	-					
1	PL	AC	E	OF	DE.	ATH

MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS

Con	Lafayette		CERTIFICATE OF DEATH			
	rnship	Registration Distri	ct No. 461 3024	File No. /2	2 099	
	åge	Primary Registrati	on District No	Registered No		
or City	, Lexington	(No. 411 Hi	ghland st.	÷ 1	[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]	
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL P	PARTICULARS	To MEDICAL	ERTIFICATE OF DEAT	TH	
3 SEX	4 COLOR OR RACE SINGLE		16 DATE OF DEATH			
Mal	WIDOW			Dec 24	(Day) (Year)	
6 DAT	Sept. (Month)		Dec 23d 19	ERTIFY, that I attend	24 1915	
7 AGE	3 yrs 3 mos.	If LESS than	41	on the date stated abor	•	
8 000 (a)	CUPATION Trade, profession, or NONE ticular kind of work		Diphthe	sia (j		
busi	General nature of industry iness, or establishment in Clark employed (or employer)	hild	1.3			
(City	THPLACE Lexington, lor foreign country)	Mo.	1 2	ration)yrs	mos /3 ds.	
	10 NAME OF Victor Berg.	lund	CONTRIBUTORY A.G.			
PARENTS	11 BIRTHPLACE Lexing to OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	n, Mo.	(Signed) Early Will M. D. Dec. 25 1915. (Address) Lexington, M. D.			
PAR	12 MAIDEN NAME Myrtle A	Frazier	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, indeaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.			
	13 BIRTHPLACE LOX1ng to (City or town, State or foreign country)	n, Eo.	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE or Recent Residents) At place	In the		
14 TH	DECEMBER 1) THE BEST OF MY	knowledge	of deathyrsmos Where was disease contra if not at place of death?	cted	ds.	
	(Address) Lexington,	Lo.	Former or usual residence	MOVAL DATE C	OF BURIAL	
15	ac 1 0	201	Lexington, No		25, 1915	
Fil	10d Jan. 4 1916 J.	Registrar	Trust Meger	f. Lexin	ngton, Mo.	

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, telanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)