# Rules of

Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions and Professional Registration

Division 2040—Office of Athletics

Chapter 4—Licensees and Their Responsibilities

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Title 20—DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE, FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND PROFESSIONAL REGISTRATION
Division 2040—Office of Athletics
Chapter 4—Licensees and Their Responsibilities

20 CSR 2040-4.015 Promoters

PURPOSE: This rule clarifies the duties and responsibilities of promoters.

(1) No person, association, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or any other form of business entity shall promote any professional boxing, professional wrestling, professional kickboxing or professional full-contact karate contest without obtaining a license from the Office of Athletics. Licensees shall not allow another to use their promoter’s license. Promoters shall supervise their employees and shall be liable for the conduct of those employees and for any violation of Chapter 317, RSMo or the rules adopted thereunder. The office shall deem any violations by an employee or representative of a promoter as a violation of the promoter.

(2) Before the office issues a promoter’s license, the promoter shall provide the office a surety bond in the amount of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or an irrevocable letter of credit in the amount of at least five thousand dollars ($5,000) from a lending institution approved to do business in the United States to guarantee payment of all state athletic taxes and fees to the state. The irrevocable letter of credit may only be released upon written approval by the office. An additional bond or irrevocable letter of credit may be required in the amount specified by the office where it may be reasonably expected that the five thousand dollars ($5,000) bond or irrevocable letter of credit will not provide sufficient protection to the state. It shall be the duty of each promoter to maintain all required bonds on a current status.

(3) The promoter shall apply for a permit for each contest. The application for permit and appropriate fee must be received by the office not later than five (5) business days before the date of the professional contest for which the permit is being sought.

(4) Promoters shall be liable for all contests held for meeting all deadlines for permit and license applications. Within fifteen (15) business days after a contest the promoter shall pay the state athletic tax to the office.

(5) Promoters shall be responsible for ensuring the maintenance of adequate public safety at all contests. Failure to ensure adequate public safety may result in cancellation of a contest, discipline against a promoter’s license and denial of future permits for contests.

(6) Promoters shall provide all materials necessary to conduct the contests, such as ring, stools, resin, water buckets, bell, buzzer or whistle, timer, gloves, gauze, tape for hand wraps and adequate scales.

(7) Promoters shall publicly announce all substitutions for contests advertised for contests as soon as the substitutions are known.

(8) For adequate public safety, the promoter is responsible for ensuring that no bottled drinks, unless poured into disposable paper cups by vendors at the time of sale, are permitted in any hall or facility where any contest is being held. If the contest is staged outdoors disposable paper cups also must be used on the site of the contest.

(9) Promoters and all licensed individuals and organizations associated with the contests shall be deemed to have knowledge of the applicable laws and rules of the state. Any questions or interpretations should be referred to the office. If an immediate decision is required, it should be referred to the inspector present. In the event a situation occurs at the contest and there are no regulations in place to cover the situation, the inspector of the event will make a decision on the matter. The inspector’s ruling shall be final. The authority of the office and the inspectors shall be respected. No one shall interfere with the inspectors’ duties, use foul language or make threats of physical harm toward the inspectors.

(10) Any promoter that fails to pay a contestant his or her purse within forty-eight (48) hours of the contest shall be subject to discipline by the office.

(11) The promoter shall be responsible for seeing that all the rules promulgated by the office are strictly observed and carried out.

(12) A promoter for a boxing or kickboxing event shall arrange for an ambulance to be on site at each event with emergency personnel and proper resuscitation equipment.

(13) Boxing promoters shall submit to the office proof that health insurance has been purchased for each boxing contestant prior to scheduled contest.


20 CSR 2040-4.020 Matchmakers

PURPOSE: This rule clarifies the duties and responsibilities of matchmakers with respect to professional boxing, professional kickboxing and professional full-contact karate.

(1) A licensed matchmaker is required to be present at all professional boxing, professional kickboxing and professional full-contact karate contests. In professional boxing, professional kickboxing and professional full-contact karate, the office shall not allow a promoter and matchmaker to be the same person.

(2) The duties of the matchmaker shall include arranging the contest, matching the contestants as to weight and experience and ensuring that all the required equipment is in its place. While the contests are in progress, the matchmaker shall work with the inspector and will be directly liable for the promoter s/he represents.

(3) All boxing bouts shall be approved or disapproved by the office. A bout deemed to be a mismatch based on the record, experience, skill and condition of the contestants as known or represented to the office at or before the bout, which could expose one or both contestants to serious injury, will be denied. In addition all bout contestants must meet the following criteria to be approved:

(A) Any boxer who has lost their last ten (10) bouts by decision, technical knockout, or knockout shall not be approved to box in a bout;

(B) Any boxer who has lost their last six (6) bouts by technical knockout or knockout shall not be approved to box in a bout;

(C) Any boxer with less than ten (10) professional bouts may not box an opponent with more than fifteen (15) professional bouts;

(D) All boxer’s records must be verified through the national boxing registry, which is
appointed by the Association of Boxing Commissions; and

(5) No matchmaker in a specific contest shall act in the capacity of a licensed manager or licensed second for that specific contest either directly or indirectly.


20 CSR 2040-4.030 Professional Boxing, Professional Wrestling, Professional Kickboxing, and Professional Full-Contact Karate Referees

PURPOSE: This rule clarifies the duties and responsibilities of professional boxing, professional wrestling, professional kickboxing, and professional full-contact karate referees.

(1) The referee is charged with the enforcement of all office rules that apply to the conduct of the contest and the conduct of the contestants and contestant’s second(s) while s/he is in the ring. Before the office issues a referee’s license:

(A) The applicant must:
   1. Certify that s/he has read and understands Missouri laws and rules. Upon such certification the applicant shall be deemed to have full knowledge and understanding of said laws and rules; and
   2. Have two (2) years of documented experience refereeing boxing matches. It is not necessary that this experience be obtained by refereeing professional boxing, professional wrestling, professional kickboxing or professional full-contact karate;
   (B) The office may require:
       1. The applicant take and pass a written test covering professional boxing, professional wrestling, professional kickboxing, and professional full-contact karate; and
       2. The applicant have a physical examination by a licensed physician to determine fitness to perform.

(2) The office shall have the right to deny a referee’s license if, in its judgment, the applicant does not have sufficient knowledge or expertise in the sport and is otherwise not deemed responsible to act.

(3) Referees shall not wear spectacles while refereeing.

(4) The referee selected for each bout shall be at the sole discretion of the office and such determination shall be final. The promoter is responsible for all compensation for the referee. The office shall set the amount of compensation to be provided to the referee.

(5) Before starting each bout, the referee will check with each judge and timekeeper to determine if each is ready, and also will ascertain the name of the chief second in each corner and shall hold the chief second responsible for all conduct in his/her corner. The referee shall also verify that the physician is present at ringside.

(6) The referee shall inspect the gloves of the contestants in all bouts and make sure that no foreign substances detrimental to an opponent have been applied to the glove or bodies of the contestants. In the event the referee detects a problem with the gloves or other equipment, the problem must be fixed to the satisfaction of the referee and inspector before the bout continues.

(7) The use of rubber or plastic gloves by the referee is not mandatory but will be left to the discretion of the referee for his/her use during the bout.

(8) The referee shall stop the bout for any of the following reasons:
   (A) The referee determines that one (1) of the contestants is clearly less experienced and/or skilled than his/her opponent to the extent that allowing the bout to continue would pose a substantial risk of serious harm or injury to the less-experienced/skilled contestant;
   (B) The referee decides that a contestant is not making his/her best effort; or
   (C) For any other reason the referee deems sufficient.

(9) In the event of serious cuts or injuries, the referee shall summon the physician who shall decide if the bout should be stopped.

(10) The referee shall warn the second(s) of violations of any rules relating to seconds. If after such a warning the second(s) does not conduct him/herself in accordance with the rules, the referee shall warn the second(s) that further violations may result in disqualification of his/her contestant and/or removal from the corner.

(11) The referee shall instruct judges to mark their scorecards accordingly when s/he has assessed a foul upon one (1) of the contestants. The referee shall deliver the official scorecards to the inspector. When picking up the scorecards from the judges, the referee shall see if the inspector understands that the cards are computed and the winners and judges names are recorded. If not, the judges shall be instructed to complete scorecards correctly.

(12) The referee shall ensure that a bout moves to its proper completion. Delaying or avoiding tactics, or both, should be avoided and the contestant who employs these tactics should be penalized in scoring or disqualified.

(13) When a fallen contestant rises and falls again without being hit again, the referee shall continue the original count, rather than starting a new count. If the bell rings ending the round during the count, the count shall continue except when the bell rings ending the last round of the bout. A contestant shall be deemed to be down when any part of his/her body, with the exception of his/her feet, is on the floor or if s/he is hanging helplessly on or over the ropes. A referee can count a contestant out either on the ropes or on the floor. During the eighth (8)-count, the referee should assess the condition of the contestant and either allow him/her to continue or stop the bout. During any count, the opponent shall immediately go to the neutral corner and remain there until the referee signals the bout is to be continued. In the event the contestant who has scored the knockdown fails to go to the neutral corner, the referee may stop the count until the contestant who scored the knockdown returns to the neutral corner.

(14) In assessing fouls, the referee must weigh the cause as well as the effect. If the referee has seen a low blow (punch below the belt line) delivered and if the blow had a damaging effect, s/he may permit a rest period to the victim not to exceed five (5) minutes. During the rest period, periods may not assist or coach the injured contestant. The offending contestant shall go to a neutral corner and shall not be coached during the period. If the injured contestant refuses to continue after a
(15) The referee shall warn or penalize a contestant with a deduction of points who uses the ropes or other unfair means to gain advantage.

(16) Whenever a contestant has been injured, knocked out or technically knocked out, the referee shall immediately summon the attending physician to aid the stricken contestant. Except at the request of the physician, no manager(s) or second(s) shall be permitted to aid the stricken contestant.


20 CSR 2040-4.040 Physicians for Professional Boxing, Professional Wrestling, Professional Kickboxing, and Professional Full-Contact Karate

PURPOSE: This rule defines the responsibilities of physicians for professional boxing, professional kickboxing and professional full-contact karate.

(1) Any physician, applying for licensure with the office, must hold a current license to practice medicine pursuant to Chapter 334, RSMo and must be in good standing with the State Board of Registration for the Healing Arts. Any such physician/applicant shall not be currently or have been under discipline from the State Board of Registration for the Healing Arts for a period of five (5) years preceding his/her application with the office.

(2) A physician licensed pursuant to sections 317.001 to 317.021, RSMo shall be in charge of all physical examinations. S/he shall be at ringside during all professional boxing, professional kickboxing and professional full-contact karate contests and, if called upon, ready to advise the referee.

(3) Within forty-eight (48) hours before a contest, contestants for professional boxing, professional kickboxing and professional full-contact karate shall be given a physical examination by a physician appointed and licensed by the office. Contestants shall disclose all medical history and conditions to the physician during the physical examination, including, whether or not the contestant is pregnant.

(4) The physical examination given to contestants shall include the following: weight, pulse, lungs, blood pressure, heart, and general physical condition.

(5) If, upon physical examination, a contestant is determined to be unfit for competition, the contestant shall be prohibited from competing during that specific contest.

(6) The physician must certify in writing on a form prescribed by the office that the contestants who are in good physical condition to compete.

(7) The physician selected for each contest shall be at the sole discretion of the office and such determination shall be final. The promoter is responsible for all compensation for the physician. The office shall set the amount of compensation to be provided to the physician.


20 CSR 2040-4.060 Announcers

PURPOSE: This rule defines the duties and responsibilities of announcers.

(1) Announcers shall announce the names of the officials, the contestants, their correct weights, the decisions of the referee and judges, and other matters as directed by the inspector. Other announcements shall be limited to those pertaining to present and future contests unless specifically authorized by the office. Promoters shall provide equipment and facilities for announcing.

(2) Introductions and announcements made to the general public must include, at a minimum, the statement “These bouts are sanctioned by the State of Missouri, Office of Athletics.”

(3) At the end of each bout, an inspector shall deliver the scorecards to the announcer who shall announce the results and immediately return the cards to the inspector.

(4) No promoter shall permit any individual to act as an announcer who does not hold a current license issued by the office.


20 CSR 2040-4.070 Seconds

PURPOSE: This rule defines the duties and responsibilities of seconds.

(1) The office will not issue a license to any person to act as a second unless the applicant has reached the age of eighteen (18). Only one (1) second shall be inside the ring between rounds, the other two (2) may be on the ring platform outside the ropes. Licensed managers shall be permitted to act as seconds without being licensed as a second. While acting as a second, a licensed manager must observe all rules pertaining to the conduct of seconds.

(2) Unless special permission is given by the office, there shall be no more than three (3) seconds, one (1) of whom will announce to the referee at the start of the bout that s/he is the chief second. The second shall equip him/herself with:

(A) The applicant must:
1. Certify that s/he has read and understands Missouri laws and rules. Upon such certification the applicant shall be deemed to have full knowledge and understanding of said laws and rules; and
2. Have two (2) years of documented experience judging boxing matches. It is not necessary that this experience be obtained by judging professional boxing, professional wrestling, professional kickboxing or professional full-contact karate.

(3) Seconds shall not enter the ring until the timekeeper indicates the end of the round. Seconds shall leave at the sound of the timekeeper’s whistle or buzzer before the beginning of each round. If the chief second or anyone for whom s/he is responsible enters the ring before the bell ending the round has sounded, his/her license shall be subject to discipline and the contestant whom s/he is handling may be disqualified. While the round is in progress, the chief second may mount the apron of the ring and attract the referee’s attention indicating the retirement of the contestant. S/he shall not enter the ring unless the referee stops the bout and shall not interfere with a count that is in progress.

(4) Seconds shall not stand or lean on the ring apron during the round.

(5) The second shall equip him/herself with:

(A) A clear plastic bottle;
(B) A bucket containing ice;
(C) Adhesive tape;
(D) Gauze;
(E) Scissors;
(F) Extra mouthpiece;
(G) Cotton swabs;
(H) Vaseline; and
(I) Pressure plates.

(6) Only the following substances may be used to stop hemorrhaging:

(A) A solution of adrenaline 1/1000;
(B) Avintene; and
(C) Thrombin.

(7) Before leaving the ring at the start of each round, the seconds shall remove all obstructions, buckets, stools, bottles, towels and robes from the ring floor and ropes.

(8) Seconds violating any provisions of this rule shall be immediately ejected from the ring corner.

(9) The use of rubber or plastic gloves is not necessary that this experience be obtained by judging professional boxing, professional wrestling, professional kickboxing or professional full-contact karate.
(B) The office may require:
   1. The applicant take and pass a written test covering professional boxing, professional wrestling, professional kickboxing, and professional full-contact karate; and
   2. The applicant have a physical examination by a licensed physician to determine fitness to perform.

(7) The office may deny an application for licensure as a judge if the applicant fails to meet the qualifications specified herein or fails to pass the written examination if such an examination is required by the office.


20 CSR 2040-4.090 Contestants

PURPOSE: This rule outlines the procedures for applying for and renewal of a license and clarifies the duties and responsibilities of contestants.

(1) An applicant applying for a license as a contestant shall:
   (A) Complete an application as required in section (2) of 4 CSR 40-2.011. Any person who provides incorrect information in an application for license as a contestant may be disciplined by the office;
   (B) Be at least sixteen (16) years of age;
   (C) Submit a signed notarized affidavit from their legal guardian approving them to participate in a contest if he/she is under the age of eighteen (18);
   (D) Disclose in writing on a form provided by the office a complete medical history including any prior or existing medical conditions;
   (E) Within thirty (30) days of application for licensure successfully complete a physical examination by physician with the designation “medical doctor” or “doctor of osteopathy” and submit a written statement from the physician attesting to the physical and mental health of the applicant. The office may increase the thirty (30)-day limit under special circumstances approved by the office; and
   (F) Submit a certified copy of medical tests performed by a certified laboratory verifying the applicant is not infected with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or hepatitis B or C virus. The medical tests shall not be dated more than ninety (90) days before the application is submitted.

(2) A contestant applying for renewal of a license:
   (A) Complete an application as required in section (2) of 4 CSR 40-2.011. Any person who provides incorrect information in an application for license as a contestant may be disciplined by the office;
   (B) Disclose in writing on a form provided by the office a complete medical history including any prior or existing medical conditions;
   (C) Within thirty (30) days of application for licensure successfully complete a physical examination by physician with the designation “medical doctor” or “doctor of osteopathy” and submit a written statement from the physician attesting to the physical and mental health of the licensee. The office may increase the thirty (30)-day limit under special circumstances approved by the office; and
   (D) Submit a certified copy of medical tests performed by a certified laboratory verifying the licensee is not infected with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or hepatitis B or C virus. The medical tests shall not be dated more than ninety (90) days before the application is submitted.

(3) An applicant or contestant who does not pass the physical examination or receives positive results from any of the tests required in sections (1) and (2) shall be denied the right to fight for that bout.

(4) All fees involved with medical examinations and/or tests required in sections (1) and (2), in addition to any drug test required in sections (1) and (2), shall be the responsibility of the promoter, contestant or applicant.

(5) Within forty-eight (48) hours before competing in any professional boxing, professional kickboxing, professional full-contact karate or professional wrestling bout or contest, each contestant shall:
   (A) Submit certified copies of medical tests performed by a laboratory verifying that the applicant is not infected with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or hepatitis B or C virus. The medical tests shall not be dated more than one hundred eighty (180) days before the scheduled bout or contest in which the contestant will compete. A statement from a medical doctor or doctor of osteopathy indicating that the applicant has successfully completed a full course of vaccinations for hepatitis B may be submitted in lieu of the medical tests required by this rule for hepatitis B.
   (B) Female contestants shall verify in writing that the contestant has taken a reliable means of pregnancy testing and that the contestant is aware of her pregnancy status.

1. For purposes of this rule, a “reliable means of pregnancy testing” shall consist of a pregnancy test administered by a state or local health department or a licensed medical doctor or licensed doctor of osteopathy. A reliable means of pregnancy testing may also include a self-administered pregnancy test that has been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration or that is able to detect or determine the presence of human chorionic gonadotropin (hCG).

2. Verification shall be in a form approved by the Office.

3. The office strongly cautions against participating in any professional full-contact sport regulated by the office while pregnant.

(C) A contestant who fails to comply with the requirements of this rule shall not be allowed to compete as a contestant in any professional boxing, professional kickboxing, professional full-contact karate or professional wrestling bout or contest. The office may discipline any contestant who fails to provide truthful and accurate information as required by this section.

(6) The office will issue an identification card to each boxing contestant for the purpose of registration pursuant to the Professional Boxing Safety Act of 1996, 15 U.S.C. section 6301 et seq., to each boxer who so applies. The boxer shall provide a recent photograph for the identification card and any other information that is requested by the office. An identification card may not be substituted for the license to engage in boxing held by the boxer.

(7) Each contestant for professional boxing, professional kickboxing or professional full-contact karate must be weighed in the presence of the public, his/her opponent, a representative of the office and an official representing the promoter, on scales approved by the office at any place designated by the office. If a contestant cannot be present at the designated time set by the office, a contestant shall waive his/her rights under this section.
(8) The contestant for professional boxing, professional kickboxing or professional full-contact karate must have all weights stripped from his/her body before he/she is weighed in, but male contestants may wear shorts. Female contestants may wear shorts and a sports bra.

(9) The office may require contestants to be weighed more than once for any cause deemed sufficient to the office.

(10) Immediately preceding the contest, at a time designated by the office, all contestants must pass a physical examination given by a physician licensed by the office, in accordance with the office’s rules and regulations. A contestant who does not pass the physical examination shall be denied the right to fight for that bout.

(11) The office may require a contestant to submit to a drug test. Failure to submit to a drug test upon notification by an inspector may result in disciplinary action being taken against the contestant’s license.

(12) A contestant licensed by the office may be required to submit to any medical examination or test ordered by the office prior to participation in a bout.

(13) A boxing contestant shall present his/her identification card to the office representative at weigh-in for a bout and at any other time ordered by the office or its representative. Failure to possess the card shall result in the boxing contestant being disallowed to participate in a bout.

(14) A boxing contestant licensed by the office is subject to disciplinary action by the office if the contestant knowingly:

(A) Provides false information for an identification card or falsifies or attempts to falsify an identification card, or aids in such acts;

(B) Uses or attempts to use an identification card in an unlawful manner or in a manner that is not in the best interests of professional boxing; or

(C) Otherwise violates the provisions of this section.

(15) Each contestant must report to the representative of the office in charge of dressing rooms at least thirty (30) minutes before the scheduled time of the first bout of professional boxing, professional wrestling, professional kickboxing, and professional full-contact karate contest. Failure to do so may result in the contestant being disallowed to participate in the bout.

(16) Contestants shall at all times abide by the statutes and rules of Missouri governing professional boxing, professional wrestling, professional kickboxing or professional full-contact karate.

(17) Contestants shall at all times observe the directions and decisions of all officials.

(18) A contestant of boxing may not have a promoter or any of its members, stockholders, officials, matchmakers or assistant matchmakers—

(A) Act directly or indirectly as his/her manager; or

(B) Hold any financial interest in his/her management or his/her earnings from each contest.

(19) Contestants for professional wrestling shall include anyone participating in any wrestling activities whether inside or outside the ring during a contest.

(20) The belt of the trunks must not extend above the waist line.

(21) Each boxing, full-contact karate or martial arts contestant must wear:

(A) A mouthpiece which has been individually fitted; and

(B) An abdominal protector which will protect him against injury from a foul blow.

(22) Each contestant must be clean and present a tidy appearance.

(23) The excessive use of petroleum jelly shall not be used on the face or body of a contestant. The referees or the office’s representative in charge shall cause any excessive petroleum jelly to be removed.

(24) The office’s representative shall determine whether head and facial hair presents any hazard to the safety of the contestant or his/her opponent or would interfere with the supervision and conduct of the bout. If the head and facial hair of the contestant present such a hazard or would interfere with the supervision and conduct of the bout, the contestant shall not compete in the bout unless the circumstances creating the hazard or potential interference are corrected to the satisfaction of the office’s representative.

(25) A contestant may not wear any jewelry or other piercing accessories while competing in a bout.

(26) The office may honor the suspension of a contestant by an agency that regulates professional boxing, professional wrestling, professional kickboxing, and professional full-contact karate in another jurisdiction if the suspension is ordered for:

(A) Medical safety;

(B) A violation of a law or regulation governing professional boxing, professional kickboxing, and professional full-contact karate which also exists in this state; or

(C) Any other conduct which discredits professional boxing, professional kickboxing, and professional full-contact karate, as determined by the office.

(27) The office may deny a contestant a license if their license to participate or compete as a boxer, wrestler, kickboxer or full-contact karate participant has been denied, refused or disciplined for a medical condition by another state, tribal athletic commission, territory, federal agency or country. The office shall not issue a license to a contestant who has suffered a cerebral hemorrhage of any type.
