MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 29496 1. PLACE OF DEATH Redistration District No. Primary Registration District No Registered No. (If nonresident give city or town and State) (Usual place of abode) Length of residence in city or town where death occurred How long in U.S., if of foreign hirth? PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR 16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 19 2 DIVORCED (write the word) CERTIFY. That I attended deceased from 5a. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF desth occurred, on the date stated above, at..... 6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS AS FOLLOWS: 7. AGE MONTHS DAYS If LESS than 1 ...hrs. day. 8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry, (SECONDARY) business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) (c) Name of employer 18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED 9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR JOWN IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?.... (STATE OR COUNTRY) DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATHY. 116. DATE OF 10-21 11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CDA WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIST..... (STATE OR COUNTRY) 12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHE *State the DINBARE CAUSING DESTH. or in deaths from VIOLENT CAUSES, state 13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR (1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY, and (2) whether Accedental, Suicidal, or (STATE OR COUNTRY) HOMICIDAL. (See reverse side for additional space.) 14. 19. PLACE OF BURIAL CREMATION OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL INFORMANT : (Address) 15. UNDERTAKER ADDRESS REGISTRAR

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Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry. and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman. (b) Grocery: (a) Foreman. (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer -- Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or Atchome, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic: service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing deate, state 600 u4 pation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None,

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"): Lobar pneumonia: Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite): Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma. Sarcoma. etc.. of (name origin: "Cancer" is less definite: avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasma); Measles: Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions. such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatio), "Atrophy." "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicsmia," "Puerperal peritonitie," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, crysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phiebitis, pyemia, supticemia, tetanue." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.

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