—A newborn born in a nonsterile</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field Name</td>
<td>Relative Position</td>
<td>Field Length</td>
<td>Format</td>
<td>Justify</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Type of admission       | 98                | 1            | N      | R       | Required for inpatient records only  
1 = Emergency—The patient requires immediate intervention as a result of severe, life threatening or potentially disabling conditions;  
2 = Urgent/Elective—(UB-92 codes 2 and 3);  
4 = Newborn—Use of this code requires special source of admission codes for newborns. |
| Discharge date          | 99—104            | 6            | N      | R       | Required for inpatient records only  
MMDDYY                                                                              |
| Discharge hour          | 105—106           | 2            | N      | R       | Required for inpatient records only  
00 = 12:00—12:59 Midnight;  
01 = 1:00—1:59;  
02 = 2:00—2:59;  
03 = 3:00—3:59;  
04 = 4:00—4:59;  
05 = 5:00—5:59;  
06 = 6:00—6:59;  
07 = 7:00—7:59;  
08 = 8:00—8:59;  
09 = 9:00—9:59;  
10 = 10:00—10:59;  
11 = 11:00—11:59;  
12 = 12:00—12:59 Noon;  
13 = 1:00—1:59;  
14 = 2:00—2:59;  
15 = 3:00—3:59;  
16 = 4:00—4:59;  
17 = 5:00—5:59;  
18 = 6:00—6:59;  
19 = 7:00—7:59;  
20 = 8:00—8:59;  
21 = 9:00—9:59;  
22 = 10:00—10:59;  
23 = 11:00—11:59;  
99 = Unknown. |
| Observation units       | 107—109           | 3            | N      | R       | The number of hours spent by a patient held for observation |
| Disposition of patient  | 110—111           | 2            | N      | R       | Required for inpatient records only  
Designation of the circumstances associated with the patient’s discharge.  
01 = Discharged to home or self-care (routine discharge);  
02 = Discharged/transferred to another short-term general hospital for inpatient care;  
03 = Discharged/transferred to skilled nursing facility (SNF);  
04 = Discharged/transferred to an intermediate care facility (ICD);  
05 = Discharged/transferred to another type of institution for inpatient care or referred for outpatient services to another institution;  
06 = Discharged/transferred to home under care of organized home health service organization;  
07 = Left against medical advice or discontinued care; |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Relative Position</th>
<th>Field Length</th>
<th>Format</th>
<th>Justify</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medical/Health record number</td>
<td>112—128</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>A/N</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>Number assigned to the patient's medical/health record by the provider</td>
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<tr>
<td>Principal diagnosis code</td>
<td>129—133</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>A/N</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>ICD-9-CM code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other diagnosis codes</td>
<td>134—173</td>
<td>40 (8 X 5)</td>
<td>A/N</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>ICD-9-CM code. Include E-Code for place of occurrence and any additional E-Codes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-Code</td>
<td>174—178</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>A/N</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>The ICD-9-CM code for the external cause of injury, poisoning or adverse effect</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Procedure coding method used</td>
<td>179</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>9 = ICD-9-CM 4 = CPT-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principal procedure code/date</td>
<td>180—192</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>A/N</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>ICD-9-CM code or CPT-4 code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>(7)</td>
<td></td>
<td>N</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>MMDDYY</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>(6)</td>
<td></td>
<td>N</td>
<td>R</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other procedure codes and dates</td>
<td>193—257</td>
<td>65 (5 X 13)</td>
<td>A/N</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>All significant procedures are to be reported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>(7)</td>
<td></td>
<td>N</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>First 7 positions of each 13 position field: The ICD-9-CM code(s) or CPT-4 code(s) for the other procedures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>(6)</td>
<td></td>
<td>N</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>Next 6 positions of each 13 position field: MMDDYY</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total charges</td>
<td>258—264</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>Total charges (those associated with revenue code 001) rounded to the nearest dollar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected sources of payment</td>
<td>265—273</td>
<td>9 (3 X 3)</td>
<td>A/N</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>Payment sources expected to pay for the hospitalization or the ambulatory service being recorded, with the primary payer listed first:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>001 = Medicare, not managed care; 002 = Medicaid, not managed care; 003 = Other government, not managed care; 005 = Workers’ Compensation, not managed care; 006 = Self pay; 007 = All commercial payers, not managed care; 008 = No charge; 010 = Other, not managed care; 101 = Medicare managed care; 102 = Medicaid managed care; 103 = Other government managed care; 105 = Workers’ Compensation managed care; 107 = All commercial payers managed care; 110 = Other managed care; 999 = Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attending physician ID</td>
<td>274—279</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>A/N</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>The Unique Physician Identification Number (UPIN) of the physician who would normally be expected to certify and recertify the medical necessity of the services rendered or has primary responsibility for the patient’s medical care and treatment, or both. Will accept Missouri license number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principal procedure physician ID</td>
<td>280—285</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>A/N</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>The UPIN of the physician who performed the principal procedure. Will accept Missouri license number.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### B-Record
*(Continuation Record)*

To be used when there are more diagnoses and/or procedures than will fit on the A-Record

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Relative Position</th>
<th>Field Length</th>
<th>Format</th>
<th>Justify</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Record type</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>Constant &quot;B&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospital identifier</td>
<td>2—7</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>Medicare provider number (or state assigned)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unique patient identifier</td>
<td>8—27</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>Unique within hospital for each record</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other diagnosis codes</td>
<td>28—97</td>
<td>70 (14 X 5)</td>
<td>A/N</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>ICD-9-CM code</td>
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<tr>
<td>Additional procedures</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Procedure code</td>
<td>98—279</td>
<td>182 (14 X 13)</td>
<td>A/N</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>First 7 positions of each 13 position field:</td>
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<td>13 (7)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The ICD-9-CM code(s) or CPT-4 code(s) for the other</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Procedure date</td>
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EXHIBIT C

List of Diagnoses and Procedures List of Inpatient Diagnoses

Cesarean section without complications or comorbidities, or both
Four-day stay
DRG 371

Vaginal delivery without complicating diagnoses
Two-day stay
DRG 373

Normal newborn
Two-day stay
DRG 391

List of Outpatient Procedures*

Operations on the Nervous System
Epidural pain block
CPT-4 62278 Injection of anesthetic substance (including narcotics), diagnostic or therapeutic; lumbar or caudal epidural, single
ICD-9 03.91 Injection of anesthetic into spinal canal for analgesia

Carpal tunnel release
CPT-4 64721 Neuroplasty or transposition, or both; median nerve at carpal tunnel
ICD-9 04.43 Release of carpal tunnel

Operations on the Eye
Radial keratotomy (surgical correction of myopia)
CPT-4 65771 Radial keratotomy
ICD-9 11.75 Radial keratotomy

Cataract removal, with intraocular lens implant
CPT-4 66983 Intracapsular cataract extraction with insertion of intraocular lens prosthesis (one stage procedure)
CPT-9 66984 Extracapsular cataract removal with insertion of intraocular lens prosthesis (one stage procedure), manual or mechanical
ICD-9 13.19 Other intracapsular extraction of lens, plus
ICD-9 13.71 Insertion of intraocular lens prosthesis at time of cataract extraction, one (1) stage
ICD-9 13.59 Other extracapsular extraction of lens, plus
ICD-9 13.71 Insertion of intraocular lens prosthesis at time of cataract extraction, one (1) stage

Removal of secondary cataract
CPT-4 66821 Discussion of secondary membranous cataract (opacified posterior lens capsule, anterior haloid, or both); laser surgery (for example, YAG laser) (one (1) or more stages)
ICD-9 13.64 Discussion of secondary membrane (after cataract)

Secondary insertion of intraocular lens/Exchange of intraocular lens
CPT-4 66985 Insertion of intraocular lens prosthesis (secondary implant), not associated with concurrent cataract extraction
CPT-4 66986 Exchange of intraocular lens
ICD-9 13.72 Secondary insertion of intraocular lens prosthesis

Operations on the Ear, Nose, Mouth and Pharynx
Myringotomy, with or without tubes
CPT-4 69421 Myringotomy including aspiration or eustachian tube inflation, or both, requiring general anesthesia
CPT-4 69436 Tympanostomy (requiring insertion of ventilating tube), general anesthesia
ICD-9 20.01 Myringotomy with insertion of tube

Nasal fracture, closed reduction
CPT-4 21320 Manipulative treatment, nasal bone fracture; with stabilization
ICD-9 21.71 Closed reduction of nasal fracture

Septoplasty
CPT-4 30520 Septoplasty or submucous resection, with or without cartilage scoring, contouring or replacement with graft
ICD-9 21.88 Other septoplasty

Tonsillectomy without adenoidectomy
CPT-4 42825 Tonsillectomy, primary or secondary; under age 12
CPT-4 42826 age 12 or over
ICD-9 28.2 Tonsillectomy without adenoidectomy

Tonsillectomy with adenoidectomy
CPT-4 42820 Tonsillectomy and adenoidectomy; under age 12
CPT-4 42821 age 12 or over
ICD-9 28.3 Tonsillectomy with adenoidectomy
Operations on the Cardiovascular System
Cardiac catheterization, left heart
  CPT-4 93510 Left heart catheterization, retrograde, from the brachial artery, axillary artery or femoral artery; percutaneous
  CPT-4 93511 by cutdown
  CPT-4 93514 Left heart catheterization by left ventricular puncture
  CPT-4 93524 Combined transseptal and retrograde left heart catheterization
  ICD-9 37.22 Left heart cardiac catheterization
Varicose vein ligation and stripping
  CPT-4 37720 Ligation and division and complete stripping of long or short saphenous veins
  ICD-9 38.5 Ligation and stripping of varicose veins

Endoscopic Procedures
Bronchoscopy, diagnostic
  CPT-4 31622 Bronchoscopy; diagnostic, (flexible or rigid), with or without cell washing or brushing
  ICD-9 33.22 Fiber-optic bronchoscopy
  ICD-9 33.23 Other bronchoscopy
Dilation of esophagus
  CPT-4 43455 Dilation of esophagus, by balloon or dilator; under fluoroscopic guidance
  CPT-4 43456 retrograde
  ICD-9 42.92 Dilation of esophagus
Upper GI endoscopy, diagnostic
  CPT-4 43235 Upper gastrointestinal endoscopy including esophagus, stomach and either the duodenum, jejunum, or both, as appropriate; complex diagnostic
  ICD-9 44.13 Other endoscopy of small intestine
Endoscopy of small intestine, diagnostic
  CPT-4 44360 Small intestinal endoscopy, enteroscopy beyond second portion of duodenum; diagnostic
  ICD-9 45.13 Other endoscopy of small intestine
Colonoscopy, diagnostic
  CPT-4 45378 Colonoscopy, fiber-optic, beyond splenic flexure; diagnostic, with or without colon decompression
  ICD-9 45.23 Colonoscopy
Sigmoidoscopy, diagnostic
  CPT-4 45330 Sigmoidoscopy, flexible fiber-optic; diagnostic
  ICD-9 45.24 Flexible sigmoidoscopy

Operations on the Digestive System
Cholecystectomy (gall bladder removal)
  CPT-4 49310 Laparoscopy, surgical; cholecystectomy (any method)
  ICD-9 51.23 Laparoscopic cholecystectomy
Inguinal hernia repair
  CPT-4 49500 Repair inguinal hernia, under age 5 years, with or without hydrocelectomy
  CPT-4 49505 Repair inguinal hernia, age 5 or over
  ICD-9 53.00 Unilateral repair of inguinal hernia, not otherwise specified
  ICD-9 53.01 Repair of direct inguinal hernia
  ICD-9 53.02 Repair of indirect inguinal hernia
Diagnostic laparoscopy
  CPT-4 58980 Laparoscopy, diagnostic (separate procedure)
  ICD-9 54.21 Laparoscopy
Cystoscopy
  CPT-4 52000 Cystourethroscopy (separate procedure)
  ICD-9 57.32 Other cystoscopy
Sterilization
  Vasectomy
    CPT-4 55250 Vasectomy, unilateral or bilateral (separate procedure), including postoperative semen examination(s)
    ICD-9 63.73 Vasectomy
  Tubal ligation
    CPT-4 58982 Laparoscopy, surgical; with fulguration of oviducts (with or without transection)
    CPT-4 58983 with occlusion of oviducts by device (for example, band, clip, or Falope ring)
    ICD-9 66.21 Bilateral endoscopic ligation and crushing of fallopian tubes
    ICD-9 66.22 Bilateral endoscopic ligation and division of fallopian tubes
    ICD-9 66.29 Other bilateral endoscopic destruction or occlusion of fallopian tubes
Gynecological Operations
Conization of cervix
   CPT-4 57520 Conization of cervix, with or without fulguration, with or without dilation and curettage, with or without repair (any method)
   ICD-9 67.2 Conization of cervix
Laser destruction of cervical lesion
   CPT-4 57513 Cauterization of cervix; laser ablation
   ICD-9 67.39 Other excision or destruction of lesion or tissue of cervix
Diagnostic D & C
   CPT-4 58120 Dilation and curettage, diagnostic therapeutic (nonobstetrical), or both
   ICD-9 69.09 Other dilation and curettage

Operations on the Musculoskeletal System
Bunionectomy
   CPT-4 28110 Osteectomy, partial excision, fifth metatarsal head (bunionette) (separate procedure)
   CPT-4 28290 Hallux valgus (bunion) correction, with or without sesamoidectomy; simple exostectomy (Silver type procedure)
   CPT-4 28292 Keller, McBride or Mayo type procedure
   CPT-4 28293 resection of joint with implant
   CPT-4 28294 with tendon transplants (Joplin type procedure)
   CPT-4 28296 with metatarsal osteotomy (for example, Mitchell, Chevron, or concentric type procedures)
   CPT-4 28297 Lapidus type procedure
   CPT-4 28298 by phalanx osteotomy
   CPT-4 28299 by other methods (for example, double osteotomy)
   ICD-9 77.51 Bunionectomy with soft tissue correction and osteotomy of the first metatarsal
   ICD-9 77.52 Bunionectomy with soft tissue correction and arthrodesis
   ICD-9 77.53 Other bunionectomy with soft tissue correction
   ICD-9 77.54 Excision or correction of bunionette
   ICD-9 77.57 Repair of claw toe
   ICD-9 77.58 Other excision, fusion and repair of toes
   ICD-9 77.59 Other bunionectomy
Hammer Toe correction
   CPT-4 28285 Hammetoe operation; one toe (for example, interphalangeal fusion, filleting, phalangectomy)
   ICD-9 77.56 Repair of hammertoe

Knee arthroscopy, diagnostic
   CPT-4 29870 Arthroscopy, knee, diagnostic, with or without synovial biopsy (separate procedure)
   ICD-9 80.26 Arthroscopy, knee
   ICD-9 80.36 Biopsy of joint structure, knee

Knee arthroscopy, removal of cartilage
   CPT-4 29881 Arthroscopy, knee, surgical; with meniscectomy (medial OR lateral including any meniscal shaving)
   ICD-9 80.6 Excision of semilunar cartilage of knee

Ganglionectomy, hand or wrist
   CPT-4 25111 Excision of ganglion, wrist (dorsal or volar); primary
   CPT-4 26160 Excision of lesion of tendon sheath or capsule (for example, cyst, mucous cyst, or ganglion), hand or finger
   ICD-9 82.21 Excision of lesion of tendon sheath of hand

Operations on the Integumentary System
Breast biopsy, incisional
   CPT-4 19101 Biopsy of breast; incisional
   ICD-9 85.12 Open biopsy of breast

Removal of breast lesion
   CPT-4 19120 Excision of cyst, fibroadenoma, or other benign or malignant tumor, aberrant breast tissue, duct lesion or nipple lesion (except 19140), male or female, one or more lesions
   ICD-9 85.21 Local excision of lesion of breast
Miscellaneous Diagnostic and Therapeutic Procedures
CAT scan of head, without contrast
  CPT-4 70450 Computerized axial tomography, head or brain; without contrast material
  ICD-9 87.03 Computerized axial tomography of head
CAT scan of head, with and without contrast
  CPT-4 70470 Computerized axial tomography, head or brain; without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections
  ICD-9 87.03 Computerized axial tomography of head
Contrast myelogram of spine
  CPT-4 61055 Cisternal or lateral cervical (C1-C2) puncture; with injection of drug or other substance for diagnosis or treatment (C1-C2) or
  CPT-4 62284 Injection procedure for myelography or computerized axial tomography, or both, spinal (other than C1-C2 and posterior fossa), plus
  CPT-4 72270 Myelography, entire spinal canal, radiological supervision and interpretation
  ICD-9 87.21 Contrast myelogram
Mammography
  CPT-4 76092 Screening mammography, bilateral (two view film study of each breast)
  ICD-9 87.37 Other mammography (X-ray imaging of the breast, other than xerography)
CAT scan of abdomen, without contrast
  CPT-4 74150 Computerized axial tomography, abdomen; without contrast material
  ICD-9 88.01 Computerized axial tomography of abdomen
CAT scan of abdomen, with and without contrast
  CPT-4 74170 Computerized axial tomography, abdomen; without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sections
  ICD-9 88.01 Computerized axial tomography of abdomen
Diagnostic ultrasonound, abdomen and retroperitoneum
  CPT-4 76700 Echography, abdominal, B-scan or real time with image documentation, or both; complete
  CPT-4 76770 Echography, retroperitoneal (for example, renal, aorta, nodes), B-scan or real time with image documentation, or both; complete
  ICD-9 88.76 Diagnostic ultrasound of abdomen and retroperitoneum
Diagnostic ultrasonound, gravid uterus
  CPT-4 76805 Echography, pregnant uterus, B-scan or real time with image documentation, or both; complete (complete fetal and maternal evaluation)
  CPT-4 76810 complete (complete fetal and maternal evaluation), multiple gestation, after the first trimester
  ICD-9 88.78 Diagnostic ultrasound of gravid uterus
Magnetic resonance imaging, brain, without contrast
  CPT-4 70551 Magnetic resonance (for example, proton) imaging, brain (including brain stem); without contrast material
  ICD-9 88.91 Magnetic resonance imaging of brain and brain stem
Magnetic resonance imaging, brain, with and without contrast
  CPT-4 70553 Magnetic resonance (for example, proton) imaging, brain (including brain stem); without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sequences
  ICD-9 88.91 Magnetic resonance imaging of brain and brain stem
Magnetic resonance imaging, spinal canal, without contrast
  CPT-4 72141 Magnetic resonance (for example, proton) imaging, spinal canal and contents, cervical; without contrast material
  CPT-4 72146 Magnetic resonance (for example, proton) imaging, spinal canal and contents, thoracic; without contrast material
  CPT-4 72148 Magnetic resonance (for example, proton) imaging, spinal canal and contents, lumbar; without contrast material
  ICD-9 88.93 Magnetic resonance imaging of spinal canal
Magnetic resonance imaging, spinal canal, with and without contrast
  CPT-4 72156 Magnetic resonance (for example, proton) imaging, spinal canal and contents, without contrast material, followed by contrast material(s) and further sequences; cervical
  CPT-4 72157 thoracic
  CPT-4 72158 lumbar
  ICD-9 88.93 Magnetic resonance imaging of spinal canal
Treadmill stress test
  CPT-4 93015 Cardiovascular stress test using maximal or submaximal treadmill or bicycle exercise or pharmacological stress, or both; continuous electrocardiographic monitoring, with interpretation and report
  ICD-9 89.41 Cardiovascular stress test using treadmill
Electrocardiogram
  CPT-4 93000 Electrocardiogram, routine ECG with at least 12 leads; with interpretation and report
  ICD-9 89.52 Electrocardiogram
Extracorporeal shockwave lithotripsy, kidney, ureter or bladder, or any combination of these
  CPT-4 50590 Lithotripsy, extracorporeal shockwave
  ICD-9 98.51 Extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy (ESWL) of the kidney, ureter or bladder, or any combination of these
Charges for outpatient procedures shall include the facility’s total customary charges for a specific procedure or group of procedures defined according to ICD-9-CM or CPT-4 codes. Charges shall include fees associated with the preparation of the patient (preoperative phase), performance of the procedure (intraoperative phase) and recovery (postoperative phase): Preoperative phase includes those services and procedures that prepare the patient for the surgical procedure. It shall include, but is not limited to, charges for standard preoperative diagnostic laboratory testing, radiological services, preparatory pharmaceuticals (preoperative medications), skin preparation supplies, and the like. Intraoperative phase includes those services and procedures during the period of time of the actual surgical procedure itself (as identified by ICD-9-CM or CPT-4 code) as performed to eliminate or improve the patient’s diagnostic condition. It shall include, but is not limited to, room charges for the surgery suite, anesthesia and other intraoperative pharmaceuticals, equipment and supplies (drapes/barriers, electrocautery tips and grounding pads, specialized scalpel blades, dressing materials, casting materials and orthopedic supplies, and the like). Postoperative phase includes those services and procedures that are provided to the patient from the point at which the patient exits the surgery suite to the point at which the patient is discharged from the facility. It shall include, but is not limited to, charges for use of the recovery room, dressings, pharmaceuticals, respiratory therapy, supplies and the like. Professional fees for facility-based radiologists, pathologists, anesthesiologists and the like, if they are reported by the facility, shall be reported separately.
## EXHIBIT D

### Financial Data Elements

#### BALANCE SHEET*

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#### SUPPLEMENTAL ITEMS***

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<td>Nongovernment patient revenue</td>
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# Definitions for Exhibit D

**Balance Sheet**

1a. *Cash and cash equivalents* means money on hand, and includes money in checking accounts, time deposits, temporary cash investments and uninvested funds held by investment custodians.

1b. *Net patient accounts receivable* means accounts receivable, net of estimated uncollectibles.

1c. *Other current assets* means other accounts receivable, notes receivable and may include the current portion of assets whose use is limited, prepaid expenses, inventory and short-term investments.

1d. *Total current assets* means the sum of lines 1a. through 1c.

2a. *Fixed assets at cost* means land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, leasehold improvements, equipment (fixed and movable), leased property and equipment, and construction in progress, at cost.

2b. *Accumulated depreciation* means depreciation and amortization.

2c. *Fixed assets (net)* means fixed assets at cost (line 2a.) less accumulated depreciation (line 2b.).

3. *Other assets* means all other assets, and may include deferred financing costs, unamortized bond issue costs, investment in affiliated company, deferred third-party reimbursement and other assets.

4. *Total assets* means the sum of lines 1d., 2c. and 3.

5. *Current liabilities* means those which will be discharged with current assets, and may include notes payable to banks; the current portion of long-term debt; accounts payable; advances from and amounts payable to third-party payers for estimated and final reimbursement settlements; refunds to and deposits from patients and others; deferred revenue; accrued salaries and payroll taxes; and other accruals such as pension or profit-sharing contributions, compensated absences, and income and other taxes.


7. *Other long-term liabilities* means other long-term obligations, and may include estimated malpractice costs, deferred compensation payable, deferred third-party reimbursement and accrued pension/deferred pension liability.

8. *Fund balance* means the excess of assets over liabilities (net equity). An excess of liabilities over assets is reflected as a deficit.

**Income Statement**

1a. *Inpatient revenue* means full hospital charges for all hospital services to inpatients.

1b. *Outpatient revenue* means full hospital charges for all hospital services to outpatients.

1c. *Total gross patient revenue* means the sum of lines 1a. and 1b. Full hospital charges for all hospital patient services before considering any deductions for charity care or contractual allowances.

2b. *Other allowances and deductions* means revenue deductions incurred in treating patients other than charity patients, including Medicare, Medicaid, other insured and uninsured patients. It includes courtesy discounts given to employees and others. It does not include bad debt expense, which is to be reported as an operating expense (line 6d.).

2c. *Total allowance and deductions* means the sum of lines 2a. and 2b.

3. *Net patient revenue* means total gross revenue (line 2.) less total allowances and deductions (line 2c.).

4. *Other revenue* means revenue from services other than health care provided to patients and residents, and includes sales and services to nonpatients. This revenue arises from the normal day-to-day operations of the health care entity. Other revenues may include: revenue such as gifts, grants, or endowment income restricted by donors to finance charity care; revenue from educational programs; revenue from research and other gifts and grants; revenue from miscellaneous sources, such as rental of facility space, sales of medical and pharmacy supplies, fees charged for transcripts for attorneys, insurance companies and others, proceeds from the sale of cafeteria meals and guest trays, proceeds from the sale of scrap, used X-ray film, and proceeds from sales at gift shops, snack bars, newstands, parking lots, vending machines and other service facilities operated by the health care entity.

5. *Total revenue* means the sum of lines 3. and 4.

6a. *Payroll expenses* means salaries and wages paid to employees of the health care entity.


6c. *Depreciation expense* means depreciation and amortization of property and equipment recorded for the reporting period.

6d. *Bad debt expense* means revenue amounts deemed uncollectible primarily because of a patient’s unwillingness to pay as determined after collection efforts based upon sound credit and collection policies. It does not include charity care, which is to be reported on line 2a.

6e. *All other operating expenses* means expenses for professional fees, interest, supplies, purchased services, utilities, income taxes, operating losses and any other expenses not included in the above categories.

6f. *Total operating expenses* means the sum of lines 6a.–6e.

7. *Income from operations* means total revenue (line 5.) less total operating expenses (line 6f.).

8a. *Investment income* means return on investments of general funds, except that investment income and realized gains and losses on borrowed funds held by a trustee, investment income on malpractice trust funds and investment income that is essential to the ongoing major or central operations are included in other revenue (line 4.).

8b. *Contributions* means contributions, donations and bequests for general operating purposes from foundations, similar groups or individuals, or any combination of these.

8c. *Tax support and other subsidies* means tax levies and other subsidies from governmental or community agencies received for general support of the entity.

8d. *Miscellaneous gains and losses* means all other gains and losses from a provider’s peripheral or incidental transactions, such as gain or loss on sale of health care entity properties; net rentals of facilities used in the operation of the entity; and term endowment funds that are available for general operating purposes upon termination of restrictions.

8e. *Nonoperating gains and losses* means the sum of lines 8a.–8d.

9. *Net income before extraordinary and other nonrecurring items* means the sum of net income from operations (line 7.) and nonoperating gains and losses (line 8e.).

10. *Extraordinary gains and losses* means gains or losses unusual in amount and nonrecurring in nature that do not result from normal operating activities. Events or transactions that occur frequently in the health care environment, such as large, unrestricted gifts, cannot be regarded as extraordinary, regardless of their financial effect, and are to be included in ordinary income.

Supplemental Items***

1. *Funded depreciation* means cash resources which have been set aside and accumulated for the purpose of financing the renewal or replacement of plant assets.

2a. *Medicare gross patient revenue* means full hospital charges for all hospital services provided to Medicare patients.

2b. *Medicaid gross patient revenue* means full hospital charges for all hospital services provided to Medicaid patients.

2c. *Other government patient revenue* means full hospital charges for all hospital services provided to other government patients, including CHAMPUS, government retirement and Crippled Children’s Service.

2d. *Nongovernment patient revenue* means full hospital charges for all hospital services provided to nongovernment patients, including those with private insurance, those belonging to HMOs or PPOs, and those without insurance.