PARENTS

PLACE OF DEATH County Sascurable			MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
	wiship Caurau	Registration Distric	st No. 305	File No	12236
Vill	age	Primary Registration	1-1177	Registered No	. 16
Oit:	•	Hehe	lsick	;Ward	[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PART	TICULARS	MEDICAL CE	RTIFICATE OF	DEATH
SE Pe	COLOR OR RACE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCE (Write the	widow (vard)	DATE OF DEATH	(Month)	(Day), 191 &
OOC (a) par (b) bus whi	Q yrs. 6 mos. 14 CUPATION Trade, profession, or ticular kind of work General nature of industry, iness, or establishment in ch employed (or employer)	(Day), (Year) If LESS than I day,hrs. ormin.?	March 19, 19	on the date st	, , ,
(Cit	THPLACE by or town," e or foreign country) NAME OF SA	y tries would not be	Contributory (Secondary)	Old or	e de.
PARENTS	BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	(Signed) (Duration) yrs. mos 4. (Signed) (Bally) (Mellis) M. D. (Address) (Address) (Mellis) M. D. (*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Visient Causes, state (1) Heans of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.			
	MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER UNI Russia				
	BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	many	LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents). At place In the of deathyrsmosds.		
(Informant) downs Wilelised			Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?		
\	(ADDRESS) Queinsinlle	Mo.	PLACE OF BURIAL OR REM	OVAL	DATE OF BURIAL

Junel ,

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)