# Rules of Department of Economic Development

## Division 70—State Board of Chiropractic Examiners

### Chapter 2—General Rules

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Title 4—DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Division 70—State Board of Chiropractic Examiners
Chapter 2—General Rules

4 CSR 70-2.010 Definition of the Practice of Chiropractic
(Rescinded November 11, 1982)


State ex rel. Gibson v. Missouri Board of Chiropractic Examiners (A), 365 SW2d 773 (Mo. App. 1963). Ear drops, vitamins and pills prescribed and administered by a chiropractor are "medicine", the use of which is illegal and constitutes sufficient ground for revocation of chiropractic license. It is well known that many medicines are obtainable by the public without the necessity of having a prescription, and the fact that an item is obtainable by the public without prescription does not mean that it is not medicine or drug, the prescription and administration of which by a chiropractor is illegal. (Overturned by Grogan et al. v. Hayes et al., 639 SW2d 875 (Mo. App. 1982) and Senate Bill 520, 1980.)

Op. Atty. Gen. No. 56, Frappier (9-12-72). Chiropractor has authority to diagnose for the limited purpose of determining whether the particular treatment which s/he may legally render to a patient is proper treatment for the disease from which the patient is suffering. Chiropractor is permitted to take and evaluate for diagnostic purposes only X-rays of the human spinal column and other parts of the human body for the limited purpose of determining whether the disease or ailment is one s/he can treat and to determine the proper treatment.

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Op. Atty. Gen. No. 55, Holt (3-18-69). That part of rule 16.4(b) (now 1 CSR 20-5.020) of the Personnel Advisory Board which provides that only physicians may verify certificates of sick leave for state employee is invalid, and to carry out the intention of the legislature the rule should also provide that a chiropractor is legally qualified to verify the certificate required for sick leave resulting from an illness s/he is legally authorized to treat.


Op. Atty. Gen. No. 32, Geekie (3-10-53). A licensed chiropractor is not permitted to employ physical therapy generally; this therapy including among other things the use of electrical or mechanical devices, except, however, section 331.010, RSMo (1949) does not allow using that part of physical therapy involving manipulation of the spine by hand; chiropractors may use X-rays only to take and interpret such as an aid in diagnosis. Chiropractors cannot suggest, which is orally prescribing, vitamins for patients or advise with regard to patients' diets. A chiropractor must use the term Doctor of Chiropractic or the letters D.C. after his/her name in describing him/herself to the public if s/he uses the prefix "Doctor" or "Dr." before his/her name. (Withdrawn 6-14-84.)

4 CSR 70-2.020 Diagnostic Procedures and Instruments

PURPOSE: This rule outlines the diagnostic procedures and instruments that may be used by a doctor of chiropractic in discharging his/her duty to his/her patients.

(1) The board will approve a diagnostic procedure or instrument only after the board determines that the diagnostic procedure or instrument has a sound scientific basis and is commonly taught by approved chiropractic colleges.

(2) Those diagnostic procedures presently approved by the board include, but are not limited to:

(A) Physical Examination.
   1. Inspection, including the use of instrumentation such as an ophthalmoscope, otoscope, tongue-depressor, tape measure, thermometer, percussion hammer, pinwheel, sphygmomanometer, phenotocscope, neurocalometer, neurodermograph, electrophysograph, heartmeter, phonocardiograph, electrocardiograph, spirometer, vitalor, visual acuity charts, weight measurement scales, dermathermograph, vasculometer, and routine orthopedic and neurologic procedures.
   2. Palpation.
   3. Auscultation, including the use of a stethoscope, tuning forks, audiograph and phonocardiograph;

(B) Radiographic Examination.
   1. Motionless diagnostic X-ray study.
   2. Fluoroscopy.
   3. Cineradiography;

(C) Laboratory Examination.
   1. Blood specimen.
   2. Urine specimen.
   3. Fecal specimen.
   4. Sputum specimen; and

(D) Muscle testing with strength and endurance curves during isometric or isokinetic exercise, or both, mechanized or computerized evaluation with printout.


State ex rel. Gibson v. Missouri Board of Chiropractic Examiners (A), 365 SW2d 773 (Mo. App. 1963). Ear drops, vitamins and pills prescribed and administered by a chiropractor are "medicine", the use of which is illegal and constitutes sufficient ground for revocation of chiropractic license. It is well known that many medicines are obtainable by the public without the necessity of having a prescription, and the fact that an item is obtainable by the public without prescription does not mean that it is not medicine or a drug, the prescription and administration of which by a chiropractor is illegal. (Overturned by Grogan et al. v. Hays et al., 639 SW2d 875 (Mo. App. 1982) and Senate Bill 520, 1980.)
Op. Atty. Gen. No. 56, Frappier (9-12-72). Chiropractor is permitted to take and evaluate for diagnostic purposes only X-rays of the human spinal column and other parts of the human body for the limited purpose of determining whether the disease or ailment is one s/he can treat and to determine the proper treatment. Chiropractors are prohibited from employing any diagnostic tests or procedures which involve operative surgery or the administration or injection of any drug or medicine. Similarly proscribed are any procedures which are exclusively reserved to the fields of obstetrics, osteopathy, surgery or medicine.

Op. Atty. Gen. No. 239, Holt (11-10-70). Statutory provisions relating to the practice of professional physical therapy do not enlarge the scope of chiropractic practice to include the use of therapeutic devices. Licensed doctor of chiropractic is prohibited from prescribing and administering vitamins and food supplements to his/her patients. A person who performs professional physical therapy as described in section 334.500, RSMo (1969) not under the direction of a licensed physician is practicing medicine in violation of section 334.010, RSMo (1969) regardless of whether s/he is a professional physical therapist or an unlicensed person. Even though a chiropractor does not hold him/herself out as a professional or licensed physical therapist, s/he may not utilize physical therapy devices in his/her professional services. Booths at chiropractic conventions by vitamin, food supplement, ultrasound, diathermy, colon irrigator or other therapeutic device manufacturers and the holding of seminars and the mailing of literature to chiropractors for the promotion of such items is not in violation of Chapter 331, RSMo (1969) and section 561.660, RSMo (1969). (Withdrawn 6-14-84.)

Op. Atty. Gen. No. 32, Geekie (3-10-53). A licensed chiropractor is not permitted to employ physical therapy generally such therapy including among other things the use of electrical or mechanical devices, except, however, section 331.010, RSMo (1949) does allow using that part of physical therapy involving manipulation of the spine by hand; chiropractors may use X-rays only to take and interpret such as an aid in diagnosis. Chiropractors cannot suggest, which is orally prescribing, vitamins for patients or advise with regard to patients diet. (Withdrawn 6-14-84.)

4 CSR 70-2.025 Use of X-rays

PURPOSE: This rule advises chiropractic physicians concerning the use of X rays and overutilization.

(1) A chiropractic physician shall not overutilize or otherwise improperly use ionizing radiation. In order to avoid overutilization of ionizing radiation, a chiropractic physician shall observe the following guidelines:

(A) Routine radiography of any patient shall not be performed without due regard for clinical need.

(B) Any offer or advertising of free X-rays to actual or potential patients shall be accompanied by the statement—"if necessary"; and

(C) Repeat radiographic evaluation of the patient shall not be undertaken without significant observable clinical indication, as determined by the treating chiropractic physician. The significant observable indication required by this subsection shall not apply to reevaluations of the spinal subluxation complex. The spinal subluxation complex is determined to be a significant observable indication.

(2) The licensee must register the X-ray equipment with the Bureau of Radiological Health, Missouri Department of Health, P.O. Box 570, Jefferson City, MO 65102, (314) 751-6083 every two (2) years.

(3) The licensee must maintain X-ray equipment in compliance with state rules of the Missouri Department of Health.

(4) Violation of this rule is considered unprofessional conduct and is grounds for disciplinary action.


State ex rel. Gibson v. Missouri Board of Chiropractic Examiners (A), 365 SW2d 773 (Mo. App. 1963). Ear drops, vitamins and pills prescribed and administered by a chiropractor are "medicine", such use of which is illegal and constitutes sufficient ground for revocation of chiropractic license. It is well known that many medicines are obtainable by the public without the necessity of having a prescription, and the fact that an item is obtainable by the public without prescription does not mean that it is not medicine or a drug, the prescription and administration of which by a chiropractor is illegal. (Overturned by Grogan et al. v. Hays et al., 639 SW2d 875 (Mo. App. 1982) and Senate Bill 520, 1980.)

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4 CSR 70-2.030 Adjunctive Procedures

PURPOSE: This rule outlines adjunctive procedures that may be used by doctors of chiropractic.

(1) Those adjunctive chiropractic procedures presently approved by the board include, but are not limited to:

(A) Heat and heat-producing devices;

(B) Ice and cooling packs;

(C) Extension therapy; or

(D) Therapeutic exercise, muscle therapy, reflex techniques, and postural and structural supports.


therapist or an unlicensed person. Even though a chiropractor does not hold him/herself out as a professional or licensed physical therapist, s/he may not utilize physical therapy devices in his/her professional services. Booths at chiropractic conventions by vitamin, food supplement, ultrasound, diathermy, colon irrigator or other therapeutic device manufacturers and the holding of seminars and the mailing of literature to chiropractors for the promotion of such items is not in violation of Chapter 331, RSMo (1969) and section 561.660, RSMo (1969). (Withdrawn 6-14-84.)

4 CSR 70-2.031 Meridian Therapy/Acupressure/Acupuncture

PURPOSE: This rule sets out the acceptable qualifications, procedures and continuing education requirements for the use of meridian therapy/acupressure/acupuncture (in this rule Meridian Therapy) by Missouri licensed chiropractors.

(1) When used in the rules of the board, the terms Meridian Therapy or acupressure or acupuncture shall mean methods of diagnosing and the treatment of a patient by stimulating specific points on or within the body by various methods including, but not limited to, manipulation, heat, cold, pressure, vibration, ultrasound, light, electocurrent and short-needle insertion for the purpose of obtaining a biopositive reflex response by nerve stimulation.

(2) Acceptable practice and use of Meridian Therapy shall be limited to those methods and procedures that are commonly taught in chiropractic colleges having status with the Council on Chiropractic Education or are methods or procedures which have been approved by the board.

(3) In order to ensure that the public health and safety are protected and to maintain high standards of trust and confidence in the chiropractic profession and ensure the proper conduct of the chiropractic practice involving the use of Meridian Therapy, the requirements contained in this rule must be met prior to one engaging in therapeutic procedures or announcing the availability of therapeutic procedures to the public.

(A) Each licensee seeking to provide Meridian Therapy in any of its aspects shall obtain a certificate from the board, which shall indicate that the licensee has complied with the provisions of this rule and has met the minimum standards contained in this rule. The application for a certificate shall be on a form provided by the board.

(B) In addition to the other information required to be provided on the application, each applicant shall certify to the board that s/he has either—1) successfully completed at least one hundred (100) hours’ training of undergraduate or postgraduate or a combination of each, in the use and administration of Meridian Therapy, which training was presented by a college of chiropractic having status with the Council on Chiropractic Education or 2) successfully completed at least one hundred (100) hours’ training in the use and administration of Meridian Therapy in a course of study approved by the board.

(C) In order to maintain a valid certificate in Meridian Therapy, a licensee who holds a certificate at the time of making his/her license renewal must certify to the board that s/he has completed annually a minimum of twelve (12) hours of postgraduate training, approved by the board, in Meridian Therapy.

(D) If a licensee allows his/her certification to lapse, the certification may be reactivated up to three (3) years after it has lapsed upon the presentation to the board of twelve (12) hours of postgraduate study in Meridian Therapy, acupuncture or acupressure for each year the certification was inactive or a maximum of thirty-six (36) hours. The postgraduate study must be a course approved by the board.

(E) If a licensee allows his/her certification to lapse for more than three (3) years the licensee shall comply with the requirements of subsection (3)(B) of this rule, providing the hours were not used to obtain the original certification.

(4) Any licensee who shall advertise or announce to the public in any communication or solicitation that s/he engages in or provides Meridian Therapy in any of its aspects without having first complied with this rule shall be deemed to have engaged in false, misleading or deceptive advertising.

(5) Sterilization of Nondisposable Needles and Disposition of Disposable Needles.

(A) Where nondisposable needles are used for acupuncture, the needles must be sterilized by—

1. Autoclave;
2. Dry heat sterilization; or
3. Ethylene oxide sterilization in accordance with directions of the manufacturer.

(B) Needles must be individually packaged for each patient. The individually packaged needles must either be discarded following patient treatment or sterilized according to the methods of sterilization listed in subsection (5)(A) when nondisposable needles are used.

(C) Needles must be disposed of according to Missouri and federal laws regarding disposal of infectious waste. In addition, all needles must be placed in rigid, leakproof and puncture resistant containers and sealed before disposal pursuant to 10 CSR 80-7.010. Noncorrosive needles must be used.


4 CSR 70-2.033 Manipulation Under Anesthesia

PURPOSE: This rule is to advise chiropractic physicians when they may perform manipulation under anesthesia.

(1) The Missouri State Board of Chiropractic Examiners places the following restrictions on chiropractic physicians who engage in the practice of chiropractic while the consumer of the chiropractic service is under anesthesia.

(2) A chiropractic physician may not engage in the practice of chiropractic while the consumer of the chiropractic service is under anesthesia, unless:

(A) The manipulation under anesthesia (MUA) is performed at a facility that is licensed by the Missouri Department of Health—Bureau of Hospital Licensing and Certification and approved by one (1) of the following: Joint Commission on Accreditation of Health Care Organizations (JCAHO), American Osteopathic Association (AOA), Accreditation Association of Ambulatory Health Care (AAAHC), or Medicare; and

(B) The anesthetic, sedative or other drug is administered to the consumer by a licensed medical doctor or doctor of osteopathy who is a board-eligible or board-certified anesthesiologist or under the direct supervision of that professional; and

(C) The chiropractic physician has completed a certification course in MUA of not less than twenty-four (24) didactic academic hours and completed six (6) proctored MUA procedures as part of the certification course. The MUA certification course must be sponsored by a chiropractic college accredited by
the Council of Chiropractic Education (CCE); and

(D) The chiropractic physician follows the appropriate protocol as adopted by rule by the Missouri State Board of Chiropractic Examiners; and

(E) The consumer of chiropractic service MUA has been evaluated by a medical doctor or doctor of osteopathy, who is familiar with MUA, prior to the MUA procedure who approves the procedure and the administration of the anesthesia.

(3) A chiropractic physician who violates this rule is guilty of unprofessional conduct in the practice of chiropractic.

(4) Nothing in this rule shall be construed as to require a facility licensed by the Missouri Department of Health— Bureau of Hospital Licensing and Certification or approved by the JCAHO, AOA or AAAHC to grant allied hospital privileges to a chiropractic physician.


4 CSR 70-2.040 Application for Licensure

PURPOSE: This rule states where to secure an application and how to complete the application and documentation required to accompany the application form provided by the executive director.

(1) Application for licensure shall be made on the application form provided by the board.

(2) Application forms may be obtained by writing the board’s executive director at 3605 Missouri Boulevard, P.O. Box 672, Jefferson City, MO 65102-0672. A copy of the applicable statutory provisions and rules governing the practice of chiropractic shall be provided with the application.

(3) How to Complete the Application.

(A) All information requested on the application shall be either typewritten or handwritten legibly in black ink.

(B) All blanks shall be completed.

(C) Applicants should not use initials or nicknames on the application. If the applicant has no middle name, this should be indicated by adding the word ONLY following the initial.

(4) Items to accompany application for licensure by examination are—

(A) One (1) photograph as described in 4 CSR 70-2.050(3)(B);

(B) Application processing or examination fee in the form of a money order or cashier’s check. Applicants shall pay the application processing fee if applying for licensure by examination (N.B.C.E. Part IV examination). The examination fee must accompany an examination application only in the event that the board administers its own practical examination. See 4 CSR 70-2.050(3)(A); and

(C) Two (2) sets of fingerprints and the fingerprinting fee.

(5) Items to accompany application for licensure by reciprocity are—

(A) One (1) photograph as described in 4 CSR 70-2.070(4);

(B) Reciprocity licensure fee in the form of a money order or cashier’s check;

(C) Proof of practice as described in 4 CSR 70-2.070(5);

(D) Completed open-book jurisprudence examination;

(E) Copy of high school diploma or General Educational Development (GED) Certificate if applicant was licensed prior to preprofessional requirement; and

(F) Two (2) sets of fingerprints and the fingerprinting fee.


4 CSR 70-2.045 Board-Approved Chiropractic Colleges

PURPOSE: This rule defines the term board-approved chiropractic college and lists the approved chiropractic colleges.

(1) Under section 331.030, RSMo, the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners shall approve all chiropractic colleges having accredited status with the Commission on Accreditation of the Council on Chiropractic Education.

(2) The board will maintain a list of all approved chiropractic colleges which shall be available upon request. Board-approved chiropractic colleges are—

(A) Cleveland Chiropractic College—Kansas City, MO;

(B) Cleveland Chiropractic College—Los Angeles, CA;

(C) Life Chiropractic College—Marietta, GA;

(D) Life Chiropractic College-West—San Lorenzo, CA;

(E) Logan College of Chiropractic—Chesterfield, MO;

(F) Los Angeles College of Chiropractic—Whittier, CA;

(G) National College of Chiropractic—Lombard, IL;

(H) New York Chiropractic College—Glen Head, NY;

(I) Northwestern College of Chiropractic—Bloomington, MN;

(J) Palmer College of Chiropractic—Davenport, IA;

(K) Palmer College of Chiropractic-West—Sunnyvale, CA;

(L) Parker College of Chiropractic—Irving, TX;

(M) Texas Chiropractic College—Pasadena, TX;

(N) Western States College of Chiropractic—Portland, OR;

(O) Canadian Memorial Chiropractic College—Toronto, Ontario, Canada; and

(P) School of Chiropractic, Phillip Institute of Technology—Bundoora, Victoria, Australia.


4 CSR 70-2.050 Examination

PURPOSE: This rule explains examinations given by the State Board of Chiropractic
Examiners, documentation required, deadlines, examination results, challenges and transcript language.

(1) All applicants for a certificate of registration shall pass all parts of the written examination administered by the National Board of Chiropractic Examiners (N.B.C.E.), including Parts I, II, III (the Written Clinical Competency Examination) and the elective section on Physiotherapy. Additionally, all applicants shall pass the regional/national practical examination (Part IV) administered by the N.B.C.E., and an examination over the Missouri statutes, rules and regulations. If the board determines that Part IV of the N.B.C.E. examination no longer meets the practical examination requirements under Section 331.030.6, RSMo, or if the board determines for any reason that it should administer a practical examination, applicants shall pass the practical examination administered by the board. The time and location of each examination may be obtained by writing the board’s executive director.

(2) No person shall be entitled to take the N.B.C.E. Part IV examination, or the board’s practical examination, except graduates of or senior students in board-approved chiropractic colleges. Senior students will not be permitted to sit for the N.B.C.E. Part IV examination, or the board’s practical examination, unless that student expects to graduate within six (6) months of the examination date.

(3) For a senior student to be eligible to take the N.B.C.E. Part IV examination, or the board’s practical examination, the following documentation is required:

(A) Completed application which has been completed in accordance with the requirements of 4 CSR 70-2.040 and examination or application processing fee;
(B) One (1) original, unretouched, black and white photograph of the applicant taken within the last six (6) months, showing the head and shoulders, front view, not to exceed two inches by two inches (2" × 2"), not a polaroid-type photograph;
(C) Official National Board of Chiropractic Examiners transcripts (Parts I and II); and
(D) A letter from the chiropractic college certifying the student’s expected graduation date.

(4) The following documentation should be in the board office prior to licensure:

(A) The official chiropractic college transcript(s); and
(B) Official National Board of Chiropractic Examiners transcripts (Parts I, II, III, IV and the elective on Physiotherapy). A Part IV transcript is not required if the applicant is applying to take a practical examination administered by the board.

(5) Transcripts from foreign countries which are not in English shall have a certified English translation attached.

(6) If the candidate is applying for a practical examination to be administered by the board, the following procedures will apply:

(A) Before the examination, each applicant shall be given an identification number which shall be used during the examination. The candidate shall not be admitted to examination unless s/he is wearing the identification badge assigned to him/her;
(B) All candidates for the board’s practical examination, regardless of assigned identification number, shall report to the examination site at the time designated on the schedule letter;
(C) Applicants may dress casually for the X-ray and jurisprudence examinations. Applicants shall dress professionally for the oral examination;
(D) While examinations are in progress, any applicant detected cheating, attempting to give aid or accepting aid from another shall be excluded from further examination and the applicant’s examination papers, if any, rejected;
(E) Any applicant who fails any portion of the board’s practical examination three (3) times shall be required to return to an accredited chiropractic college and successfully complete a semester of additional study in the failed subjects; and
(F) If a candidate fails the examination or any portion thereof and subsequently passes an examination in another state, then wishes to obtain a Missouri license by reciprocity, that candidate shall successfully pass the previously failed section(s) of the Missouri board’s practical examination or the Special Purposes Examination for Chiropractic (SPEC) which is administered by the National Board of Chiropractic Examiners before a license will be granted.

(7) Requirements for a passing grade are—

(A) The applicant must achieve a composite score of seventy-five percent (75%) on the N.B.C.E. Part IV examination, or score seventy-five percent (75%) in each section of the board’s practical examination. The applicant must also achieve a composite score of seventy-five percent (75%) on the exam over the Missouri statutes, rules and regulations; and
(B) The applicant will be required to retake only the failed section(s), if any, of the board’s practical examination or the examination and the numerical score.

(8) Notification of Examination Results if Taking a Practical Examination Administered by the Board.

(A) An applicant who receives a passing grade will be notified that s/he has passed but will not be advised of the score received.
(B) An applicant who fails to achieve a passing score will be advised of his/her failure and the numerical score.

(9) Examination Review or Challenges to Examination Questions. Any dispute, disagreement, difference of opinion or challenge to any examination question, the method of examination or any other matter concerning any examination administered by the board must be raised, in writing, at the time of the taking of the examination. Once the board’s examination has been concluded, any dispute, disagreement, difference of opinion or challenge to the examination in any respect which was not raised as provided in this rule will be deemed waived and will not be considered by the board.

(10) Retention of Answer Sheets. The board shall retain answer sheets of its practical and jurisprudence examinations on all applicants for a period of one (1) year from the date of an examination.

(11) Those candidates for licensure who have successfully completed the N.B.C.E. Part IV examination, or a practical examination administered by the board, and have not obtained their licenses to practice may do so within three (3) years from the date of the examination.

(A) If the license is not obtained within the three (3)-year period and the applicant has not been practicing chiropractic, the applicant shall be required to return to an accredited chiropractic college for a semester of additional study in the clinical subjects, file the proper application, pass the N.B.C.E. Part IV examination, or the board’s practical examination, and pay the required fee(s).

(B) If the license is not obtained within the three (3)-year period and the applicant has been practicing chiropractic in another state, territory or District of Columbia, or in any foreign country, the applicant may file application for license by reciprocity under the provisions of 4 CSR 70-2.070.

PURPOSE: This rule explains the professional conduct of licensed chiropractic physicians.

PUBLISHER’S NOTE: The publication of the full text of the material that the adopting agency has incorporated by reference in this rule would be unduly cumbersome or expensive. Therefore, the full text of that material will be made available to any interested person at both the Office of the Secretary of State and the office of the adopting agency, pursuant to section 536.031.4, RSMo. Such material will be provided at the cost established by state law.

(1) Each licensed chiropractic physician shall notify the board of his/her professional address and immediately shall inform the board’s executive director of any change of address.

(2) A chiropractic service may be considered routine for an individual practitioner if it has the following characteristics:

(A) It is performed frequently in the doctor’s office;
(B) It is usually provided at a set fee;
(C) It is provided at little or no variance in technique; and
(D) It includes all professionally recognized components within generally accepted standards.

(3) Each licensed chiropractic physician shall inform the board of anyone who may be practicing chiropractic in Missouri without a license.

(4) A chiropractic physician, when presenting himself/herself to patients and the public, is directed to determine as far as is reasonably possible and consistent with chiropractic procedures—

(A) The cause(s) of the patient’s abnormalities or deformities; and
(B) Whether chiropractic treatments are reasonably likely to improve or assist in improving these abnormalities or deformities.

(5) A licensed chiropractic physician shall not—

(A) Increase charges when a patient utilizes a third-party payment program;
(B) Report incorrect treatment dates for the purpose of obtaining payments;
(C) Report charges for services not rendered; or
(D) Report incorrectly services rendered for the purpose of obtaining greater payment than s/he is entitled to.

(6) Advertisement or Solicitation.

(A) For the purpose of this rule, the terms “advertisement” and “solicitation” shall be defined as follows:

1. Advertisement—any form of public notice, regardless of medium, using a licensee’s name, trade name or other professional designation of the licensee or chiropractic firm;
2. Solicitation—any form of request or plea, regardless of medium, used to entice or urge a person to use the services of a licensee or chiropractic firm;
3. A licensee may advertise or solicit through public media, such as a telephone directory, physician’s directory, newspaper or other periodical, outdoor billboard, radio, television, or through direct mail advertising or solicitation distributed generally to persons not known to need chiropractic care of the kind provided by the chiropractor, if such advertisement or solicitation is in accordance with this section;
4. A licensee may initiate individual written communications, not involving personal or telephone contact, to persons known or likely to need chiropractic care of the kind provided by the licensee. All such individual written communications to persons known or likely to need chiropractic care of the kind provided by the licensee shall be labeled at the top of the first page with the word “SOLICITATION” and shall contain the following notice:

SOLICITATION. The determination of a need for chiropractic care and the choice of a chiropractor are extremely important decisions and should not be based solely upon advertisements, solicitations or self-proclaimed expertise. This notice is required by the Missouri State Board of Chiropractic Examiners.

5. A licensee may initiate personal contact, including telephone contact, with a person for the purpose of offering to provide chiropractic care subject to the provisions of subsection (6)(D) herein. Any such personal contact, including telephone contact, which is made on behalf of a licensee by any third party or parties, shall be deemed to be contact made directly by the licensee for purposes of compliance with these rules.

(B) Every advertisement or solicitation shall include the following:

1. The name of at least one (1) licensee responsible for its content and any potential violation of section 331.060, RSMo; and
2. The term “chiropractor,” “doctor of chiropractic,” “chiropractic physician,” or “D.C.”

(C) Advertisements and solicitations may contain:

1. The educational background of the licensee;
2. The basis on which fees are determined, including charges for specific services, so long as fees advertised remain effective for a reasonable time;
3. Available credit; and
4. Any other information that is not false, misleading or deceptive.

(D) A licensee shall not initiate an individual written communication under paragraph (6)(A)(3) or personal contact, including telephone contact under paragraph (6)(A)(5), if the licensee knows or reasonably should know that the physical, emotional, or mental state of the person makes it unlikely that the person would exercise reasonable judgment in...
employing the services of a chiropractor. A written communication sent and received or a personal contact directed to any person known to have been involved in an accident, if made within thirty (30) days after such accident, is presumed to be written at a time or made at a time when the writer knows or reasonably should know that the physical, emotional, or mental state of the person makes it unlikely that the person would exercise reasonable judgment in employing a chiropractor, unless such written communication or personal contact, including telephone contact, is directed to a close friend, relative or former patient.

(E) An advertisement or solicitation, as defined in this rule, shall not be false, misleading or deceptive and in violation of subsection (6)(E) of this rule:
1. An advertisement or solicitation contains a notice stating that paid actors have been used;
2. An advertisement or solicitation is written or printed and at least eighteen points in height if the advertisement or solicitation is written or printed and at least eighteen points in height if the advertisement or solicitation is made by means of television.
3. An advertisement or solicitation is written or printed and at least ten points in height if the advertisement or solicitation is transmitted at the scene of an accident or in route to a hospital, emergency care center or other health care facility;
4. An advertisement or solicitation contains the following notice:

“This offer is only valid after the applicable insurance carrier or third party payor has been notified of the terms of the offer.”

The licensee will provide written notice disclosing the terms of such offer, agreement or waiver on any billing and/or third party claim.

(G) For the purpose of this rule, all notices shall be at least ten (10) points in height if the advertisement or solicitation is written or printed and at least eighteen (18) point font if the advertisement or solicitation is made by means of television. Notices may be oral, if the form of advertisement or solicitation will not allow it to be in printed form.

(H) A licensee shall retain for two (2) years a true and correct copy of recording of any advertisement or solicitation made by written or electronic media along with a record of when and where it was used. Upon written request, the licensee shall make the copy or recording available to the board and, if requested, shall provide to the board evidence to support any factual or objective claim contained in the advertisement or solicitation.

(7) Chiropractic Practices Following Death of Chiropractic Physician or When a Chiropractic Physician Moves From City or Sells Practice. A chiropractic office shall not be closed until the board has been provided with information which in the board’s view is sufficient to assure the board that adequate measures have been taken by the licensee or licensee’s heirs to provide for the transfer of patient records, including X-rays, to either the patient or another health-care provider of the patient’s choosing or to assure the board that the patient does not desire the records delivered to him/her or another health-care provider.

(8) Death or Divorce of Licensee. Any person who acquires an interest in a chiropractic office as a result of the death or divorce of the licensee and who is not him/herself a licensee may continue to operate the chiropractic office for a period not to exceed six (6) months; provided, however, that the person must divest all interest in the business by the end of the six (6)-month period and that person shall not have any control over the methods of practice or the professional judgment of any licensee(s) employed by the chiropractic business. Nothing in this rule shall be construed to authorize any person not otherwise licensed under this chapter to engage in the practice of chiropractic in any form.

(9) The licensee should retain patient records for at least five (5) years.

(10) Medical Records to be Released to Patient, When, Exception, Fee Permitted, Amount, Liability of Provider Limited. Failure of the licensee to comply with section 191.227, RSMo shall be considered unprofessional conduct.

(11) Minimal Recordkeeping Standards. These standards apply to all licensed chiropractic physicians, chiropractic assistants and certified chiropractic technicians. These standards also apply to those examinations advertised at a reduced fee or free (no charge) service.

(A) Adequate patient records shall be legibly maintained. Initial and follow-up services (daily records) shall consist of documentation to justify care. If abbreviations or symbols are used in the daily recordkeeping, a key must be provided.

(C) All patient records shall include patient history, symptomatology, examination, diagnosis, prognosis and treatment.

(D) Provided the board takes disciplinary action against a chiropractic physician for any reason, these minimal clinical standards will apply. It is understood that these procedures are the accepted standard(s) and anything less than this shall be considered unprofessional conduct in the practice of chiropractic.

(12) Nutritional Evaluation. A nutritional evaluation which is in response to stimulation of the olfactory nerve receptors and those procedures including
holding vitamins, minerals, herbs or any food or food product in the hand, laying vitamins, minerals, herbs or any food or food product on or near the skin and touching various areas of the skin, are unproven, could lead to errors in diagnosis and are potentially detrimental to the health of the patient being evaluated and is considered unprofessional conduct in the practice of chiropractic.

(B) Nutritional evaluation shall include history; type of dysfunction; laboratory tests, if necessary; physical diagnosis; and dietary inadequacies. Nutritional evaluation without these procedures is deemed unprofessional conduct.

(C) Nutritional evaluation which is in response to stimulation of the gustatory nerve receptors is not a diagnostic procedure but may be used as an adjunctive procedure when used in conjunction with subsection (11)(B).

(13) Any licensee who performs a chiropractic review under section 376.423, RSMo without having obtained a certification from the board or is not in compliance with 4 CSR 70-4 of the board’s rules shall be deemed to have engaged in unprofessional conduct in the practice of chiropractic.

(14) Violation of the Health Care Payment Fraud and Abuse Act, Missouri Revised Statutes section 191.900 et seq. or the "anti-kickback" portions of the Medicare/Medicaid anti-fraud and abuse statute, 42 United States Code section 1320a-7b[b], by knowingly and willingly offering, paying, soliciting or receiving remuneration in order to induce the recipient or any entity, which complaint alleges certain acts or practices which may constitute one (1) or more violations of the provisions of Chapter 331, RSMo. Any member of the public, the profession or any federal, state or local official may make and file a complaint with the board.

The State Board of Chiropractic Examiners shall file a complaint with the board while that member holds that office, unless that member requests to complete it and return it to the board. Complaints may be received from sources outside Missouri and will be processed in the same manner as those originating within Missouri. No member of the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners shall file a complaint with the board while that member holds that office, unless that member excuses him/herself from further board deliberations or activity concerning the matters alleged within that complaint. The executive director or any staff member of the board may file a complaint pursuant to this rule in the same manner as any member of the public.

(2) Complaints should be mailed or delivered to the following address: Missouri State Board of Chiropractic Examiners, 3605 Missouri Blvd., P.O. Box 672, Jefferson City, MO 65102-0672. Complaints may be made based upon personal knowledge or upon information and belief, reciting information received from other sources.

(3) All complaints shall be made by affidavit sworn before a notary public or other authorized officer and fully shall identify the affiant by name and address. Complaints may be made on forms provided by the board and available upon request. Oral, telephone or written unsworn communications will not be considered or processed as complaints, but the person making these communications will be provided with a complaint form and requested to complete it and return it to the board in affidavit form. Any member of the administrative staff of the board may make and file a complaint based upon information and belief, in reliance upon oral, telephone or written communications received by the board, unless those communications are believed by that staff member to be false.

4 CSR 70-2.065 Public Complaint Handling and Disposition

PURPOSE: This rule establishes a procedure for the receipt, handling and disposition of public complaints by the board.

(1) The State Board of Chiropractic Examiners shall receive and process each complaint made against any licensee or unlicensed individual or entity, which complaint alleges certain acts or practices which may constitute one (1) or more violations of the provisions of Chapter 331, RSMo. Any member of the public, the profession or any federal, state or local official may make and file a complaint with the board.

(5) Each complaint received under this rule shall be acknowledged in writing. The acknowledgement shall state that the complaint is being referred to the board for consideration at its next regularly scheduled meeting. The complaint shall be informed in writing as to whether the complaint is being investigated, and later, as to whether the complaint is being dismissed by the board or is being referred to legal counsel for filing with the Administrative Hearing Commission.

(6) The executive committee, composed of the president and secretary, of the board, from time-to-time and as it deems necessary, in consultation with the board’s legal counsel and executive director, may direct the board’s investigator to investigate any complaint before the complaint has been considered by...
the board. The executive director shall report any actions to the board.

(7) Both the complaint and any information obtained as a result of the investigation shall be considered a closed record and shall not be available for inspection by the general public. However, a copy of the complaint and any attachments to it shall be provided to any licensee who is the subject of that complaint, or his/her legal counsel, upon written request to the board, by the licensee.

(8) This rule shall not be deemed to limit the board’s authority to file a complaint with the Administrative Hearing Commission charging a licensee with any actionable conduct or violation, whether or not that complaint exceeds the scope of the acts charged in a preliminary public complaint filed with the board and whether or not any public complaint has been filed with the board.

(9) The board interprets this rule, which is required by law, to exist for the benefit of those members of the public who submit complaints to the board and for those persons or entities within the legislative and executive branches of government having supervisory or other responsibilities or control over the professional licensing boards. This rule is not deemed to protect, or inure to the benefit of, those licensees or other persons against whom the board has instituted or may institute administrative or judicial proceedings concerning possible violations of the provisions of Chapter 331, RSMo.


STATE OF MISSOURI
BOARD OF CHIROPRACTIC EXAMINERS

USE BLACK INK ONLY

Missouri Statutes 565.060 — False Official Statements. Whoever knowingly makes a false statement in writing with the intent to mislead a public servant in the performance of his official duty may be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>YOUR NAME (FIRST MIDDLE INITIAL LAST)</th>
<th>TELEPHONE (BUSINESS)</th>
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<td>ADDRESS (STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE)</td>
<td>YOUR OCCUPATION</td>
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<td>CONTACT (OTHER THAN YOURSELF) NAME (FIRST MIDDLE INITIAL LAST)</td>
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SUBJECT OF COMPLAINT

NAME (OF PERSON AND/OR COMPANY)

ADDRESS (STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE)

TELEPHONE NUMBER

OCCUPATION

LICENSE NO. (IF KNOWN)

1. HAVE YOU CONTACTED SUBJECT CONCERNING COMPLAINT?
   - YES
   - NO
   - IF YES, GIVE DATE

2. HOW LONG HAVE YOU KNOWN PERSON COMPLAINED ABOUT?
   - YES
   - NO
   - IF YES, GIVE DATE

3. ARE THERE DOCUMENTS INVOLVED?
   - YES
   - NO

NAME OF PRIVATE ATTORNEY (IF APPLICABLE)

ADDRESS

TELEPHONE NUMBER

Witnesses - Full Name

Address

Give full details of your complaint (Include facts, details, dates. Please attach copies of all bills, documents, records, correspondence, and contracts. Use additional sheets if necessary)

MUST BE SIGNED IN PRESENCE OF NOTARY

STATE OF

COUNTY (OR CITY OF ST. LOUIS)

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN BEFORE ME. THIS

DAY OF

19

NOTARY PUBLIC SIGNATURE

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES

NOTARY PUBLIC NAME (TYPED OR PRINTED)

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

COMPLAINT NO

COMPLAINT DATE

TYPE OF COMPLAINT

COMPLAINT ACK

SENT TO ATTORNEY

SENT TO BOARD

REFERRED TO INVEST

REFERRED TO ATTORNEY

REF. TO ADM. HEARING

DISPOSITION

DISPOSITION DATE

ADVISED OF DISPOSITION

APPEAL DATE

DISPOSITION

DISTRIBUTION: WHITE/CANARY - STATE BOARD OF CHIROPRACTIC EXAMINERS PINK - COMPLAINANT
4 CSR 70-2.066 Post-Board Order Activity

PURPOSE: This rule outlines activities subsequent to disciplinary action against license holders by the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners.

(1) The Missouri State Board of Chiropractic Examiners shall publish or cause to be published all disciplinary actions regarding licenses, including the name of the licensee, the license number, any terms of suspension or probation, or other disciplinary action whether by consent or order, in any professional journal read by licensed chiropractors practicing in Missouri, in any newspaper of general circulation, or in any newsletter published by the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners, or in any of these publications.

(2) The Missouri State Board of Chiropractic Examiners shall publicize the terms of a probationary agreement, including the name of the licensee, the license number and a summary of the complaint, in any journal read by licensed chiropractors practicing in Missouri or in any newspaper of general circulation, or in any newsletter published by the board, if the board determines, in its discretion, that this publication is necessary to protect the health and safety of the public.

(3) Any licensee whose license to practice chiropractic has been revoked or suspended shall—

(A) Surrender his/her license to the Missouri State Board of Chiropractic Examiners. When a suspension is ordered, the license shall be held by the Missouri State Board of Chiropractic Examiners for the duration of the suspension;

(B) Refrain from misrepresenting the status of his/her license to practice chiropractic to any patient or to the general public; and

(C) Refrain from maintaining a physical presence in any office organized to practice chiropractic in Missouri during the period of suspension.

(4) Any licensee whose license to practice chiropractic in Missouri has been revoked or suspended for a period of one (1) year or more in length shall—

(A) Notify regular patients of the suspension or revocation by mail within one (1) month after the effective date of the suspension or revocation;

(B) Remove any telephone listings identifying him/her as one licensed to practice chiropractic in Missouri;

(C) Remove his/her name from any sign, door, stationery or advertising material identifying him/her as one licensed to practice chiropractic in Missouri; and

(D) Refrain from addressing the public in any manner which may suggest that s/he is licensed to practice chiropractic in Missouri.

(5) The Missouri State Board of Chiropractic Examiners may impose any other reasonable and nonarbitrary requirement which, in its discretion, may be necessary to enforce an order of suspension or revocation.

(6) Any violation of a suspension order or a post-order requirement shall constitute grounds for the Missouri State Board of Chiropractic Examiners to impose further suspension or to revoke the licensee’s license to practice chiropractic.

(7) Any violation of a probationary agreement shall constitute grounds for the Missouri State Board of Chiropractic Examiners to impose a further period of probation, a period of suspension or to revoke the licensee’s license to practice chiropractic, unless the probationary agreement expressly provides otherwise.

(8) When any disciplinary sanctions have been imposed under Chapter 331, RSMo against any licensee, or if at any time the licensee removes him/herself from Missouri, ceases to be licensed currently as provided by Chapter 331, RSMo or fails to keep the Missouri State Board of Chiropractic Examiners advised of his/her current place of business or residence, the time of his/her absence, unlicensed status or unknown whereabouts shall not be considered or taken as part of the time of the discipline so imposed.


4 CSR 70-2.070 Reciprocity

PURPOSE: This rule states the requirements and procedures for obtaining a license by reciprocity.

(1) A person licensed to practice chiropractic in any other state may be licensed to practice in this state by complying with the provisions of Chapter 331, RSMo and the board’s regulations.

(2) Application for licensure by reciprocity shall be made on a form provided by the board and completed in accordance with the requirements of 4 CSR 70-2.040.

(3) Application forms may be obtained by writing the board’s executive director at 3605 Missouri Boulevard, P.O. Box 672, Jefferson City, MO 65102-0672. A copy of the applicable statutory provisions and rules governing the practice of chiropractic shall be provided with the application.

(4) The following documentation must be received by the board before a license will be issued:

(A) An original, unretouched, black and white photograph of the applicant within the last six (6) months, showing the head and shoulders, front view, not to exceed two inches by two inches (2” x 2”);

(B) A completed open-book jurisprudence examination;

(C) Official chiropractic college transcript(s);

(D) Official National Board of Chiropractic Examiners transcript(s), if any;

(E) Satisfactory evidence that the applicant has practiced continuously for at least one (1) year immediately preceding the filing of the application;

(F) Copy of the law and rules of the state from which applicant is reciprocating at the time the applicant was licensed;

(G) Certification of licensure/endorsement, including examinations taken and grades obtained in each examination, from all states in which applicant is or has been licensed; and

(H) Completed application and reciprocity license fee.

(5) Satisfactory evidence that applicant continuously has practiced for at least one (1) year immediately preceding the filing of the application shall be, but is not limited to—

(A) Notarized letters from at least two (2) other chiropractic physicians or health care professionals in the community where applicant has been or is still practicing;

(B) Notarized letters from at least two (2) patients in the community where applicant has been or is still practicing;

(C) Notarized letters from at least two (2) community leaders, clergy or attorneys in the community where applicant has been or is still practicing; or

(D) Copies of Schedule C of the federal income tax return for the past two (2) years.

(6) When a chiropractic physician obtains a Missouri license by reciprocity, the licensee shall submit proof of having obtained the...
required postgraduate education hours prior to the first renewal period.

(7) Applicants for licensure by reciprocity shall submit the completed open-book jurisprudence examination with the application. This should be completed in black ink or typewritten.

(8) When applicant is seeking Missouri licensure by reciprocity and the state from which applicant is seeking to reciprocate does not allow equivalent reciprocal licensure of Missouri licensees, or if that state’s requirements for securing a chiropractic license are not equivalent to the requirements of this state for licensure, the board may, in its discretion, require the applicant to successfully complete the Special Purposes Examination for Chiropractic (SPEC) administered by the National Board of Chiropractic Examiners.


4 CSR 70-2.071 Transitional Renewal Fee
(Rescinded January 12, 1984)


4 CSR 70-2.080 Biennial License Renewal

PURPOSE: This rule clarifies license renewal requirements.

(1) Any person in full- or part-time practice of chiropractic shall renew that license biennially. Biennial renewal, by statute, is contingent upon the licensee having completed the annual mandatory hours of postgraduate study (continuing education) successfully.

(2) The required number of annual continuing education hours shall be twenty-four (24)—with four (4) hours in diagnostic imaging, four (4) hours in differential or physical diagnosis, or both, and four (4) hours in emergency procedures, boundary training, Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) or infectious diseases and twelve (12) hours of general subjects of the doctor’s choice.

(3) Every currently licensed chiropractic physician shall obtain annually the required number of continuing education hours (herein “C.E. credits”) in the appropriate categories noted in section (2) of this rule. The continuing education reporting period shall begin each year on January 1 and end on December 31. C. E. credits earned after December 31 shall apply to the next reporting cycle unless the licensee pays the continuing education penalty fee. Payment of the continuing education penalty fee will entitle a licensee to earn C.E. credits after December 31 but by no later than the following February 28/29.

(4) At least twelve (12) of the twenty-four (24) C.E. credits required must be credit hours earned by attending formal continuing education programs which meet the requirements of 4 CSR 70-2.081(1). The twelve (12) C.E. credits earned by attending formal continuing education programs shall be four (4) hours credit in diagnostic imaging; four (4) hours in differential or physical diagnosis, or both; and four (4) hours in boundary training, emergency procedures, Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) or infectious diseases. No more than twelve (12) C.E. credits can be earned during each reporting period through other continuing education experiences, and nothing herein shall be construed to require that licensees obtain any portion of their C.E. credits through such other continuing education experiences. Other continuing education experiences shall be categorized as general studies unless preapproved by the board and meets the requirements of section 331.050.1, RSMo and board rule 4 CSR 70-2.081(2). The board defines other continuing education experiences as follows:

(A) Meetings. Registered attendance at relevant professional meetings which include, but are not limited to, national, regional, state and local professional association meetings and open meetings of the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners. To earn C.E. credits in this category, roll call must be taken and recorded in the official minutes of the meeting. A maximum of six (6) C.E. credit hours are allowable in this category during each continuing education reporting period but no more than two (2) C.E. credits shall be earned per meeting. If the meeting is less than two (2) hours in duration, C.E. credits will be granted for actual attendance time but in increments of not less than one (1) hour. If the meeting has a duration of ninety (90) minutes, C.E. credits may be granted for one and one-half (1.5) hours;

(B) Publications. Books and/or articles published by licensee in professional books, national or international journals, or periodicals. A maximum of six (6) C.E. credits are allowable in this category during each continuing education reporting period. Publications must be relevant to chiropractic to qualify for C.E. credits under this rule;

(C) Presentations. Chiropractic physicians teaching an approved postgraduate course may receive C.E. credits for teaching the course providing the instructor’s name was submitted with the course content when requesting approval of the course;

(D) Home Study. Self-study of professional material including relevant books, journals, periodicals, videos, tapes, and other materials and preparation of relevant lectures and talks to public groups. C.E. credits will be granted at the rate of one (1) hour for reading a national or international journal or periodical and four (4) hours for reading a book. To qualify for C.E. credits under this category, the journal, periodical or book must be related to the clinical practice of chiropractic; and

(E) Individual Study. Relevant chiropractic courses subscribed via the internet or by other electronic means. Individual study may also be classified as formal continuing education if the program is approved by the board in advance and meets the requirements of 4 CSR 70-2.081(1) and (2).

(5) A renewal license will not be issued until all renewal requirements have been met. If the licensee pays the continuing education penalty fee for C.E. credits earned late, those hours shall not be applied to the next reporting cycle. A licensee who has failed to obtain and verify, in a timely fashion, the requisite number of C.E. credits shall not engage in the practice of chiropractic unless an extension is obtained pursuant to section (8) of this rule.

(6) For the license renewal the licensee shall verify the number of C.E. credits earned during the last two immediately preceding continuing education reporting periods on the renewal form provided by the board. The renewal form shall be mailed directly to the board office on or before the expiration date of the license. The licensee shall not submit
the actual record of C.E. attendance to the board except in the case of a board audit.

(7) Each licensee shall maintain full and complete records of all C.E. credits earned for the two (2) previous reporting periods in addition to the current reporting period. Formal C.E. credit hours shall be documented by the sponsor of the approved continuing education program and provided to the licensee within thirty (30) days from the date of the program. The licensee is responsible for maintaining that record of attendance as set forth in 4 CSR 70-2.081(6). C.E. credits earned through other continuing education experiences shall be documented by the licensee and such documentation shall contain, at a minimum, the number of hours earned and these hours shall be separated in the various categories defined in section (4) of this rule. The board may conduct an audit of licensees to verify compliance with the continuing education requirement. Licensees shall assist the board in its audit by providing timely and complete responses to the board’s inquiries. A response is considered timely if received in the board office within thirty (30) days of a written request by the board for such information.

(8) A licensee who cannot complete the requisite number of C.E. credits because of personal illness, military service or other circumstances beyond the licensee’s control which the board deems to be sufficient to impose an insurmountable hardship may apply for an extension of time to complete the continuing education requirements. Any extension of time to complete the continuing education requirements will be granted solely in the discretion of the board. The licensee must make a written application for extension of time prior to the December 31 deadline for completion of the continuing education requirement. The licensee shall provide full and complete written documentation of the grounds supporting the reasons for which an extension is sought. A licensee who requests an extension of time to complete the requisite hours of continuing education shall not engage in the active practice of chiropractic until the board grants the licensee’s request for extension and the licensee receives express written authorization to do so.

(9) The board shall not grant C.E. credit to any licensee for attending a continuing education course if the licensee attended a subsequent course on the same subject matter during the same continuing education reporting period.

(10) Chiropractic physicians holding a Missouri license, but not practicing in Missouri, may use the approved continuing education hours required of the state in which they practice for license renewal, without prior approval, provided that the continuing education requirement is met and provided that the continuing education falls within the definition set forth in 4 CSR 70-2.081. If the state in which the chiropractic physician is practicing does not have continuing education requirements for renewal or relicensure, the out-of-state chiropractic physician must earn the requisite number of continuing education hours required in Missouri and the hours shall be approved by the Missouri board or offered by a college of chiropractic accredited by the Council on Chiropractic Education (CCE).

(11) Retired and Totally Disabled Licensees.

(A) Doctors of chiropractic who are age sixty-two (62) or older or who are totally disabled, as certified by their attending physician, on the renewal date and who have retired from the active practice of chiropractic and are not practicing chiropractic or engaging in activity which constitutes the practice of chiropractic, may apply to the board for waiver of the continuing education requirements and renewal of their licenses at a reduced fee. The application must be made on the form provided by the board and must be accompanied by an affidavit(s), also provided by the board.

(B) Any renewal certificate or license issued by the board in accordance with this rule will be stamped with the words "RETIRED. NOT VALID FOR ACTIVE PRACTICE."

(C) Any licensee who receives a renewal certificate or license in accordance with this rule who then desires to practice chiropractic or engage in activity which constitutes the practice of chiropractic must submit evidence of having earned the requisite number of C.E. credits approved by the board during the twelve (12) months immediately preceding the request for an active license. Provided, however, that any licensee whose license has not been active for three (3) or more years must return to an accredited chiropractic college for a semester of additional study and pass a practical examination approved by the board.

(12) In order for the board to consider waiving the continuing education requirement for license renewal, all requests for waivers due to illness must be accompanied by a written statement from a practitioner of the healing arts stating the diagnosis, prognosis and length of time the chiropractic physician will be unable to practice or attend an educational program. Waivers due to illness may be granted only to a licensee who has suffered a personal illness or personal disability of a nature as to prevent him/her from engaging in the active practice of chiropractic for at least the majority of the continuing education reporting period.

(13) Reactivations of Licenses of Missouri Residents.

(A) An application for license renewal, received from a Missouri resident in the board office less than three (3) years after the renewal deadline will be reactivated upon payment of the reactivation and renewal fees, a statement of why s/he failed to renew his/her license and proof of having met the continuing education requirements during the preceding twelve (12)-month period.

(B) An application for license renewal from a Missouri resident received in the board office more than three (3) years after the renewal deadline will be reactivated after the applicant has returned to an accredited chiropractic college for a semester of additional study in the clinical subjects, passed a practical examination approved by the board, and upon the payment of the reactivation and renewal fees.

(14) Reactivations of Licenses of Nonresidents.

(A) An application for license renewal received from a nonresident in the board office less than three (3) years after the renewal deadline will be reactivated upon receipt of the reactivation and renewal fees, a statement of why s/he failed to renew his/her license and proof of having met the continuing education requirements during the preceding twelve (12)-month period.

(B) An application for license renewal received from a nonresident in the board office more than three (3) years after the renewal deadline will be reactivated only after the applicant proves that s/he has been actively and lawfully practicing chiropractic and holding him/herself out to the public as a chiropractor in another state for the three (3) years immediately preceding his/her application for reactivation and upon payment of the reactivation and renewal fees.

(C) An application for license renewal from a nonresident chiropractic physician
received in the board office more than three (3) years after the renewal deadline and the chiropractic physician has not been in practice in another state will be reactivated after the applicant has returned to an accredited chiropractic college for a semester of additional study in the clinical subjects, passed a practical examination approved by the board and paid the reactivation and renewal fees.

(15) Deadline for Renewal.
(A) Applications for renewal shall be postmarked by the expiration date of the license.

(16) Continuing Education Requirements During the First Year of Practice.
(A) All licensees who have received their licenses by reciprocity must complete the required hours of continuing education prior to the first renewal date following the granting of their license by reciprocity.
(B) All licensees who have received a license by examination within the preceding twelve (12) months of the expiration date of the license shall not be required to earn C.E. credits for their initial year of licensing or portion of it.

(17) Chiropractic physicians acting as associate examiners for either the state board practical examination or the regional/national practical examination (Part IV) administered by the National Board of Chiropractic Examiners (N.B.C.E.) may receive up to a maximum of sixteen (16) hours per year of continuing education credit for the administration of the examination. For the first full day of service provided to the N.B.C.E. in administering the Part IV examination, associate examiners will be credited with four (4) hours of continuing education in differential or physical diagnosis and four (4) hours of credit in general chiropractic continuing education. For the second full day of service provided to the N.B.C.E. in administering the Part IV examination, associate examiners will be credited with eight (8) hours of general chiropractic continuing education. If a chiropractic physician should provide less than four (4) hours of service to the N.B.C.E. in any one administration of the Part IV examination, continuing education credit will not be available to that licensee. C.E. credits earned from administering the Part IV examination shall be in the formal continuing education category.

(18) If a bad check is received by the board to renew a license and if the replacement cashier’s check is not received prior to the expiration date of the license, the license will be inactivated and the licensee shall not practice until the license has been reactivated.

(19) The license period shall be set by the director of the division of professional registration.

(20) Violation of any provision of this rule shall be deemed by the board to constitute misconduct, fraud, misrepresentation, dishonesty, unethical conduct or unprofessional conduct in the performance of the functions or duties of a chiropractic physician depending on the licensee’s conduct. In addition, a licensee who has failed to complete and report in a timely fashion the requisite hours of continuing education and engages in the active practice of chiropractic without the express written authority of the board shall be deemed to have engaged in the unauthorized practice of chiropractic.


4 CSR 70-2.081 Postgraduate Education

PURPOSE: This rule defines postgraduate education, sets out the requirements for sponsoring organizations and explains procedures for inactive chiropractic physicians to obtain a semester of review prior to reactivation of a license.

(1) Postgraduate study as used in this rule and as used in section 331.050, RSMo is defined as a program which provides instruction in, but not limited to, the following: general anatomy, physiology, general diagnosis, microbiology, hygiene and sanitation, X-ray and radiation protection, biochemistry, neurology, orthopedics, spinal anatomy, pathology, principles of chiropractic, chiropractic adjusting and jurisprudence. The program must provide instruction on a level designed to instruct individuals who are already licensed as chiropractic physicians in Missouri. The term postgraduate study may be used interchangeably with the terms continuing education and postgraduate education.

(2) For board approval of postgraduate education programs, sponsoring organizations other than Council on Chiropractic Education (CCE)-accredited chiropractic colleges shall forward to the board’s executive director six (6) copies of the completed Application for Course Approval, syllabus or outline of material covered in course and vita on the speaker(s). This material must be received in the board office at least forty-five (45) days prior to the seminar to receive board approval. A request for approval of a seminar will not be considered by the board if the request is made after the seminar has occurred.

(3) Postgraduate education programs sponsored by CCE-accredited chiropractic colleges are automatically approved providing—
(A) The programs meet the definition of postgraduate education as defined in section (1) of this rule;
(B) The college properly monitors the chiropractic physician’s attendance; and
(C) The college notifies the board of the date, title, hours, names of speakers and location of seminar and contact person.

(4) If the CCE-accredited chiropractic colleges do not meet the requirements of section (3) of this rule, the program(s) will be disapproved automatically.

(5) Any postgraduate program offered for license renewal must carry the following disclaimer: “Approval of this course is not an acknowledgement or ruling by the board that the methods taught in this course are recognized and approved by the board as the appropriate practice of chiropractic as defined in section 331.010, RSMo.” This disclaimer shall be on all brochures and handouts or on a separate piece of paper distributed at each program.

(6) All postgraduate education sponsors shall provide each licensee with a certificate verifying his/her attendance at an approved postgraduate education seminar. The certificate shall be provided to the licensee by the sponsor within thirty (30) days from the date of the licensee’s attendance at the seminar and it shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:
(A) Name, address and telephone number of the sponsoring organization;
(B) Name, address and license number of the licensee in attendance at the approved seminar;
(C) Course approval number which will be provided to the sponsor at the time the sponsor is notified by the board of its approval of the seminar;
(D) Title, date(s) and location of the seminar; and
(E) The total number of hours that the licensee was in attendance at the seminar. These hours must be reflected within the following categories:
   1. General chiropractic education;
   2. Diagnostic imaging;
   3. Differential or physical diagnosis;
   4. Emergency procedures or boundary training; and
   5. Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) or infectious diseases.

(7) When an inactive chiropractic physician must return to a CCE-accredited chiropractic college for a semester of review in the clinical subjects, the following subjects shall be covered in the semester of review:
   (A) X-ray (case presentation or interpretation);
   (B) Physical examination;
   (C) Neuromusculoskeletal (NMS) diagnosis;
   (D) Neurological and orthopedic examination or diagnosis;
   (E) Laboratory diagnosis/interpretation; and
   (F) An adjusting technique course.

(8) When an inactive chiropractic physician must return to a CCE-accredited chiropractic college for a semester of review, the review shall be completed successfully.


APPLICATION FOR CONTINUING EDUCATION COURSE APPROVAL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SPONSORING ORGANIZATION NAME</th>
<th>FEE RECEIVED</th>
<th>DATE RECEIVED</th>
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<tr>
<th>TYPE OF ORGANIZATION (CHECK ONE)</th>
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<tr>
<td>☐ STATE ORGANIZATION</td>
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<tr>
<td>☐ NATIONAL ORGANIZATION</td>
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<tr>
<td>☐ CCE APPROVED COLLEGE</td>
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<td>☐ OTHER (PLEASE IDENTIFY)</td>
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<tr>
<th>TITLE OF SEMINAR</th>
<th>SEMINAR DATE</th>
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| LOCATION OF SEMINAR (CITY OR TOWN) | |
|-----------------------------------| |
|                                    | |

| NAME OF INSTRUCTOR(S) (A CURRICULUM VITAE ON EACH INSTRUCTOR MUST BE INCLUDED WITH THIS APPLICATION) | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------| |
|                                                                                                | |

| SPONSORING ORGANIZATION CONTACT PERSON (INCLUDING TELEPHONE NUMBER IF DIFFERENT THAN ABOVE) | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------| |
|                                                                                              | |

| OBJECTIVE OF SEMINAR | |
|----------------------| |
|                      | |

Please indicate the breakdown for the total number of hours offered in this seminar in each of the topics listed below:

*IF THE COURSE IS A DIPLOMATE OR CERTIFICATION PROGRAM & IF THE SESSIONS ARE OFFERED ON MORE THAN ONE DATE AND THE OUTLINE VARIES, PLEASE COMPLETE THE BACK PAGE OF THIS FORM.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HOURS REQUESTED</th>
<th>TOPICS</th>
<th>HOURS REQUIRED BY STATE LAW</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>General Subjects</td>
<td>12 Annually</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Insurance Claims Review*</td>
<td>12 Annually for Insurance Consultant Certification Renewal</td>
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<td>Insurance Certification*</td>
<td>12 Annually for MTAA Certification</td>
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<td>Acupuncture</td>
<td>12 Annually</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Diagnostic Imaging</td>
<td>4 Annually</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Differential or Physical Diagnosis, or Both</td>
<td>4 Annually Beginning in 1996</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Emergency Procedures</td>
<td>4 hours of Emergency Procedures or Boundary Training, or Both, Beginning in 1996</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Boundary Training</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HIV or Infectious Diseases, or Both</td>
<td>4 hours Every Three Years (in Place of Emergency Procedures or Boundary Training)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL CREDIT HOURS REQUESTED (the number of credit hours for which you are applying): Practice Management: Not approved for Postgraduate Education in Missouri

*Please note the following distinction when applying for Insurance Claims Review and/or Insurance Certification: Programs approved for Insurance Claims Review will not apply toward the 100 hour requirement for initial certification as an Insurance Consultant. Programs in this category are for renewal requirements only. Programs approved for Insurance Certification may be used for I.C. renewal or for initial IC certification.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME OF PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR CERTIFYING ATTENDANCE</th>
<th>METHOD OF CERTIFYING ATTENDANCE</th>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>TEXTBOOK(S) AND/OR EQUIPMENT REQUIRED</th>
<th>SYLLABUS OR OUTLINE OF MATERIAL COVERED IN THIS SEMINAR (PLEASE ATTACH COPIES)</th>
<th>COURSE/SEMINAR FEE</th>
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INSTITUTIONS, ACCREDITING AGENCIES, OR OTHER STATES WHICH HAVE APPROVED THIS SEMINAR

Please inform all licensees who attend this course/seminar that he/she will be responsible for submitting his/her certificate of attendance to the Board office on or before December 31 of each year. The annual continuing education reporting period begins on January 1 and ends on December 31 of each year. A licensee must fulfill his/her continuing education requirements during this period of time to renew a chiropractic license for the following year.

FOR BOARD USE ONLY

Please indicate the number of hours approved for each topic:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GENERAL SUBJECTS</th>
<th>DIFFERENTIAL OR PHYSICAL DIAGNOSIS, OR BOTH</th>
<th>HIV OR INFECTIOUS DISEASES, OR BOTH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>INSURANCE CLAIMS REVIEW</td>
<td>INSURANCE CERTIFICATION</td>
<td>ACUPUNCTURE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SIGNATURE

☐ Check here if the Course/Seminar is approved for the topics and hours requested.
☐ Check here if the Course/Seminar is disapproved in its entirety.

MO 419-1465 (2-96) PLEASE RETURN THIS COMPLETED FORM AND 6 COPIES OF ALL REQUESTED INFORMATION AND THE $5.00 APPLICATION FEE TO THE MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF CHIROPRACTIC EXAMINERS AT THE ADDRESS GIVEN ABOVE AT LEAST 45 DAYS PRIOR TO DATE OF SEMINAR. CCE ACCREDITED CHIROPRACTIC COLLEGES NEED ONLY SUBMIT 4 COPIES OF ALL REQUESTED INFORMATION.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME OF SPEAKER/INSTRUCTOR</th>
<th>SESSION TITLE</th>
<th>BEGIN AND END TIMES A.M./P.M.</th>
<th>NO. OF CREDIT HRS. FOR SESSION</th>
<th>CATEGORY CREDIT/REQUESTED (SEE TOPICS PG. 1)</th>
<th>DATE AND LOCATION (IF VARIES)</th>
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TOTAL HOURS REQUESTED:
POSTGRADUATE EDUCATION CERTIFICATION OF ATTENDANCE

NAME OF SPONSOR

ADDRESS

NAME OF LICENSEE

MISSOURI LICENSE NUMBER

ADDRESS

This is to certify that the above named chiropractor has completed the following continuing education program approved by the Missouri State Board of Chiropractic Examiners:

NAME OF PROGRAM

C.E. APPROVAL NUMBER (This number will be provided to the Sponsor by the State Board when Sponsor is notified that program has been approved.)

DATES

LOCATION

and has been awarded continuing education credit (specify the number of hours) in the following categories:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CATEGORY</th>
<th>HOURS</th>
<th>REQUIREMENTS</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GENERAL</td>
<td>Twelve Hours Required Annually</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DIAGNOSTIC IMAGING</td>
<td>Four Hours Required Annually</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DIFFERENTIAL OR PHYSICAL DIAGNOSIS, OR BOTH</td>
<td>Four Hours in Differential or Physical Diagnosis Required Annually</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACUPUNCTURE</td>
<td>Twelve Hours Required Annually to Maintain MTAA Certification</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>INSURANCE CLAIMS REVIEW</td>
<td>Twelve Additional Hours Required Annually to Maintain L.C. Certification</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMERGENCY PROCEDURES</td>
<td>Four Hours of Emergency Procedures or Boundary Training, or Both, Beginning in 1998</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOUNDARY TRAINING</td>
<td>Four Hours Every 3 Years (In place of Emergency Procedures or Boundary Training.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL HOURS

SIGNATURE OF CERTIFYING OFFICER

DATE

This completed form must be provided to the licensee by the Sponsor within thirty (30) days from the date of the program. The licensee is responsible for providing a copy of this form to the Missouri State Board of Chiropractic Examiners at P.O. Box 672 in Jefferson City, Missouri 65102 as soon as possible after receiving the certificate but by no later than December 31.
4 CSR 70-2.090 Fees

PURPOSE: This rule establishes and fixes the various fees and charges authorized by Chapter 331, RSMo.

(1) The following fees hereby are established by the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners:

(A) Examination Fee $600.00*
(B) Reexamination Fee (per section) $35.00
   with maximum fee of $105.00
(C) Application Processing Fee $480.00**
(D) Reciprocity License Fee $600.00
(E) Duplicate License Fee $15.00
(F) Renewal Fee $300.00
(G) Reactivation Fee $500.00
(H) Certificate of Corporations Fee $15.00
(I) Certification of Licensure Fee $10.00
(J) Various types of computer printouts of licensees $5.00–$25.00
(K) Renewal Fee (retired) $50.00
(L) Computer Set of Labels $50.00
(M) Monthly Licensee Update Annual Fee $45.00
(N) Section Regrade Fee (Written Practical) $25.00
(O) Reevaluation Fee (Oral Practical) $50.00
(P) Meridian Therapy/Acupressure/Acupuncture Certification Application Fee $200.00
(Q) Preceptorship Program Application Fee $35.00
(R) Insurance Consultant Certification Fee $200.00
(S) Insurance Consultant Renewal Fee $100.00
(T) Photocopy Fee—Public Records (per page) $ .25
(U) Chiropractic Law Book with Binder Fee $12.00
(V) Fingerprinting Fee $37.00
(W) Continuing Education Sponsor Fee (per application) $5.00
(X) Annual Continuing Education Sponsor Fee $500.00***
(Y) Continuing Education Late Fee $50.00.

*If the candidate has not taken the board examination within four (4) consecutive examinations for which the candidate would be eligible, the candidate must pay new examination fee. Candidates taking the N.B.C.E. regional/national practical examination (Part IV) will pay an examination fee directly to the N.B.C.E. This fee will be determined by the N.B.C.E. Applicants paying the $300 Examination Fee will not be charged the $240 Application Processing Fee.

**This fee includes the issuance of a new license.

***This fee provides continuing education sponsors with the option of paying one annual fee in lieu of paying the $5 fee required with each application for continuing education council approval. The annual fee must be paid with the first application filed by the continuing education sponsor for programs offered in any one continuing education reporting period. No additional fee will be assessed on subsequent applications for continuing education course approval filed for programs offered throughout the continuing education reporting period, regardless of the number of applications filed by the continuing education sponsor.

(2) All fees are nonrefundable.

(3) The provisions of this rule are declared severable. If any fee fixed by this rule is held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction or by the Administrative Hearing Commission, the remaining provisions of this rule shall remain in full force and effect unless otherwise determined by a court of competent jurisdiction or by the Administrative Hearing Commission.


4 CSR 70-2.100 Professional Corporations

PURPOSE: This rule informs professionals what must be done before and after they form a professional corporation.

(1) Professional Corporations—Organization.

(A) A person licensed as a chiropractor in this state may form or be a member of a professional corporation organized under and existing in compliance with Chapter 356, RSMo, which corporation may be composed of any combination of the professions set out in subsection (1)(B) of this rule; provided, that each person is duly licensed to practice his/her profession in this state under the laws applicable to that profession and provided further that the licensing authority of each profession by rule has authorized the members of that profession to form a professional corporation with a person licensed by the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners.

(B) A chiropractor licensed to practice chiropractic in Missouri may combine with any of the following professions in the same professional corporation to further the providing of health-care services of the respective professions and services ancillary to that profession:

1. A podiatrist licensed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 330, RSMo;

2. A dentist, dental specialist or dental hygienist licensed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 332, RSMo;

3. A physician, a surgeon, whether medical doctor or doctor of osteopathy, or a professional physical therapist licensed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 334, RSMo;

4. A registered professional nurse, practical nurse or registered nurse licensed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 335, RSMo;

5. An optometrist licensed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 336, RSMo;
6. A psychologist licensed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 337, RSMo;
7. A pharmacist licensed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 338, RSMo; or
8. A chiropractor licensed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 331, RSMo.

(C) The term ancillary services, as used in this rule, shall mean any service directly related to providing primary health care in the form of treatment or therapy to a person.

(2) Professional Corporations—Name Approval

(A) The State Board of Chiropractic Examiners must approve the names of all professional corporations incorporated pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 356, RSMo organized for the purpose of providing professional chiropractic services to the public or approve the name of a professional corporation of which a licensee of the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners is a member. The name approval required by this rule shall apply to any professional corporation of which a chiropractor is a member whether the corporation is composed solely of chiropractors or composed of any combination of the licensed professionals as provided for by section 356.051, RSMo.

(B) In order for the board to consider approval of a name requested by a licensee for a professional corporation, the following conditions must be met:

1. The applicant shall submit his/her request for the corporate name approval to the board on forms provided by the board and shall supply all of the information requested. The form shall be submitted under oath or affirmation indicating that the matters set forth are true and correct based upon the applicant’s best knowledge and belief, subject to the penalties of making a false affidavit and declaration and indicating that the applicant has been authorized by the corporation to make the application;
2. At the time of application, the applicant shall provide to the board a copy of the current professional license, certificate or permit, as the case may be, of each shareholder of the professional corporation;
3. The professional corporation name shall meet the following requirements:
   A. Shall contain, after August 13, 1986, the words chiropractic, chiropractor, chiropractic physician, doctor of chiropractic or D.C. if the purpose of the professional corporation is to engage in the practice of chiropractic as well as provide the health care service of another licensed professional described in subsection (1)(B) of this rule and the professional corporation provides such other health care service at least twenty (20) hours per month. The professional corporation name shall contain the words chiropractic, chiropractor, chiropractic physician, doctor of chiropractic or D.C. if the professional corporation engages in the practice of chiropractic as well as the health care service of another licensed professional described in subsection (1)(B) of this rule, if the professional corporation fails to employ, due to death, termination or resignation, such other licensed professional for a period of or exceeding six (6) months;
   B. Shall not indicate or suggest by its terms an official status or affiliation with any state, county, municipal or other governmental entities;
   C. Shall not contain deceptive, misleading or self-laudatory terminology; and
   D. Shall not contain terms suggesting or relating to other regulated health care professions other than chiropractic unless the professional corporation is composed of members of more than one (1) health care profession as provided by section 356.051, RSMo;
4. Any change in a professional corporation name must have the approval of the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners prior to the name change being filed with the Office of the Secretary of State as provided for by section 356.041.3, RSMo. If the board approves the request, it shall issue a certificate approving the change of the corporate name; and
5. The application form for either the approval of a corporate name or approval of a change in a corporate name shall be accompanied by a processing fee.

(3) Professional Corporations—General. In addition to the provisions of section (1) of this rule, the following shall apply to all professional corporations, whether composed solely of chiropractors or one (1) or more chiropractors and other health care professionals;

(A) Every professional corporation annually shall provide the board with a copy of the Annual Registration statement required to be filed with the Office of the Secretary of State. The registration statement shall be provided to the board on the same date the statement is required to be filed or is filed with the Office of the Secretary of State, all as required by section 356.211, RSMo;

(B) No professional corporation shall dissolve or elect to cease being a professional corporation under the provisions of section 356.201, RSMo, until the corporation has provided the board with information which in the board’s view is sufficient to assure the board that adequate measures have been taken by the corporation to provide for the transfer of patient records, including X-rays, to either the patient or another health care provider of the patient’s choosing or to assure the board that the patient does not desire the records delivered to him/her or another health care provider;

(C) Failure on the part of a licensee of the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners to comply with the provisions of Chapter 356, RSMo and this rule is deemed to be a violation of professional trust and confidence and is considered conduct which is unprofessional or improper regarding the practice of chiropractic in this state; and

(D) Failure of a licensee to comply with the provisions of this rule shall be grounds for the secretary of state to forfeit the charter of the professional corporation of which the licensee is a member. Any failure of compliance with the rules of the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners must be certified to the secretary of state by the board and to the licensee at the registered office of the professional corporation, all as provided for by section 356.025, RSMo.

(4) Professional Corporations.

(A) As soon as practicable, but no later than thirty (30) days from the date of issuance of a Certificate of Incorporation by the Missouri secretary of state, each professional corporation shall provide the board with a copy of the Articles of Incorporation, certified by the secretary of the corporation that the articles are true and correct copies and also shall provide a copy of the Certificate of Incorporation issued by the Missouri secretary of state;

(B) Death or Divorce Licensee. Any person who acquires an interest in a professional corporation which is engaging in the practice of chiropractic as a result of the death of a licensee and who is not him/herself a licensee must divest all interest in the business in accordance with section 356.141, RSMo, and the person shall not have any control over the methods of practice or the professional judgment of any licensees employed by the professional corporation. Nothing in this rule shall be construed to authorize any person not otherwise licensed under this
(C) No person, other than those licensed professionals described in subsection (1)(B) of this rule, may acquire any interest whatsoever in any professional corporation engaged in the practice of chiropractic, either by means of contract, court order or other means, and any person acquiring an interest shall divest him/herself of the interest in six (6) months from the date that the interest is acquired according to the terms set forth in subsection (4)(B).

(D) No doctor of chiropractic shall practice in the form of a corporation, professional corporation, partnership or association where a person, not a doctor of chiropractic, has the right to direct or control the professional judgment of the chiropractic physician.
